The Telegraph Cable-Panic in a Theatre-43 Killed and 134 Wounded. The steamer Persia arrived at New York

resterday, from Liverpool, bringing dates to Saturday, the 13th inst.

The Persia left Liverpool on Saturday, the 13th inst. at 2½ o'clock in the afterneon, and errived at her dock at 7 o'clock, A. M., making the trip in 9 days, 16 hours, 45 minutes. The American advices received had occa-sloned an advance of 1 on cotton. Douglas Jerrold, the well known dramatist

and novelist, is dead.

An influential meeting had been held in Liverpool in aid of the movement for an in

creased supply of cotton.
In France the election excitement was

increasing.
The Spanish Mexican question remains

The proceedings in Parliament are not very important, though strong Catholic op-position to the Jewish Disabilities has sprung

The Birkenhead half of the Telegraphic Cable has been completed and pronounced to be perfect—after the required tests. The U. S. steam frigate Niagara is expected in the Mersey in a few days to commence taking it on board. The firm of Evans House & Co., Lendon

and Australian shippers, has failed. Liabilities, £200,000.
In France the Red and White Republicans have coalesced in their opposition to the

Government, at the coming elections. The Bank of France returns show a very large increase of cash.

A terrible catastrophe has occurred in the theatre at Florence. During the performance the scenes took fire and in the panic that ensued, no less than 43 of the audience were killed and 134 were wounded. The text of the Persian treaty has been

published.

The overland mail has arrived with later dates from China, India and Austrailia, but the news presents no feature of importance. ITALY-DEBADFUL OCCURRENCE AT FLORENCE.

LEGHORN, June 8. Yesterday, at the Theatre des Acquedotti, during the performance of a piece entitled "The Capture of the Malakoff," the fireworks ignited the scenery, and the flames epread with great rapidity. A great panic ensued. and two hundred persons have been wounded or killed. The Grand Duke came to Leghorn this morning, as soon as the news of the catastrophe reached him, and directed that the persons injured should be conveyed to the hospital.

THE POPE'S PROGRESS.

BOLOGNA, June 10. The Sovereign Pontiff arrived yesterday. The magnificent reception he met worthily erowned this triumphal journey. The crowd was immense-the weather superb. This morning Pius IX, crowned the image of the Holy Virgin on Mount della Gnardia, so dear to the Bolognese. His holiness addressed a speech to the people, who listened with transports of indescribable emotion. 50,000 inhabitants from the north of Italy bave come here.

THE NEW SUGAR CANE.

Mr. Leonard Wray, of London, the intro ducer into France and other countries of Im phes, or Chinese sugar-Cane, (which, however, be obtained in Africa) and the discoverer of a process of crystalizing augar from its juice, has just returned to this city from a visit to the Southern and Western States, We learn that he has planted upon the estate of ex-Governor Hammond, of South Carolina, 120 acres; upon that of Mr. Peters, near Atalanta, Georgia, 30 acres; and upon that of Mr. Cassius M. Clay, near Louisville, Kentucky, 7 acres. Mr. D. J. Browne, of the United States Patent Office, who introduced the Chinese sugar-cape into this country, and demonstrated to the public its great value, understood, in common with Governor Hammond and other gentlemen, to have urged Mr. Wray to visit the United States for the purpose herein named; and he is also siding, by all means in his power, to induce the the prompt and general attention of agriculturalists to the adoption of these varie-

ties of a novel plant.
This cane is profitable for many purposes besides the manufacture of sugar, such as the production of alcohol, of wine, of fodder, of a red dye for silks, &c. It will grow and prosper wherever Indian or broom corn may be cultivated to advantage; but its most abundant yield of sugar and most profitable culture will prove to be in the regions best adapted to the tropical sugar-cane now in general cultivation. Whether it will supersede the plant now prevalent there or not is a probem to be solved by experiment alone. are assured that, from the ripened seeds of the crops now planted in South Carolina, Georgia, and Kentucky, a second crop may be produced this summer in the South .-Washington ' States."

THERE CHILDREN DROWED BY THEIR MOTH-RR .- Ou the 28th ultimo, the village of Leont Jackson county, Michigan, was the scene of a torrible tragedy. Mrs. Logan, mother of a family of nine children, in a fit of mental de-rangement, attempted to murder her whole family. In the absence of her husband, she called all her children into the house-the eldest being but fourteen years of age, and for-bid their going out. Fresently she took one of her children, went port, and threw it into the well; then another, and so on until she had carried out four. The other children having their fears excited, followed their mother with the fourth victim, and saw her throw it into the well. They tried to interfere but were unable-the maniac mother making most desperate efforts to drewn them; failing in this, she threw herself down upon her dead and drowning children. The well was curbless-some twelve feet deep, with about four feet of water. While in the well, ber children from the top handed her down a pole to which the mother and one child clung, and were drawn out. The remaining three were drowned-ull efforts of the neighbors to rerary aberration of mind which led to this dreadful tragedy.

