Foreign News.

Arrival of the Asia.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

HALIFAX, March 8.

The Royal Mail Steamer Asia has just arrived here from Liverpool, with dates to the 25th instant, three days later than the advices per Atlantic.

The Asia sailed from Liverpool early on Saturday morning.

EASTERN AFFAIRS.

No naval or military battles had been reported since the sailing of the Atlantic.

France and England continued to make formidable preparations for the conflict.

Austria's movements were becoming much more favorable toward the allies of Turkey.

Political events of the highest importance were becoming developed in regard to the position of the parties in present difficulties.

England has formerly notified Russia of her intention to send a fleet to the Baltic, and that Sir Charles Napier would be placed in command.

The Russian fleet on the Baltic is under orders to fit out for service.

The English ships are surveying off the entrance to the Baltic.

France demands that the Republic of Lubec shall permit the establishment of a depot of coal and provisions there, free of duty.

The allied fleets remain in the Bosphorus. Five additional French ships of the line are to join the Baltic fleet.

Great secrecy is observed with regard to the movements of the French expedition, but it is known that two divisions will leave Toulon on the 6th of March.

ENGLAND.

It was generally reported that a manifesto has been agreed to by France and England, having all the force of a formal declaration of war, and that it will appear in a few days. It was also further rumored that England has made a final announcement to the Czar, naming the definite time within which he must evacuate the Principalities.

Prince George, of Cambridge, will command the cavalry under Lord Raglan.

Accounts from the Danube state that both forces are preparing for a great battle.

Nothing new has been received from Asia

FRANCE.

A very significant announcement in the Paris Moniteur says: "If the flags of France and Austria are united in the East, France will not permit any attempt at a separation beyond the Alps." This is regarded as a threat to raise Hungary and Italy if Austria sides with Russia. The same article also says: "France cannot suffer the integrity of the Ottoman empire to be broken by aggressive acts from Greece." And further, that France discountenances any attempt at revolution any where." This last announcement is viewed as official.

AUSTRIA.

Austria continues to send troops to the southeastern frontier, but says that she does so merely to prevent disturbances spreading to Servia, Montenego and Bosnia.

PRUSSIA.

The attitude of Prussia remains unchanged and unexplained.

TURKEY.

THE GREEK INSURRECTION.—The Greek Insurrection in Turkey had become quite formidable. In Epirus the insurgents have taken the town of Arta and besieged the Turks in the citidel, and three thousand insurgents were within ten miles of Ionian.—An Albanian detachment of Greek regular troops had gone over to the insurgents. Armed bands of Albanians were going from village to village, arousing the people and distributing arms gratis. Inflammatory placards were also circulating.

GREECE.

The Greek government is apathetic and powerless in view of the coming conflict.

In Greece itself great excitement prevails, and in the Ionian islands disturbances have taken place.

At Solonica, on the 9th February, the insurrection broke out. The Turks attacked and defeated the insurgents.

ASIA.

Disturbances have taken place in Asia Minor, and severe conflicts are reported at Kutaiah, Augura, and other places.

THE LATEST—PERSIA.

The Shah of Persia has officially announced that he will remain neutral in the war.

ENGLAND.

Lord Palmerston has announced in the House of Commons that Smith O'Brien is to be pardoned.

Mr. Buchanan was present at the last levee given by the Queen.

CALIFORNIA NEWS.

Arrival of the North Star.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamship North Star, Captain Miner, arrived at New York on Saturday, bringing advices from San Francisco to the 16th of February, and from Panama to the first of March.

The North Star left at Aspinwall the United States sloop of war Cyane, Commander Hollins. She arrived on the 1st of March, having sailed from Caledonia Bay on the 27th of January. Her officers and crew are reported in good health.

[From the Alta California.]

The political excitement during the fortnight has been intense. The bribery case, wherein Mr. Palmer, of the banking house of Palmer, Cook & Co., was accused of having attempted to bribe Senator Peck to use his influence to bring on the senatorial election, was closed before the Senate, on the 3d. Mr. Palmer was acquitted by a vote of 26 to 3.

