

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC.

LATER FROM EUROPE. The Captains of the Pacific... The steamship Pacific arrived at New York yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from Liverpool, with dates at 11 o'clock.

FROM THE BALTIC. The papers contain the details of the capture of Bomerund. The surrender occurred at 12 o'clock on the 10th, when the Russian garrison, numbering 2000 men were immediately embarked on the allied fleet.

Private accounts from Danzig state that the number of prisoners do not exceed 1500, and they have been sent to Lesdun.

An overwhelming force was displayed by the allies, including fifteen sail of the line within range of the fortress. The allies have captured a hundred pieces of cannon.

Admiral Napier had issued a notice, warning all neutral vessels to leave the port of Riga before the 10th of August, and it is therefore surmised that Riga is to be the next point of attack.

TURKEY. The expedition to the Crimea is only temporarily delayed—until the abatement of the fever and cholera among the troops.

The cholera has greatly subsided at Varna, Simla and Constantinople, but it has been fearfully destructive among the French troops.

ALMOST A TRAGEDY—A FARC. The Michigan papers are full of an attempt "real tragedy" at Ypsilanti a few days since. Thus the story runs: A young man came to Adrian and quietly settled down.

Soon after a lovely girl (how could she be else) from Chicago made a sad ad over his disappearance at Ypsilanti, threatening to kill his mother or herself. She did not do the former, but did attempt the latter.

Going front of the mother's house, she deliberately laid off her shawl, put a pistol to her forehead, and fired. She had a son of the name of William who had just arrived.

Soon after she discovered where her faithless swain had settled. She started instantly for him, in company with his brother, whom the mother had sent, believing the girl to have been wronged.

On reaching Adrian he was absent! What was to be done? The "villainous scamp" had packed "a flash in the pan" at Ypsilanti! Ducked rarely are brought down by wide aims, nor are girls when shooting at themselves by their own hands.

What was to be done? Knowing ones said that the tragedy was a farce not well played, and had hearted folks were heard to declare that it was all a trick to get a husband. Did the girl draw herself?—Did she pine?

Alas! The twin—another brother and the girl—made diligent search for their brother. They had ridden nine miles together—coolly enough, we dare say; for when the hunt was over, and no trace of the absent one could be found at Adrian, this brother said, "Forget your brother, dear, and take me."

"Agreed," replied the girl, "with all my heart," and sealed her vow, we take it, with a heavy smack. So down this brother sits and writes a letter to his kind mamma, saying, "After looking the whole subject over, he had concluded, on the whole, to marry the girl himself; that the job had been done up; and that they had concluded to proceed on to New York, Saratoga, Nahant, Newport, &c., to spend the honeymoon—and the one hundred dollars."—Lancaster Herald.

FANATICAL ORANGE. On Monday, 28th ult., when the cars arrived at Salem, Ohio, from Pittsburg, Pa., a crowd had gathered, in consequence of a telegraphic dispatch from Pittsburg stating that a slave girl was in the train with her master and mistress.

When the cars stopped a big negro stepped into them, and, addressing the girl, asked her if she was a slave. She made no reply, but her mistress answered that she was. "Then upon the black ruffian seized her, and she, clinging to her mistress' neck, begged most piteously not to be torn away; but the black fellow violently tore her away, and in the effort bruised the lady's neck severely, and carried the child out of the car on his arm, as finished a revolver with the other hand, and the plaudits of the excited crowd.

The master of the girl offered to go before the proper authorities and execute for papers, if the girl wished to be free, leaving the choice to herself. But the lady would not allow it. The poor child's screams could be heard above the tumult, begging to be taken back to her mother, who belongs to the same owner. The master's life being hardly threatened, he was compelled to proceed with the train, leaving the poor little girl in the hands of her ruffian captives.

To have been properly, the child should be fed upon hot water, dried in a cloth, and washed on a grate over a clear fire.

The Kansas Journal has been suspended for the present, not being able to obtain copyists, as usual of the average of fever.

The Democratic American continues people against sleeping with the heads of the company's cars, and against placing tubs or seats in the aisle.

The weather has been extremely oppressive for ten days past, and the want of rain is severely felt, although vegetation has not suffered as much here as in some of the neighboring counties.