His Wir Passed Hist.-Standing near one of the gateways of the monument ground just before the Bunker Bill Ocation commenced, on the afternoon of the 17th, 1 noticed a little lad looking wistfully at the big tent. A man with Mazonic regain, big tent. A man with Mazonic regalin, passed up and said to the keeper of the entrance, "I belong to King Solomon's Ledge, and have been here before." The lad overhearing him, stepped hearely up and said, "I belong to the Ledge in some vest wilderness, and was here gix tre about to pass in, when the man, evidently amosed at the lad's wit, said, "How large is your wilderness?" "Large claim," said the boy, "160 acros." The man finding the laugh " The man finding the laugh turned on him by the ready wit of the boy, told him to "go in." Half an hour later I saw him in the tent listening intently to the cloquence of Everett.—Cor. Esston Traveller.

The Odd Fellows of Northamberland in-



## THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1857.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor. Democratic State Nominations.

For Governor Gan. WILLIAM F. PACKER,

OF LYCOMING COUNTY Judges of the Supreme Court, Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, of Erie County.

> For Canal Commissioner, NIMBOD STRICKLAND. OF CHESTER COUNTY.

COUNTERFEITING .- A young man from Union county, named F. Lambert, was arrested on Wednesday at Lewisburg, for passing counterfeit money, at Milton, on the Philadelphia Bank and committed to jail at this place the same day.

Go Connection .- We stated last week, inadvertantly, that stockholders in Banks were individually liable to note holders and depositors. We intended to say note holders only, though depositors come next to note helders on the assets. We understand that some thin skinned individuals have taken exception to our remarks, and impute to us improper motives. No true friend of Shamokin can properly draw any such inference. We are among those who think that a Bank adds but little to the prosperity and productive indestry of a place-not half as much as a balf dozen good mechanics.

53 THE NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD .-'his road will be opened for travel on Wednesday next, from Harrisburg to Treverton Bridge. The small bridge, near Millersburg. which was swept away by a recent flood, and which has delayed the opening, has been re. paired. From Port Trevorton, the Packet will run twice a day. The intention is to run a fast line through from Baltimore to Ningara Falls, by this route, running the distance from Harrisburg to the falls in about 14 hours. This will make a pleasant and popular route and will be well patronized.

PRESIDENT OF THE BANK OF NORTHEM BERLAND .- At a meeting of the board of directors of the Bank of Northumberland, on Thursday last, WM. CAMERON, Esq., resigned the office of President of that institution, whereupon John B. PACKER, Esq., of this place, was unanimously elected President, to supply the vacancy. No better selection sould have been made. Mr. PACKER has not only the experience, but all the necessary qualifications for the office. Mr. CAMERON.

COLLISION ON THE SUNBURY AND ERIE RAILROAD, AND FORTUNATE ESCAPE FROM LOSS OF LIFE.

On Wednesday evening, as the passenger train from Williamsport was entering Nor thumberland, at a slow speed, the coal train from the Philadelphia & Sunbury road came sweeping through the bridge at a rapid rate. The engineer on the passenger train immediately reversed his engine, and had already commenced backing, when the engine of the coal train struck that of the passenger train with sufficient force to throw the front truck of the former off the track, breaking the cow catcher and bumper of both engines. Fortunately, the passengers escaped with nothing more than a sudden shock, and were only saved from the effects of a terrible smash, by the timely caution of the engineer of the passenger train.

The evening train from Williamsport is due at Northumberland at 73 o'clock, P. M .. and the engineer says he was several minutes. within his own time, when the collision took place. The conduct of the conductor of the coal train was not only reckless and culpable, but deserves the severest censure for running upon the time of the passenger train, and attempting to reach the switch above the town, when he knew the passenger train

was approaching. The rules and regulations of the road remiles per bour through Northumberland, and | good may die, what makes it more reprehensible, a similar after. occurrence, from the same cause, was barely prevented, a few evenings previous, a few miles further up the road.

The position of conductor is one of great responsibility, and should not be occupied by any one who would wantonly triffe with his high trost.

Hon. Judge Jonnan and others from this place were in the cars at the time, who were obliged to come over on foot. Mr. Mengies the Superintendent, informed as that he gave

DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT ON THE SALE OF THE MAIN LINE.