Subsequently a resolution, declaring that Senator Peck had not intentionally accused Mr. Palmer falsely, was passed with only one opposing vote. Palmer is known to be a friend of Broderick, and it is universally conceeded that the latter will be elected United States Senator, if an election be held this session, and it was expected by those who brought the alleged bribery before the Senate and the public, that it would injure Broderick's prospects; but the effect seems to have been rather the contrary.

A good deal of surprise and mortification was created by the announcement that the coupons of the State Bonds had not been paid when due at the Exchange Bank in New York. The State bankers, Palmer, Cook & Co, have informed the Legislature that their house had more than sufficient funds at the Exchange Bank to pay the interest. A resolution was introduced into the House to vote thanks to Duncan, Sherman & Co, for having stepped forward to pay the interest, but the resolution was laid over till further information be received.

The proceedings of the fillibusters in Lower California have excited a good deal of indignation about San Diego.

The celebrated Peralta claim, covering about sixty thousand acres of land across the bay, east of the city, was decided by the United States Land Commission on the 8th.

THE MINES.—There have been four or five rainy days during the fortnight, and the gulches and dry diggings continue to be well supplied with water. The news from all portions of the mines is cheering, and there are many reports of rich diggings lately discovered in different mining districts.

At Cherokee Flat rumor has it that a vein of decomposed quartz was found, about six inches in diameter, which is unbroken, and has proved exceedingly rich. From 200 pounds of dirt 28 pounds of gold were washed. Considerable excitement has been the consequence. High prices, even $50,000, it is said, have been offered for the claim, or a share in it, and refused.

At Chips Diggings, a boulder weighing about four tons was found in a tunnel, and in the boulder was found a vein of gold estimated to be worth $10,000 at least.

OREGON.

Our news from Oregon is to the 3d. The cold weather experienced here about the 20th of January, was severely felt in Oregon. The Columbia River was obstructed by the ice, so that for more than a week there was no communication between Astoria and the country above.

It is said that coal has been found in Polk county.

Further difficulties had occurred with the Indians on Coquille river. Some alleged outrages by the red men were avenged by a party of fifty miners, who attacked an Indian village, and killed sixteen of the aborigines.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Our news is to the 1st. There has been but little communication with Oregon, by reason of the cold.

It is said that Governor Stevens has notified the Hudson Bay Company, that they must withdraw from the Indian trade within the territory, on the 1st of July.

The Governor appeared determined to enforce the strictest observance of the United States laws relative to the intercourse with Indians.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.

Our latest dates from Ensenada are to Jan 27th.

About the 20th, Walker addressed a proclamation to his men preparatory to the march for Sonora, exhorting them to follow him to rescue the people from the tyranny of the Mexican Government and the atrocities of the Apaches. On the 24th, 45 men left his camp against his will. The two parties came near having an open battle, and several officers actually ordered his artillerymen to fire the little field piece at the seceders. The man at the gun refused. The forty-five men arrived at this city, and report that the food is of the coarsest kind; that there is no pay save Sonora scrip, and that private property is taken without ceremony. The fillibusters remaining, about 150 in number, were to start for Sonora about the 5th of February. It is reported that the fillibusters intend to take Tiburon Island, about 100 miles above Guaymas, and that they have made arrangements to have a steamer as a transport.

WHOLESALE MURDERS.

Two Men shot, and another Hung by the People.—We just learn of death and destruction by wholesale, on the Indian lands in the neighborhood of Big Prairie, between Berlin and Steven's Point. The facts, as we are informed, are these: Last fall Mr. Frederick Cartwright, formerly of Delaware county, State of New York, was arrested for the murder of a Mr. Furman. The act of last fall was the result of law difficulties between Cartwright and Furman; Cartwright was committed to jail at Oshkosh awaiting trial.

Under our laws of last winter abolishing capital punishment, Cartwright was admitted to bail, and was at home. Some of his neighbors who had taken sides against him in his difficulties, deeming the law insufficient to meet their views, undertook to drive him from the county, or, as is alleged, to get him out of the way, *dead or alive.* Two men, on Saturday last, made some assaults upon Cartwright's premises, in which Cartwright fired a pistol, immediately *killing one of the assaulting party.* The remaining one drew from the premises the body of his dead comrade, and then made several attempts to fire the building. The wife of Cartwright extinguished the flames several times, and as often the man returned to his purpose, until Cartwright put a stop to the matter by firing another pistol and fatally wounding the remaining assailant.