Our mills are not able to run more than one third of the time, which, together with the scarcity and high price of grain, was bad upon the poor. A good deal of business will in this place would not only be a relief, but would prove a good job.



THE AMERICAN.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1854.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded if equaled by any paper published in North or Pennsylvania.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR WILLIAM BIGLER, Of Clearfield County.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, Of Somerset County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. HENRY S. MOTT, Of Pike County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

For Congress, WILLIAM L. DEWART, (Subject to the decision of the Convention.)

For Senator, JESSE C. HORTON, (Subject to the decision of the Convention.)

Assembly, D. B. MONTGOMERY, of Lewis.

Sheriff, HENRY READER, of Delaware.

Prothonotary, JAMES BEARD, of Sunbury.

Commissioner, ELIAS BROSTIOUS, of Sunbury.

Auditor, JOHN YOUNGMAN, of Sunbury.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Business Notices.

ONE HAND TAKES.—This is a handsome volume of upwards of four hundred pages, containing life-like sketches of the most noticeable men of the present times. They are written in a piquant style. While they possess much critical merit, they are amusing, and will win laurels and golden honors for their author, wherever they are read. The book is beautifully printed on fine paper, and illustrated with twenty portraits on steel of the following persons:—

—Edward Everett, Edwin H. Chapin, Wm. H. Seward, John P. Hale, P. T. Barnum, Samuel Houston, Neal Dow, Ogden Hoffman, Gerrit Smith, Henry Ward Beecher, John Van Buren, and others.

—Heide, Solon Robinson, John Mitchell. In one respect this work differs from all others it gives a life-like description of the persons it describes.

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW.—We have received from the publishers, Leonard Scott & Co. N. Y. the North British Review for August. It contains a number of very excellent and well-written articles, viz: Life and Writings of Vincent, High Miller of County; Early English History; Books for Children; Greece during the Macedonian period; Dante; Poems by Matthew Arnold; Archbishop's Sermons; the Past and Present Political Morality of British Statesmen.

BLACKWOOD FOR AUGUST is also received from the same publishers—its table of contents is: Triopium and Alison on the Greek Revolution; Student Life in Scotland; The Insurrection in Spain; The Ethnology of Europe; The Gangetic Provinces of British India; The Part of Stoke Manor; a Family History.—Part III. Conservative Resascency Considered.

AMERICAN LAW REGISTER.—The September number of this magazine has been received. It contains an original article upon the "Law of Damages; The conspiracy case lately determined at Pittsburg, and various other matters of interest to the practicing lawyer.

ORRISAN'S COPY SALE.—The Executors of the estate of J. P. Shindel, dec'd., offer for sale some valuable property in another column. See their advertisement.

PRINTING, &c.—Our readers will find the advertisement of Austin Stout in another column, deal it.

DAUGHTERSTORIES.—We refer our readers to the advertisement of George W. Cade, to be found in another column.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Preaching in the Presbyterian church of Sunbury next Sabbath (Sept. 10th), at 10 o'clock, A. M. Subject of Discourse.—The Sanctification of the Lord's Day. Services in Northumberland at 4 o'clock, P. M.

LAND WARRANTS.—Persons having Land Warrants for sale, can dispose of them for cash, by applying at this office.

TOMATOES, &c.—Some of our exchanges have been noticing tomatoes that weighed one pound and a quarter as extraordinary. On Monday last we weighed four taken from our own garden which weighed five pounds, seven and a half ounces, one of them weighing one and a half pound. We have also raised five yellow peaches, this season, that measured nine and a half inches in circumference.

The weather has been extremely oppressive for ten days past, and the want of rain is severely felt, although vegetation has not suffered as much here as in some of the neighboring counties.

Our mills are not able to run more than one third of the time, which, together with the scarcity and high price of grain, was bad upon the poor. A good deal of business will in this place would not only be a relief, but would prove a good job.

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DAVID B. MONTGOMERY AND HIS VOTE TO TAX OUR COAL.

We stated in our paper of last week that we would show that the statement of the last Sunbury Gazette that Gen. Packer proposed an amendment to the Susquehanna Railroad, taxing our coal, and that John B. Packer voted for it, was not true. This we shall prove to the entire satisfaction of every one possessing ordinary intelligence.