The decision of the Supreme Court, on the application for an injunction, to prevent the was delivered by Chief Justice Lewis on nitude of interests involved, the whole a last come before the Court.

decision must of course, prove fatal to the cover. hopes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company tend dedicating the Hall which they have recently fitted up, on the 1st of July next. All the Lodges in the neighboring country have been invited to be in strongers and as in

SPECULATIONS IN THE WEST.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Bol. letin writing from Prairie du Chien, (Wisconsin.) thus alludes to the fever of speculation in the west :

Everybody speculates-everybody buys and sells lands—everybody lends or borrows money—everybody is either a millionaire, or about to be, in his own opinion. Labor is high, and so is everything else, and the whole course of business runs in the highest kind of a tide. People buy a tract of land for, say \$1000; lay it cut into a town, and in a few weeks or mouths sell one twenty-fifth for the same prices as they paid for the entire tract. Therefore, that town is considered worth twenty-five thousand dollars, although there may not be a house in it, and the owners spread themselves accordingly. Now, if the aforesaid town happens to be on the river, or a main road, or to have peculiar advantages of soil, &c., it really does fill up, and become what its proprietors expect. There are many such towns. But if it is nowhere, (i. c. atterly uninhabited, and not even hid out on the soil,) or is on the road to nowhere, then it subsides in a short time, and the proprietor or proprietors pick their flints and try something else. There are vast numbers of emigrants arriving here, and you can easily see that if twenty or thirty families settle together, the place becomes "a town" imme-diately. Well, these towns are laid out in every conceivable direction, just as fast as the conveyancers can get up the maps, or the engineers can survey the ground. Now consider nine-teaths of the business population of a city of about 13,000 people, either directly or indirectly engaged in the real estate business, each individual soul of whom imagines bimself making money by cartloads, and rushing into new transactions just as fast as they can borrow the money at the rate of from two to five per cent, a month, and then you have the city of Saint Paul, Capital of the Territory of Minnesota, in the United States of America, in the year 1857.

Our stay was short, but owing to the fact that we found ourself known to quite a number of Pennsylvanians who know and hendle "the ropes" in this graced game of "heads I win, tails you lose," it was but a short time before we were so theroughly posted as to have numerous "brilliant offers" of lots and sites, and also to have a fair taste of the way things are carried on. There is no ase elab-orating this sketch. The same head overbeel spirit which shows itself in regard to real estate, spreads into transactions of all kinds, until, we believe, every body, from the white-washer to the cashiers of the numerous banks at the street corners, is a "speculator"

to a greater or less extent.

There will be a smash some day, as every ody has been sapiently creaking for two or three years, but it will not do any material damage to St. Paul or to the territory. And

we will tell you why.
Thus: St. Paul has by six or seven thousand population the start of any town in Minnesota, and no place but St. Peter can ever come near it, and it only if the capital is placed there. Next: they have a most splendid agricultural country to full back on when this mania ceases. They have soil somewhat resembling that of our own State, and better timber (though nothing to brag of) than any State North or West of Indiana, and next, their population is of a very good class. First come the poerer emigrants who are mostly Germans, Norwegians, and some families from the wastern States who are agricultural. Then comes the New York "delegation," larger than from any other State; second, Pennsylvania; third, the New England States, and fourth, Western and Southern people. Very many of these are "solid men" who have been led off by the all pervading land insanity, but who will show their "grit" when the smash comes .- "Sixthly and lastly," they have plenty of minerals who has been a popular officer, will assume the Presidency of the Lewisburg Bank, which will be organized in a few weeks. hated and accursed slavery to blight or blast their fair soil, and to cat the life and soul and energy out of the people mentally, morally

and physically.

For all of which reasons Minnesota is sure sloughs of her unfortunate children of Noah's disrespectful son, who ought to be the patron saint of Cincinnati.

The following notice of the death of Kansas) Union, of the 12th inst. Dr. Ro-DEBUE was formerly a resident of Sunbury. and was highly esteemed for his excellent the Treasurer of the State, strictly to abstain character, and scientific attainments. His from accepting the delivery of any bonds exwife, a daughter of Hugh Bellas, Esq., of this place, with a large family, are still at Lecompton. They have, in this afflicting dispensation, the sympathies of a large circle of friends and nequaintances in this neighbor-

DEATH OF DR. RODRIGTE.

Dr. Rophicce, whose death we are pained to announce, was the first settler of his place, and his loss to our city and community is prepairable-to his extermed and afflicted ily, beyond comprehension.

To a marked aniability of character, he added the highest order of scientific acquirement in his profession. Such a man he was, that for his loss a bereaved family may indeed weep, a large circle of friends be afflicted, and the whole country mourn.
His disease was gastritis. Tranquil in the

integrity of a good conscience, and the hopes strict the trains to a speed not exceeding 5 of Christianity, he died as only the noble and A more extended notice will be given here-

EF Tue West .- A number of individuals from this county, and indeed from all sections of the State have been or are now on a tour of inspection and speculation in the Western States. Among them was SAMUEL JOHN. Esq., who returned from Kansus and Missouri, a few days since. Mr. John made some investments in Kansas and also in Missenri, in anticipation of the latter becoming a free State. Mr. SANCEL BERGSTRESSER accomsuscitate them proving unavailing. Pecu. orders the same day for the evening freight panied Mr. Jons to Kansas, but returned home several weeks since, strongly impressed of the passenger train. This will preclude with the idea, that coincides with our own the possibility of a similar occurrence hereafter that a man who is doing well in Pennsylvania, is a great dunce in leaving it with a view of doing better.