During Sunday the neighborhood was aroused and attempts made to get hold of Cartwright, for the purpose of lynching him, but by the aid of friends Cartwright succeeded in keeping them off until Monday, when he was seized by one hundred men and *summarily hung until dead.*

Our informant could give none of the particulars of the last scene, and we may be wrongly informed upon some points, but of the leading features of the transactions there is no doubt.—*Ripon (Fond du Lac Co) February 28.*

DETROIT, March 11.

Constitutionality of the Maine Law.—The Supreme Court of Michigan, has finally decided that the Prohibitory Liquor Law of the State, is constitutional, thus reversing the decision of the Wayne County Court.

THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1854.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded if equalled by any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM BIGLER,
Of Clearfield County.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK,
Of Somerset County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.
HENRY S. MOTT,
Of Pike County.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Business Notices.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for March has come to hand. Among its contents are pieces on the Grinnell Expedition; Napoleon Bonaparte; Lord Brougham; Life in Abyssinia; The First Aeronaut, and current events. The comic illustrtions of Julien's concerts are very laughable.

SPRING MILLINERY GOODS.—We refer our readers to the advertisement of John Stone & Sons, to be found in another column.

RAGS WANTED.—We refer our readers to the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Jessup & Moore, Philadelphia.

WM. A. KNABB, of Augusta, has published a card in our columns, to which we would direct the attention of our readers in that vicinity.

☞ LAND WARRANTS.—Persons having Land Warrants for sale, can dispose of them for cash, by applying at this office.

☞ On Monday evening a boy named George Oyster was shockingly burned about the face by a fire ball. The cotton had been saturated with camphene instead of turpentine, and an explosion took place, of course, when a match was applied.

☞ The water was let into the Susquehanna division of the Pennsylvania Canal this week. We understand it is in excellent order to accommodate the increased tonnage which will be thrown upon it during the present season.

☞ A young man named Black had his hand severely mutilated by a circular saw in the Big Mountain Company's mill at Shamokin, on Tuesday.

☞ The Postmaster General has decided that "an actual subscriber to a weekly newspaper, resicing within the county where the same is printed and published, is entitled to receive such paper free of postage at any office in the adjoining county, provided such is the one at which he usually receives communications by mail.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

The members of both houses left Harrisburg on Tuesday, the 9th inst., in a special train for Philadelphia, where it is their intention to spend a week or ten days and a good deal of the people's money in a grand spree. This manner of passing the time was not provided for by the Constitution, but it is probably more congenial to their dispositions and more fitted to their capacities than the object of their session at the capitol. The framers of the Constitution possibly did not contemplate this kind of a peripatetic assembly, which perhaps they ought to have provided for; as there is less danger of being burdened with bad laws while the law-makers are on a bust, than if the collected wisdom is at work in its proper place—and probably the morals of the members are in no greater danger.

It has become parliamentary usage in Pennsylvania to have one legislative excursion at least during the winter. It may be a trip to Baltimore to enable members to form an idea of the kind of enactments needed by the York and Cumberland Rail Road Company; a jaunt over the Pennsylvania Road to Pittsburgh, to make the policy of a repeal of the tax on tonnage more evident; or the freedom of the consolidated Quaker City as a reward for their promptness in passing the consolidation bill; to say nothing of the family parties given to the Maryland House of Delegates or any other public bodies. This kind of thing was formerly confined to New York Aldermen. The legislature of Pennsylvania, whose unpaid debt of Forty Millions entitles her to a high rank, have imbibed the spirit of the age, and given a prestige to sprees on a national scale.

On Friday the Governor and both Houses took an excursion up and down the Deleware, drank champaigne, ate boned turkeys and ice cream, and returned in time for a grand ball at the Chinese Museum.

On Saturday they visited Girard College, the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, and the Mint, whence they were taken to the Penitentiary and House of Refuge.

In night they had a session at the Consolidation Banquet. What they have been doing since, has not been made public—possibly on account of the exclusion of the reporters.