When the act incorporating the company was before the legislature, it was violently opposed by the Philadelphia members and all whom they could influence, and such was their opposition that the bill was passed by a majority of only one vote. One of the reasons resorted to, was to kill the bill with onerous taxes, and it was to prevent these efforts, and to secure the passage of the bill, that Gen. Packer and Judge Ives (another friend of the road) proposed, as a matter of compromise, that a provision should be inserted which would prevent a discrimination in favor of Baltimore and against Philadelphia, and agreed that the same restrictions should be imposed, as are imposed on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

With this amendment the bill passed the Senate, but it is not true as the editor of the Gazette states, that when it went into the House of Representatives J. B. Packer, Esq., voted for it.

That bill never came before the House at all to be voted upon, as its opponents did not cease their opposition, and by calling the orders of the day successfully prevented it from being called up. This the Journals will show, and if our readers will consult them, they will see with what recklessness the Gazette makes charges without the least evidence to support them.

The bill which finally passed was another bill of a different character, introduced into the Senate as an amendment, its friends finding that to be the only means by which they could succeed having the bill called up so late a period in the session, without a two third vote.

But supposing this charge were true, would it be a justification to Mr. Montgomery? Now our readers will observe that the amendment offered by Gen. Packer as a compromise, only imposes such a tax as is imposed or may be imposed on articles passing over the Pennsylvania Railroad, and as there is no Anthracite Coal to come down over the Pennsylvania Railroad, its dilliculty imagine how it could be taxed on the Susquehanna Railroad.

At the late session, however, a supplement to the Susquehanna railroad charter, granting the company the right to put into operation portions of the road, as fast as they were authorized by the Legislature, and the committee of which Mr. Montgomery was a member, and it was pending the passage of this supplement that Mr. Montgomery took occasion to give his regard for the interests of this county; for, as we have charged upon him before, and can show by the most conclusive evidence, he did then, both as member of the committee to which this bill was referred, and afterwards in the House, vote that the act of incorporation "should be so construed as to impose a tax on mineral coal," &c. See Pamphlet Laws of 1854, page 883.

Fortunately for our region, the good sense of our House prevailed over the obstinacy of our own member, and a majority of both houses voted that the law should not be construed to impose a tax on mineral coal.

We learn from our exchanges, and from other sources, that sickness is prevailing at present, to a considerable extent in all the towns on the Susquehanna, or indeed, throughout the state. The Lock Haven papers attribute the great amount of sickness at that place, to the want of drainage of some marshy or low places near the town. The unusual amount of sickness here, the past and present summer, may be fairly attributed to a similar cause—the unfinished state of the Sunbury Canal Company's works above town. With these finished, there are but few towns, that can present local advantages, more favorable to health than our own. Even as it is, we have been much more favored than some others, who are more fortunate in being exempt from the systematic array of prejudices, brought to bear against this place.—Until last year there was not much sickness. The present season, though there are a number of cases of fever, there is less than the last. Malignant cases of disease, or epidemics, are rare amongst us, and the bills of mortality will show that Sunbury will compare favorably with the healthiest towns in the state. But the fever, this season, are not confined only to the river towns, but have extended to higher altitudes, and even our towns in the coal regions, have not been exempt.

Union county politics is terribly mixed up in this campaign. Party lines are no longer drawn. Whigs, democrats, anti-slavery and orthodox are terms which have been expunged from the political vocabulary, while those of division and subdivision have taken their place. The local papers are firing their shot thick and fast—and do not always express themselves in "choice Italian." The Chronicle, when referring to the capital of the county, no longer designates it with the metropolitan title of New Berlin, but gives it the old-fashioned name of Longtown, and is ready in some of the New Berlin papers, on the local advantage of that place, intimating that it would be "a model town for a logical ordinary or a practical politician."