> The Lawisburg Chronicle sus a that sale of the Main Line of the Public Works | that new Presbyterian Church in that place was dedicated on last Sabbath a week ago. Tuesday. It is one of the most important | The sermon was preached by N. Murray, D. decisions, in principle, as well as in the mag. D. of New Jersey, known as Kirwin, who Popery a few years ugo. The collection at

THE SUPREME COURT AND THE SALE OF | THE DEFALCATIO : OF THE OHIO STATE

The Supreme Court yesterday gave an opinion upon the application of Mr. Mott, the Canal Commissioner, to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad from becoming a purchaser of the main line of State works, the Legislature having passed an act authorizing the railroad company to buy, and relieving that company from the tonnage and State tax. The Court pass by all the side fasues raised in this case and come down at once to raised in this case, and come down at once to the constitutionality of the act of the Legislature. In effect, the Court decide, and, we learn, unanimously, that the Legislature has the power to authorize a sale; but that it has no authority to extinguish forever, by bargain and sale, the power to raise revenue for the support of the government. The revenues of the government are the means by which it sustains itself, and the Legislature has no right to deprive it of the use of these means for any purpose. They are an essential part of the sovereignity of the State and

cannot be contracted away.

The Court further argue that to sell to one class of citizens an exemption from all taxes, and thus to throw all the public burden upon the other for all time to come is imposing a tax upon the latter without the consent of their representatives, and is such a plain violation of the rights of the citizens that the Court are bound to pronounce the act null and void.

The Legislature, according to this opinion. may repeal the tonnage tax—that is within its discretion; but it cannot put the resources of the State of our the reach of future representatives. The Court cite numberless decisions confirming this principles, which is founded on such strong reasons of public policy that it seems singular that any Legislature should attempt, in the face of them, to render the Government powerless, or assume that may bind the action of subsequent Legislatures by surrendering a right as clearly belonging

to those who succeed as to itself.

An injunction is granted to prevent the Penusylvania railroad from making any bids at the sale under the provision granting the exemption; but in other respects, the act being one within the constitutional authority of the Legislature, the Pennsylvania railrond may be a purchaser the same as any other bidder,

The opinion is tersely and vigorously exal approval for its clear views and sound po-licy. It is worth reading at length for the licy. It is worth reading at length for the and the just disposition of the points which arise therein.—Phila. Ledger. CADER.

It is ordered that upon the complainants, or either of them, filing a bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, with sufficient sureties, to be approved by this Court, or any Judge thereof, conditioned to indomnify the defendants from all damages that may be sustained by the injunction granted on this motion, an injunction be awarded, commanding the Penasylvania Railread Company and its officers and agents named as defendants in this bill, to make no bid for or purchase of the Main Line of the Public Works under county, carrying death and destruction in its that part of the proviso in the third section of the act of 16th of May, 1857, which requires the said Company to pay in addition to the purchase money at whice the Works may be struck down, the sam of one and a half millions of dollars and in consideration thereof assumes to discharge forever the said railroad company, and also the Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mount Joy and Lancaster Railroad Company from the payment of all taxes upon tonnage and freight over said railroads; and also to relieve the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company from the payment of all other taxes or duties on its capital stock, bonds, dividends re-property, except for school, city county, borough or township purposes. And also commanding the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and its officers and agents aforesaid, strictly to abstain from accepting any assignment on the terms stated in the aforesaid part of the said provise or executing, or delivering to the Treasurer of the State any bonds of the said Company, for any greater amount than the sum at which the Main Line of the said Public Works may be struck down at a public sale, on a fair and al competition with all other bidders.

And also commanding the said Pennsylva-nia Railroad Company and its officers and agents aforegand, strictly to abstain from accepting any transfer of the said Main Line of Dr. Rodricck we copy from the Lecompton | State, founded upon, or in consideration of and purchase upon the terms herein prohibi-

And also-seemanding Henry S. Mograw ecuted by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on the terms herein prohibited, or for any greater amount than the sum at which the said Main Line of the Public Works may be streck down at a fair public Sale of the same upon equal terms to all persone desiriup to

And also Commanding Andrew G. Curtin, Secretary of the Chamonwealth strictly to ab-tuin from making any transfer of the said Public Works under the great seal of the State, upon the terms hereing prohibited, or for any greater amount than the sum at which the said Works may be struck down at a fair public sale as excessed.

This Injunction to remain in force until

hearing, or the farther order of this Court.