☞ The roads have been in a worse state this spring than we have ever seen. Twice during the past week the stage coach has been swamped between here and Northumberland. The fine weather and warm sun and winds of the last few days have been doing wonders in the way of drying them up. We hear some people speak of it as lazy weather; when the industrious manner in which has been clearing away the mud, bringing out the grass and snow drops and importing robins, blue and black birds to greet morn with melody, besides drying up our ideas and taking all inclination to labor out of oursell, and a number of our friends, certainly entitles the early spring days to a very different appellation.

☞ WHIG STATE CONVENTION.—This convention convened at Harrisburg on the 15th inst., and nominated the Hon. James Pollock of this county, for Governor; Hon. Daniel M. Smyser, of Bucks, for Supreme Judge, and George Darsie, of Alleghany, for Canal Commissioner.

☞ There has been a fine freshet in the Susquehanna during the whole of this week. Very little lumber has yet come down, and unless the high water continues the price of lumber this season will be extravagant.

☞ PRINTER TO CONGRESS.—A. O. P. Nicholson, Esq., surviving editor of the Washington *Union*, was last week elected Printer by the House of Representatives, in place of his deceased partner, the late Gen. Robert Armstrong.

LETTER FROM THE EDITOR, DATED

U. S Hotel,
Philadelphia, March 14, 1854.

The hotels of the city were more than usually crowded the past week with strangers and visitors. The celebrations in commemoration of the consolidation of the districts into one great city, brought a great many to witness and to participate in the ceremonies. Philadelphia is now the largest city in the Union, though New York may excel her something in population.

She is now making powerful efforts with her powerful rival, to grapple for the great trade of the West and the lakes. The Pennsylvania Rail Road has already in a measure, accomplished the first, and the Sunbury and Erie road will not fail to secure the other.—On Friday last the celebrations were commenced, by an excursion in a steamer around the city. The Governor, Heads of Department, and members of the legislature were nearly all here by invitation. In the evening the Grand Ball came off at the Chinese Museum. The number of persons present has been variously estimated at from 3,000 to 4000. It was certainly a magnificent affair. The company began to arrive about 9 o'clock, and the upper saloon was soon crowded. The galleries were also thronged with promenaders and lookers on. About thirty cotillions were on the floor, and to those who are fond of dancing and good music, the scene was at once exhilirating and interesting.

The saloon was tastefully and handsomely decorated, the decorations alone costing about twelve hundred dollars. Festoons of laurel, interspersed with camelias, hung between the pillars and around the galleries. The stars and stripes, gracefully hung in various styles, and in every part of the hall, furnished the most appropriate and beautiful drapery. The spaces between the alcoves under the galleries were occupied by large mirrors in elegant gilt frames. The gas lights between the columns in the galleries, which ordinarily consist of but a single burner, were this evening changed to represent stars, composed of numerous small jets of flame.

About 12 o'clock the signal was given for supper, which was prepared in the lower saloon. A crowd had already gathered around the doors, and there appeared to be a perfect jam. At this juncture one of the managers came forward, and stated that ladies should be first admitted, and gentlemen without ladies must wait. This was rather a damper for the unfortunate bachelors, and husbands whose better halves were absent, but as I never had any partiality for a second table edition of a feast, I kept in close contact with a bevy of young girls, and took by the hand a young miss who was in great danger of being crushed by the jam. We were all shoved in together, though not I am afraid, without starting the stitching and underpinning of a number of dresses, &c.—Four or five tables extended the whole length of the room. There was no room for chairs, and each one began to cut, slash and uncork for himself. While one was dipping up oysters, another was helping himself out of the same dish with a fork. A third, perhaps, was cutting down a candy ornament, scattering the fragments among the oysters, ice creams and jellies. Setting down your tumbler of champaigne, there was no certainty but you would pick up the lady's next to you, and she yours, but, as one of them remarked to me, it was all the same, provided there was something in it. After attending to these little affairs for about thirty minutes, I passed around the room, watching the operations of this, always the most interesting part of these entertainments, though it may be unsentimental to say so. We then made an effort to get into the upper saloon by the back stairs, and there met a crowd forcing their way down. Of course another jam was the consequence, and some men of rotund dimensions, with a corresponding vacuum to be filled, gave vent to their feelings in most expressive *sighs* at their detention and the pressure of the crowd.

Having reached the upper saloon in order to get out into the street, we found it almost a hopeless task, in consequence of the crowd going and coming, on the stairs.