Judge Pollock is now engaged in stamping the state. His first appearance was at Pittsburg on Tuesday last. According to the published programme, he is to speak every day at different places, until he reached Erie on the 12th inst., when he will address the whigs of that place. The Judge has been ill, and when we last saw him, a few weeks since, although he had not lost any of his usual vivacity and spirits, he had not yet recovered his former roundness and color. Governor Bigler has been speaking in some of the western counties, and some of our exchanges, we observe, are disposed to think that the Judge is afraid of, or not able to meet the Governor in debate. This is a great mistake.—Judge Pollock is an able and ready debater, possessing in appearance, and as an orator is decidedly superior to his opponent. We do not, of course, pretend to say that the Judge will be able to defeat Governor Bigler in these discussions, as that will depend upon the subject or matter discussed, but refer simply to his abilities as a public speaker. We are pleased to say that both candidates in private and public life, are unexceptionable in character and conduct.

In another column our readers will find a communication from Henry B. Egan, Esq., the democratic candidate from G. W. in reply to a regard to the Mount Carmel vote. Mr. Reader denies having done anything wrong or dishonorable in securing this nomination, and thinks some of his opponents, in other districts, could hardly claim as much for themselves, and appeals to all his acts, during his official career, for the truth of this declaration.

The whig conference which met at Mount Carmel on Friday and Saturday last, nominated Jas. H. Campbell, Esq., of Portville for Congress. Samuel John Esq., was Mr. Campbell's competitor. Mr. Campbell will have three competitors in the district, two Democrats and one American. They will have a merry time of it, no doubt.

The Philadelphia and Sunbury Rail Road will be finished to Mt. Carmel by the 1st of October, if there should be no disappointment in getting the iron. The laying of the superstructure under the management of Mr. Fiske, the Superintendent of the road, whose practical knowledge and general intelligence, is a sure guarantee that it will be well done.

Baron's grand humber "Museum and menagerie," lately on exhibition in this section, was mobbed at Lynchburg, Va., on the 19th inst. Two citizens were very seriously injured during the melee. Pistols and clubs were used freely. The ticket office was entirely demolished, and Gen. Washington, Queen Victoria, Bonaparte, Wellington, Fillmore, and a host of other celebrities, sadly bruised and battered.

A Large Cowherd.—Mr. Thomas Harrison has a cowherd, raised in his garden, that is 16 1/2 inches in length, 11 inches in circumference, and weighs 41 pounds. Who can beat that?

The Rail Road Bridge across the North Branch of the Susquehanna, near Cattawissa, has been finished, and it is expected the cars will run through to Danville this week.

The Princess Charlotte Julia Zenside Bonaparte has recently (August 24th) died at Rome, where she has resided for many years. She was the eldest daughter of Joseph Bonaparte, ex King of Naples and of Spain. She was married in June, 1827, to her cousin, Charles Lucien Bonaparte, son of Lucien Bonaparte, (brother of Napoleon I.) and the actual Prince of Canino. She has left many children, who all reside in Rome. It is conjectured that, if Napoleon II. should eventually have no issue of his own, he will adopt one of the sons of this deceased Princess, who are doubtly nephews of Napoleon I.

The Courier who first announced to the Sultan the falling of the flag of Bitaria, was the drummer of the English embassy. The Sultan threatened him with a sword if he dared to utter a word against the Sultan.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE.

The democratic congressional conference for this district, comprising Northumberland and Schuylkill counties, met at Shamokin on Saturday last, and balloted 297 times without being able to make any nomination. The conferees of Northumberland county voting for Major Wm. L. Dewart, and those of Schuylkill for Jos. W. Cate, Esq., until nearly 12 o'clock, midnight, when George B. Youngman, Esq., declared the same suspended, until Monday morning. The Schuylkill conferees, however, withdrew for a time, before the hour of adjournment into another apartment, and nominated Mr. Cate on their own hook, and left for home on Sunday morning.—The Northumberland county conferees returned to Shamokin on Monday morning, and not finding any one there to meet them, proceeded to place Major Dewart in nomination for Congress in this district.

Thus, it will be seen that each county has its own candidate, and as there is already a whig candidate, and also a Native American in the field, we may, therefore, expect a regular four cornered fight.

The Schuylkill conferees, it is said offered to compromise on a new man.

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Communications.

AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

MOUNT CARMEL, Sept. 2nd, 1854. The Conferees of the American Party met according to the appointment. On motion, Dr. J. J. Jones, was chosen President, and A. E. Masterson, Secretary.

On motion, KIMBER CLEAVER, was unanimously chosen as the nominee for Congress of said party.