THE ONIO DEFAUCATION. - The defalcation Treasury amounts to \$860,000, including State through the the mismanagement of wrongful act of the predecessor of the late State Treasure. The deficit, it is said occurred during the turn of J. G. Breslin, the late Democrative Treasurer; and it is also allegred that it had been studiously concealed escape it is not known whether or not he was by the present Treasurer, Gibson, a Republi-ully Breslin profiled by the time to migrate to Minnesota. Seeon, it seems, has lately been out West by visit to Breslin and during his ubsence setstounding fraud was revealed. Brasing ion not seem to fear an investigation, the by the last accounts from Columbus that he has returned to the capital. Gibage bas also issued a statement, hoping that a therough examination will be made, and promises a statement exonerating himself from the arges affecting his ingtehe press of Chiu to use these facts for parthe press of Chia to use these facts for par-tisian purpose, and endeavor to screen those who are of their of party complection. The desire is not as as a to serve the public as themselves, when every much like the con-duct they commend spon, for those who rob-bed the treasure were endeavoring to serve themselves to scott puspose.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The sermon was preached by N. Murray, D.

From Satt Lare P K. Dobson, U. S.

of New Jersey, known as Kirwix, who

a. Plant Hughes on the idelatries of St. Louis, last lar, direct from Salt Lake.

They left there on the 15th of April, and The effect of the decision of the Cent is, that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company may purchase the Line, if it chooses, on the same terms as any other bidder, but in doing so it will not be relieved from the payment of tonuage or any other kind of taxation. This decision must of course, prove fatal to the cover.

Papery a few years ago. The collection at the Other late of the Course and about the same and about the same number at Fort Kearny, and were forty-five days on the role to Independence. They report the grass on the plains very slim. They not the first trains twenty mites this side of fort Kearney, getting along as well as could be expected, and all generally bealthy. They report some three companies of U.S. precous at Fort Kearny, and about the same number at Fort Kearny, and about the same number at Fort Laramie, decision must of course, prove fatal to the all well. Met more or less emigrants every day, with large numbers of stock; estimated that 10,000 wagons and 30,000 cattle would cross the plains this peaces for California.

teresting time may be expected. C. O. Hach.

nan. of Sunbury. has been re-appointed Dis.

tylet Deputy Grand Master for this county.

The total experts of politic parties.

The opinion is an one of his humorous exhibitions, this (Prides) of 1856, caused by the gradual development of the agricultural and manufacturing re
will be accompanied by the Cinderells family.

The Ohio State Journal furnishes the facts The Obio State Journal furnishes the facts in detail of the default of a former Treasurer of that State, made public only a few days ago. The Treasurer, Mr. Gibson, had resigned, and A. P. Stone had been appointed in his place. The Journal says: "The interest upon the State debt, which falls due on the lat of July, had to be provided for, and the State Auditor, Mr. Wright, had an interview on Wednesday with Mr. Gibson in relation to it. Then it was that Mr. Gibson first tion to it. Then it was that Mr. Gibson first disclosed the existence of the deficit in the Treasury. Mr. Gibson stated to Mr. Wright, that when he came into office he found Mr. Breslin, his predecessor in the Treasury Office, to be a large defaulter, and that he was induced, by representations made to him by Breslin to the effect that, if nothing was said in regard to the default, and if time was given him, the whole deficit would be made up, and the State would not lose anything by his operations with the State funds In by his eperations with the State funds. In an evil hour, Mr. Gibson agreed to the proposition made to him by Mr. Breslie, and from that time until the present he had been shouldering this vast lond of debt. The whole amount of deficit in the Treasury, exclusive of the sum of \$225,819 30, long since made public, at the time Mr. Gibson entered upon his duties, was about \$550,000. Mr. Gibson further stated that not one deliar of the public funds had been taken by him, or used illegally by him since he had been in office, and that the entire default was the work of Mr. Breslin. The Anditor of State, in his report for 1856, p. 7, says, 'The books of this office show, on the 15th day of November, 1856, a balance in the Treasury of \$579,517 57. Of this I am informed by the Treasurer of State, there is \$226,815 30. which amount has not been paid over into his hands.' This amount was deposited in sums varying in amount as follows :

In the Commercial Bank of Toledo, In the W. W. Cones & Co.,

Cincinnati, 1 In the City Bank of Cincinnati, In the With Daniel Beckel of

Dayton, which with the further sum of

21,182 64 charged and retained by the late Treasurer as amount paid by him for exchange during the four years of his administration, make up the aggregate named by us above. Not any of this money, we believe, has ever been re-ceived into the Treasury. How much of it can be recovered from the depositaries or from Mr. Brealin is wholly uncertain. A large proportion of it is lost without doubt. The whole amount of the deficit under Mr. Breslin's administration of the Treasury is about seven hundred and seventy-five thousand

DESTRUCTIVE AND FATAL TORNALOIN SOUTHnex litisois - We learn from a friend who arrived in this city this morning, direct from "Egypt," that on Saturdry afternoon a terrible tornado swept over a portion of Christian

Our informant was at the village of Pena, in that county, during the "blow," and describes its effects there as terrific. It was accompanied by hail and rain. Buildings were swept from the foundations and some of them carried into the air, others unroofed, and others torn into atoms. A number of new stores that had not been completed were scattered into fragments; the Presbyterian Church, a large frame building, was moved some six feet from its foundation; the Illinois Central Freight depot was unroofed; a train of freight care was blown from the track; and worse than all, five persons -- a weman and four children-were killed by being struck by falling timbers, or carried into the air and thrown upon the ground. Several other persons were more or less injured, some of whom may die from the effects of their miaries.