SUPERINTENDENT APPOINTED.—Gov. Bigler. appointed MURRAY WHALLON, Esq., of Erie, Superintendent of the Franklin Canal Company's Railroad, in place of Wm. F. Packer, resigned.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

This body assembled at Harrisburg, on the 8th inst., and was fully organized by the election of Judge Shannon, of Alleghey county, as President, with Vice Presidents from each Senatorial district, and eleven Secretaries.

After the appointment of a committee to report resolutions, the convention proceeded to ballot for Governor with the following result:

William Bigler,	128 votes.
James S. Bell,	5 "

WILLIAM BIGLER was therefore declared duly nominated as the candidate of the Democratic party for Governor of the Commonwealth.

Hon. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, was nominated by acclamation.

After the nomination of candidates for Canal Commissioner, two ballots were had, as follows:

	1st.	2nd.
Henry S. Mott, of Pike,	56	83
George Scott, of Columbia,	20	25
Scattering.	57	28

On the second ballot. Henry S. Mott having a clear majority was declared duly nominated as the Democratic candidate for Canal Comissioner.

A series of resolutions were then reported by Mr. Chase from the committee on resolutions and after short discussion adopted; and the convention adjourned *sine die.*

XXXIII CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 14.

SENATE.—Mr. Pratt presented a memorial from citizens of Baltimore, praying for an improvement in the navigation of the Patapsco river. Referred to a special committee.

Mr. Everett presented a memorial signed by 3050 clergymen, against the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Douglas, in the course of some few remarks, denounced the memoralists and impugned their motives. He characterized their charges against the Nebraska bill as a breach of faith, as a base falsehood, designed for political effect.

Mr. Houston replied, defending the right of the petition. It was evident that the petitioners thought that there was something radically wrong in the bill. He said that there was nothing monstrous in the memorial. He had, on the floor of the Senate, denounced the bill as a flagrant breach of faith towards the Indians and towards the Compromise.

After considerable discussion, Mr. Pettit objected to the petition, because it was presented in an ecclesiastical form.

HOUSE.—Mr. Appleton presented a great petition, 250 feet long, against the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Boyce objected to its reception.

The House then took up and passed the joint resolution explanatory of the law regulating the number of Cadets in the Military Academy.

FROM SALT LAKE AND THE PLAINS.

There has been some arrivals on the Upper Missouri from the Salt Lake City, bringing news of a strange and stirring character.—The Fremont (Iowa) Journal gives a summary of the news, as gleaned from Mr. J H Jones and Capt. Homer, of St. Joseph, Mo., and Mr. Brewer, of Council Bluff City. They report all the mountain Indians in a starving condition, and eating their horses. The Utah chief, Walker, was preparing to give the Mormons battle, and as he has enlisted in his cause the Camanches and Apaches, a bloody struggle may be expected. He has sworn a war of extermination, and woe betide the Mormons who fall into his hands.

The Mormons endeavored to make a treaty with him, but his demands were considered intolerant and they would not comply with them. He required that they should build him a house as large as Gov. Young's, on a prominence near the city, pay him a large sum of money, and furnish him with as many wives as their veritable Governor has So far as the house and money are concerned the Mormons were willing to comply, but furnishing the wives was another matter, and here the negotiations ceased.

A war party of the Sioux and Cheyennes was met within three sleeps of New Fort Kearney, who had been after the Pawnees, but had not found any, and were then on their return home.

A. W. Babbitt, Esq., Secretary of Utah, and Orson Hyde, were to leave Salt Lake city in February, for the States. They will be accompanied by Chief Justice Read and Judge Adams.

The Arapphahos, Chevennes and Sioux are making preparations to exterminate the Pawnees in the spring.

ARRIVAL OF THE PHILADELPHIA—LATER FROM HAVANA.

NEW YORK, March 12—The steamship Philadelphia arrived this morning from Havana, with dates to the 6th inst. She brought 50 passengers, and $50,000 in specie.

Trade was still dull at Havana, owing to the scarcity of vessels. The weather was salubrious and exceedingly favorable to the grinding of sugar. Coffee and tobacco were in demand at unchanged prices.

The United States steamer Fulton was in port awaiting the arrival of the commodore and squadron, shortly expected.