On motion, The following resolutions were unanimously adopted. Resolved, That we as the Conferees of the American Party recommend KIMBER CLEAVER, to the support of the American people, feeling assured of his ability and integrity, as the American nominee of said party.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this body be published in the American Banner, and the different papers of the district.

On motion, Adjourned.

Signed by the officers.

WHIG CONFERENCE.

At a meeting of the Conferees of the Democratic Whig Party of the XIth Congressional District, composed of Schuylkill and Northumberland counties, held at Mt. Carmel, on the 24 day of September, A. D. 1854, Schuylkill County was represented by John Hughes, Dr. R. H. Coyle and Wm. DeHaven; and Northumberland, by Samuel K. Gilger, John Frank, substitute of Daniel Brantigan.

On motion of John Frank, Wm. DeHaven was appointed Chairman of the meeting.

On motion of Dr. R. H. Coyle, Samuel K. Gilger was appointed Secretary.

By agreement of conferees from Northumberland, John Hoff was substituted for J. M. Bastian, one of the original conferees.

The following letter was then received and read.

SUNBURY, September 1st, 1854. Gentlemen:—Through the partiality of friends, my name has been mentioned as a candidate for Congress, for this district. I hope to be believed, for the claims which I put into frankness and good faith, when I say to you that, so far as the proposed nomination may have been intended as a compliment to myself by my friends in Northumberland county, I greatly prefer, at this time, to receive a compliment and dispense with the nomination. While I am deeply sensible of the favor proposed and grateful for it, I do not positively decline being considered a candidate by the present conferees. Respectfully and earnestly urging the claims of James H. Campbell, Esq., a proved and faithful Whig of Schuylkill county: I remain with regard yours &c.

JOHN K. CLEMENT.

To the Whig Conferees of the XIth Congressional District.

On motion of John Hughes, the letter of declination was accepted.

Samuel John, of Northumberland, was nominated by Samuel K. Gilger, and Major Jas. H. Campbell, of Schuylkill, was nominated by Dr. R. H. Coyle.

On motion of John Hughes, Esq., the meeting proceeded to ballot for candidates.

FIRST BALLOT. After a number of ballots to the same effect, Major Jas. H. Campbell received 5 votes, and Samuel John 1 vote; when on motion of John Hughes, Esq., Major Jas. H. Campbell was unanimously declared to be the choice of the conferees, and the candidate of the party.

Signed by the officers.

(From the Mount Carmel.)

TO THE PUBLIC.

Col. Egan—I would be the last man to give countenance to "grand and contemptible" to procure the nomination to any office. To contend this fall for the office of sheriff—so far as I could control it—has been fair and honorable on my part. I have asked for nothing but what was right and fair; and while Mr. Armstrong is asking for an investigation of the Mt. Carmel returns, why does he not ask, with the same propriety, an investigation of the votes of Delaware township? Young men, I may say more boys—opened the polls in this township at the dark hour of midnight, with their "gun jags" in hand, and received the votes of every party who would give a vote for Mr. Armstrong; and to their shame be it said, even some strict church members went so far, as to assist in this dishonest scheme to defeat me! A few men in Turbot, and other townships practised the same game to defeat my nomination; but my friends have stood by me manfully, and where can my enemies point to a single act I have done, to merit their unkind opposition to me.

If they will tell the truth they cannot point to a dishonest act. I have committed during my whole term of office; and should I again be elected, fellow-citizens, to the office of sheriff, I pledge the same faithful discharge of my duties.

I would like to know the right of the standing committee to investigate elections. The charges that have been brought up in relation to "friends," are mere assertions, without any binding obligation to back them.—The fact is, it was the object of some few men to defeat my nomination at all hazards.

I stand before you, friends and fellow-citizens, as the Democratic nominee for sheriff of Northumberland county, and am determined to remain a candidate whether elected or defeated. I therefore, most earnestly and respectfully solicit your generous support for said office.

With high respect, I remain yours, HENRY READER. Mount Carmel, September 4, 1854.