We have no information as to the extent of the damage done in other places by the 

QUEER .- A correspondent of the Econing Post states that the negroes of Kentucky are responsible for slavery in that State themselves, thus; "In the Convention which the Public Works from the Secretary of the amended the original Constitution of 1799, a Commonwealth, under the great seal of the gradual emancipation clause was lost by a single vote. Gen. Breckenridge, the grand-father of the Vice President, was a member of that Convention and veted against that proposition. The General represented Mr. Clay's old district, and was elected in opposition to him by a majority of about five votes. By the Constitution under which that election was held, free negroes owning a certain amount of freehold property were allowed to vote. There were in one portion of the district some six or seven free negro voters, all of whom cast their suffrages for General Breckenridge; and thus, it may be said with troth, that the slaves of Kentucky at the present day owe their bondage to their own people. For it is well known that Mr. Clay who ran against Gen. Breckfnridge, was at that time an emancipationist, and that the contest was conducted on this issue.

THE WAY THEY DO IN NELSON -- Says the South Side (Va.) Democrat: "This morning, some ten miles from this place, a desperate encounter took place between Messrs. Henry I. Harris and Benj. Diggs. Each was armed which has been discovered in the Ohio State with five shooters, and although when firing at a tree are very capital shots at long distauces, when firing at each other, within a few steps and both discharging the entire contents of the shooters, missed their aim. They then resorted to double barrelled guns, at about thirty paces, Mr. H. receiving eleven buckshots in the back. As Mr. D. made his shot, but it is thought he was. Nelson county is hard to beat in the way of cutting shooting and maining In the last twelve years apward of twelve persons have been killed, averaging one a year, and about twenty times that number either shot or stabbod.

Cot. Charas. -- Col. Crabbe, who lately embarked in the same enterprise in which Walker made his first venture, and Count Racusset Bouldoun lost his life, is from Nashville, Tenn., and has been a prominent politician in California and Mississippi. He and Walker were doubtless schoolmates, being natives of the same town. In the last Senatorial contest in California, Crabbe was a prominent candidate of the Know Nothing party. He is the same man who was the survirus in the last bloody series of combats which the editors of the Vicksburg Sentinel fought-the last of six of the editors of that paper having failen by the bund of Crubbe. t was in 1840, during the exciting contest of Foot and Davis for the Governorship, that Mr. Jenkins, editor of the Sentinel, a peaceable and estimable man, having commented on the conduct of Crabbe, was assailed by him in the streets of Vicksburg; a terrible combat ensued, Jenkins using his bowie knife with great effect before Crabbe could draw his pistol. The latter however, though ter-ribly cut, succeeded at last in discharging his pistol into the side of Jenkins, who fell mortally wounded, dying in a few hours after .- Newark Daily Advertiser.

A gossipping club has been instituted down One of the rules is, that every member sho shall see a gentleman visiting a young lady more than twice, shall circulate the news that they are going to be married, and said members are required to report all manner of things about that gentleman to the lady, and ditto about the lady to the gentleman. This will break up matches, and afford much go up.

The Lowistown Journal says that a city missionary visited an unhappy young man confined in jail at that place for a State pri-son crime. In course of conversation, the poor culprit said, with tears running down his checks, "Sir, I had a good home education; it was my street education that ruined me. I used to slip out of the house, and go off with the boys in the street. In the street I described to longo; in the street learned to swear; in the street I learned to smoke; in the street I learned to gamble; in the street I learned to pilfer. Ob, sir, it is in the street the Devil lurks to work the ruin of the young !"

Advices from Rio Janeiro to the Sth of Mny, state that the Legislature had opened its sesions, and the Emperor made a concilis-tory speech from the throne, unnouncing the adoption of the policy of progress, which was followed by the dismissal of the old ministry and the formation of a more liberal one .-This had allayed the public excitement — The Emperor states that the high price of provisions were causing much suffering mong the poorer classes, and some adequate legislation was required.

Gen. John B. Walbach, the oldest officer in the United States army, died at his residence in Baltimore on the 10th inst., in the 93d year of his age. In the earlier part of his life he commanded at Portsmouth, H. H. at Frankford Arsenal, at at Old Point Comfort, and at Annapolis. He was a native of Alsace, on the Rhine, and, when a young man, had served in the Austrian and French armies. He emigrated to this country in 1796, and several years afterward obtained a commission in the army of the United

PROFITABLE MARKET GARDENING -- A farmer in Germantown, Pa., claims that he makes \$7,000 a year clear profit from twelve acres of land. He raises principally early vegetables for the markets, and uses about \$2,000 worth of fertilizers on his land. From a patch 16 by 180 feet, he has sold \$50 worth pie-plant, this season, and can sell more from the same patch.

The new liquor tariff takes effect on the 1st of July next, when the duty on foreign liquors will be reduced from one hundred per cent. ad valorem, to thirty per cent. Three cargoes of Schnapps have lately arrived at Buston from Rotterdam, and gone into bond for a single dealer in this line.

HOOPS ORDERED OUT OF A MARKET .- The Norfolk (Va.) Argus states that, on Satur- the 3d day of August next, at 1 o'clock P. M. day, a mulatto girl went to the market of that city with hoops so extensive, that the clerk ordered her away from the place as an obstruction. In the mountime a noisy crowd obstruction. In the mountime a noisy crowd of screening or with the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland

Ohio, more particularly along the Muskingum House and Kitchen, Well of Water, &c. river, is more extensive than is generally sup-Between Zanesville and McConnels rille, Morgan county, there are twenty-five salt furnaces, which manufacture thirty thousand barrels aunually. The quality is excel-

Mackenet. - The bay of Newburyport, Mass., has been full of Mackerel during the past week, and one vessel took as many as 50 barrels in one day.

Frank Berger, a driver on the Schuylkill Canal, was drowned in the Schuylkill at Conshehocken, last week. His team also per-

The Empress Engenis of France recently appeared at a ball, wearing jewels whose value was estimated at \$800,000 and having flounces of lace on her robe that cost \$120,-

The Coat Tear : - The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 46,614 02—by Canal 35,123 10—for the week 82,737 12 tons. Total by Radroad S67,500 12 against 949,-

last week only 544 tons, and fall short of the quantity sent for the corresponding week last year 11,473 tons .- Miners' Journal.

## Telegraphic News.

Execution of Manferers,

Sr. Louis, June 20. John Lapoint, for the murder of Robert Wheaton; Israel Shoultz, for shooting Henry Inhamp, and Jacob Hoeslin, for the murder of his wife, were executed in the jail yard in

this city yesterday. George W. Sharpe and John Jouson have been hung at Edwardsville, Illinois, for the murder of Jacob Barth.

From Washington-The Isthmus ShiP Canal Wasmington June 22 .- Lieut Craven has received perpartory orders for building boats and making other arrangement for the survey of the 1sthmus of Darien with a view to the ship canal. He will not start before Octo-

of an officer to co-operate with the expedition. For this purpose Varina will take place of the Artic which will be employed by the Coast Survey, under Lieut. Berryman, in taking deep sea soundings on the coast of Newfoundland, for the submarine telegraph. The Saranac which has been ordered to the l'acific, will precede the Merrimac, as the flag ship, and to take the place of the

From Kansas-The Constitutional Conven-

Jonh Adams.

nee and Douglass in Kansas Territory, have elected forty one Democraic Delegates to the

Constitutioni Convention.

A letter to the Democrat says the vote in Leavenworth City was 225, while that of the are duly proved and sustained, otherwise they whole county did not exceed 500. Jefferson may not be included in the distribution. county gives 50 Douglasss county 175, and Franklin 330 votes as far as heard from LAWRENCE KANSAS, June, 15,-The total

vote of Lawrence, Kansas, was only 293 .-There were only three pells opened. ultra ticket has been elected. Only five precincts were opened south of the Kaw river, except to the Border counties. The total vote will probably be less than 4,000.

THE CIVIL WAR IN NEW YORK .- Like almost all the great excitements which characterize New York, the civil war has pretty nearly fizzled out. Gotham is great on a splutter, and business is done there on a very different principle from what it is transacted in Philadelphia. Here things are always just what they are represented to be, as wit ness the elegant Clothing sold at the Magnificent establishment of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 (new style) Chestnut street above 6th.

Holloway's Pills, an unparalleled Remedy for Female Complaints.—The Daughter of Mrs. Henderson, of Waukesha, Wisconsin, was for a long time in a very peculiar and de-licate state of health, the mother tried a variety of remedies, but without the young lady deriving any benefit. As a final recourse she tried Holloway's Pills, which she used three weeks; by continuing with these wonderful Pills for ten days more, all obstructions were quickly removed, and she has since enjoyed the best of health.

The best of health.

## The Markets.

Philadelphia Market. June 24, 1857

Gnain.— Wheat—Sales of prime new Pennsylvania red at \$1 84@\$1 85 and 1 95 for good white. Rye—Pennsylvania at \$1 10 cents. Corn—Sales of old yellow at 90 cents Oats is selling at 60 cts per bushel.

Cloverscod—Sales of prime at \$7 per

Whiskey-Sales at 34 cts. in bbls. and

manay ac og center		
SUNBURY	PRICE CURRENT.	
Wheat, \$2 Rye, 1 Form, Dats, Buckwheat, Potatoes, 1	00 Butter, \$ 2 12 Eggs, 1 87 Tallow, 1 50 Lard, 1	5 2 2 4 8 5

New Advertisements.