Result of CARRIAGES.—On Sunday night, Daniel McArdle, while sitting in the room with Miss Catherine Desmond, to whom he was engaged, at No. 314 Seventh st., Cincinnati, took up a double-barrelled gun, not knowing it was loaded, and put a cap on the nipple with the view of blowing out one of the candles, by the burning of the cap. The barrel exploded and the charge of shot entered her right breast, causing death in a few hours. The unhappy man was examined next day, at the Police Court, and the testimony showing an accidental intention, he was discharged. This is the number of the numerous warnings against the careless handling of fire arms.

BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

The Northumberland Baptist Association convened in Lewisburg last week according to appointment, when 126 baptisms were reported, and a total membership of 3028. A new church, Laporte, Sullivan county, was admitted. The next session will be held with the White Deer church, Elmport, the Friday following the Commencement at Lewisburg, 1855. The following Report was unanimously adopted by the Association:

Report on Temperance. Your Committee report, that the signs of the times indicate a growing hostility in the public mind against the legalized sale of intoxicating liquors. This desirable change in popular opinion we hail with feelings of joy and hope for the speedy dawn of that day which will see legal protection to the integrity of the rum traffic removed.

We offer the following resolutions: 1. Resolved, That the propriety of Prohibitory Liquor Law in this Commonwealth, commends itself to the common sense, patriotism, and Christian principle of this Association.

2. Resolved, That we request the publication of the above Report in all the newspapers within the bounds of the Association, and also in such other public journals as may be pleased to copy it.—Lewisburg Chronicle.

MORE THAN ONE WAY TO KILL A CAT.—Elder Richards, one of the leading Mormon apostles lately fell in love with two fair daughters of a widow lady, in the Salt Lake city. The mother, who was on the shady side of sixty, objected to being separated from them. As the elder was determined to make a bargain, he took the whole lot.

By Telegraph.

Political Excitement at Chicago. Chicago, September 2.—A meeting was held last night, in this city, to hear Senator Douglas speak on the Nebraska Bill. The meeting was largely attended, and was held in the open air. As soon as Mr. Douglas ascended the stand, a tremendous noise was made, which entirely drowned his voice. His friends made earnest efforts to restore quiet, but in vain; and after several ineffectual attempts to obtain a hearing, at about half past 10 o'clock Mr. Douglas was compelled to leave the stand. There was much excitement, but no other disturbance. A large majority of those present were opposed to his speaking. He was followed to the hotel by a large crowd, which then quietly dispersed.

The Prohibitory Liquor Law. WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The bill to prohibit the sale of liquor in this city was discussed in earnest last evening. It was considered by sections, and the one giving officers the right of searching for liquors was struck out. The final vote upon the bill will be taken at the next meeting, to be held on Monday. Its passage is considered extremely doubtful. This has been the hottest day of the season by 3 degrees.

Fatal Railroad Accident. BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—A lumber train on the York and Cumberland Railroad, ran off the track last night, and Jacob Sweezy and John Miller, of York, Pa., were killed.

Hot Weather. DETROIT, Sept. 5, Noon.—The heat here is most intense. The thermometer is now 100; yesterday it was 94.

STRANGER, permit me to ask you where you procured that suit of clothes you have on? Why, at the best, cheapest, and altogether the most respectable establishment of its kind that I have ever had the felicity of visiting, namely, Rowland & Vinton's cheap and fashionable clothing store, No. 111 Chestnut street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Jan. 28, 1854.—cw

Holloway's Pills.—Debilitated Constitution.—The wonderful power possessed by these Pills, or such, that they perform the most astonishing cures by restoring health when all other means fail; cases of debilitated constitutions by their use are completely renovated, the delicate and weak are made strong. The daughter centering into weakness, the mother at the turn of life, alike derive unspeakable benefit by the use of this mighty medicine. It is also recommended to the Citizens of the Union as an infallible remedy for general derangements of the system.

MAILED.

To Mountsville, on the 20th ult., by J. T. Dawson, Esq., Mr. James M. JESS, proprietor of Jess & Co.'s salaried office, Messrs. Josephine Gannon, both of New York city.

DEED.

In this page, on the 5th inst., ABIGAIL, daughter of Henry and Harriet Martin, aged about 6 months.

In McEwensville, on the 1st inst., of consumption, Mr. JAMES KNOX WATSON, in the 77th year of his age.

His remains were followed to their resting place, by a large concourse of people and the members of the Masonic order.