Candidate for Sheriff, To the Voters of Northumberland County.

A T the solicitation of many friends from dif ferent parts of the county, the undersigned has convented to become an Indexendent Candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the ensuing election. Should be be successful, no effort shall be spared upon his part to perform the duties of the office with ficelity, promptness and

Northumberland, June 27, 1857 .--

Volunteer Candidate. To the Electors of Northumberland County THE undersigned hereby offers biurself as

Volunteer Candidate for COUNTY TREASURER. At the ensuing election. His motive for so doing, is that approaching old age, and an injury

caused by a broken cellar bone, renders him unable to work at his trade, of Cerpenter. Believing himself capable of performing the duties of the office, he carnesily soil its your support, PETER HILEMAN.

Sunbury, June 27, 1857.—te

SHERIFF SALES.

By virtue of a certain writ of VEX. Expenses to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Sunbury, on MONDAY, the following property to wit :
All the Defendant's interest, being ene undi-

county, fronting on Water street or Broadway had collected, and the girl becoming fright-ened, attempted, to tear her boops off, in which she was successfully aided by two or three colored women present.

county, fronting on Water street or Broadway and bounded on the east by an alley; on the south by a let in the occupancy of Samuel Pet-ter and on the north b. a lot of McCarty 4 Clement, containing one-fourth of an acre more SALT IS Outo. The manufacture of salt in or less, whereon is erreied a two story Brick Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James Quinn.

At the same time and place, by a certain writ of Vxx. Exroxas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale the following property to wit:— A certain lot of Ground, situate in the Town of Trevorton in Zerby township Northumber-land county, being Lot No. 3 in block 101, adjoining a lot of J. Hensyl on the west, and a lot of Dr. Smith on the east, fronting on Shamokir street and extending back to an alley, being 25 feet in width and 150 teet in depth, whereon is

erected a two-story frame house with a basement story, and a frame stable. Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Jeremiah Pennepacker,

ALSO: At the same time and place, by a certain writ of Van. Exponent to me direct d, will be exposed to public sale, the following property to wit : A certain Lot of Ground, situate in the lo-rough of Mitton, Northumberland county, fronttons, ing on Mahoning street, and bounded west by a lot of Baltzer Critzer or lot No. 179.

> lane, containing three-fourth of an Acre mor , whereon are erected a two-story Brick House and one-and-a half story frame House. Seized, taken into execution and to be sold se

the property of Nicholas Johnson and John

At the same time and place, by a certain writ of Vas. Expoxes, to me directed will be exposed to public sale the following property to wit : A certain Lot of Ground, situate in the bo-rough of Milton, Northumberland county, bounded on the north by Walnut street, on the cast by Miller's estate, on the south by an alley and n the west by a lot of James Booy, containing one-fourth of an Acre more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame House and Kitchen, and a small frame 8 able, outbuildings, &c.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of John A. Gray.

H. WEISE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office.
Sunbury, June 27, 1857.

BALTIMORE CARD. SALTY SALTYY

We offer for sale LIVERPOOL FINE SALT. Liverpool G. A. SALT, Liverpool Dairy SALT, Country Merchants who will send us their ber.

The Navy Department has made application the War Department, for the assignment that the War Department has made application the War Department for the assignment that the weak a cargo AFLOAT! Can secure Fine or G. A. Salt at five cents per sack less off the ship, than it can be surplied out of store. CARR, GIESE & CO., Grain and Lumber Commission Merchants, Spears Wharf, BALTIMORE, Baltimore, June 77, 1857.—21

Estate of Christian Philips, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors and others interested, that the Orphan's Court of Northumberland county, having appointed the subscriber Auditor to apportion and distri-bute the balance of said estate in the hands of William Eiliott the Administrator; he will at-St. Louis. June 22.—The Republican learns that the counties of Doniphon, Atchison, Leavenworth, Johnson, Jefferson, Shawed that it is not sufficient to have given their accounts and claims to the Administrator, but they must attend to see that the claims are presented to the Auditor at the time appointed and

may not be included in the distribution. JNO. KAY CLEMENT. Sunbury, June 27, 1857. — Audito

PROCLAMATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several Courts of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Oprhans' Court, Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery. in and for the county of Northumberland, to commence at the Court Heuse, in the borough of Sunbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday, the 3d day of AUGUST next, and will continue

TWO WEEKS.

The coroner, Justices of the Peace and constables in and for the county of Northumberland, are requested to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things to their several offices apportaining to be done. And all witnesses prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner are also requested and commanded to be then and there attending in their proper persons to prosecute against him, as shall be just—and not to depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at the time appointed agreeable to their notices. Given under my haud at Sunbury, the 27th day

of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven—and the Inde-pendence of the United States of America the Sist