The Black Warrior has been hauled alongside the government wharf, where her cargo was being discharged under the superintendance of the Commandant of the Customs.

Nine American seamen, who had been for some time confined in prison at Havana, have been delivered up to the United States Counsul, and three of them returned home in the Philadelphia. The other seamen are on board the government steamship.

The United States steamship Corwin returned to Havana on the morning of the 6th inst.

The British frigate Vestal sailed the same day.

DEATH OF JACOB PETERS.—Jacob Peters, the well known founder and proprietor of omnibus lines, died on the 13th instant, at Philadelphia.

THE Maryland Legislature adjourned finally, on the 10th inst., after having rejected all the liquor bills that were before it.

SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS.—The bill for the sale of the Public Works of Pennsylvania, passed the Senate finally, on the 7th instant, by the following vote:

YEAS.—Messrs. Barnes, Crabb, Darlington, Darsie, Evans, Ferguson, Fry, Haldeman, Hamilton, Hendricks, Heister, Jamison, Kinzer, Kunkel, McFarland, Mellinger, Price, Skinner, Slifer—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Cresswell, Foulkrod, Byron D. Hamlin, Ephriam W. Hamlin, Hoge, McClintock, Quiggle, Sager, Wherry, McCaslin, Speaker—11.

BANK OF NORTHUMBERLAND.—The following was the vote upon the final passage of the bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Northumberland, in the Senate, Feb. 21st:

YEAS.—Messrs. Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Darlington, Darsie, Ferguson, Frick, Fry, Haldeman, B. D. Hamlin, E. W. Hamlin, Hendricks, Hiester, Jamison, Kinzer, Kunkel, Piatt, Price, Slifer, and Wherry--20.

NAYS—Messrs. Foulkrod, Goodwin, Hamilton, Hoge, M'Clintock, M'Farland, Quiggle and M'Caslin, Speaker—8.

NATIVE AMERICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The above body met in Harrisburg on Wednesday March 1. and after an organization had been effected, nominated the following gentlemen for State Officers.

For Governor—BENJAMIN RUSH BRADFORD, of Beaver county.

For Supreme Judge—THOMAS H. BAIRD, of Washington county.

For Canal Commissioner—B. M. SPICER, of Bucks county.

PITTSBURGH, March 11.

Daring Robbery in the Pittsburgh Custom House.—Last night about 7 o'clock, John Hastings, Collector of the Port, was knocked down in Alleghany, and robbed of $250, a gold watch, and the keys of the Custom House doors and the safe. The robbers then entered the Custom House and stole a bag containing $10,000 in $20 gold pieces. Mr. Hastings is in a precarious condition.

CINCINNATI, March 10.

Flood in Ohio.—A tremendous rain storm has prevailed here for the last 36 hours.—The Ohio and its tributaries are rising with unpreceedented rapidity, and all the bottom lands are threatened with an overflow. The merchants in the lower part of the city are removing their goods to places of safety, as the Ohio here is rising at the rate of eighteen inches an hour.

BOSTON, March 14—The opinion was unanimously given by the Supreme Court of this State, to-day, that the 14th section of the Liquor Law Bill, authorizing the seizure and destruction of liquors, is unconstitutional.—The dicision does not affect the other sections of the law.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

THE Chief Burgess requests us to notify all persons who contemplate erecting buildings of and kind on the line of any street or alley of this Borough, that they are required to apply to him for a building permit, and also to have the line of the building located by the regulators.—Obedience to this ordinance will be strictly enforced.

Sunbury, March 18, 1854.—tf.

Philadelphia and Sunbury
TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Philadelphia and Sunbury Telegraph Company will be held at the Telegraph Office at Shamokin, on Wednesday, March 20th, at 10 A. M., for the election of Officers for the ensuing year.

WOODS, MASSER & BALDWIN,
Contractors.

March 18, 1854.—

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the notes, books and accounts of Samuel Thompson, decd., late of Sunbury, are now in the hands of G. M. Yorks, Esq., for collection. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased, are requested to call and settle immediately if they desire to save costs.

MARIA THOMPSON, Adm'rix
of said deceased.

Sunbury, March 18, 1854.—6t.

PRICES

OF HORSE AND CARRIAGE HIRE.

4 Horses, Carriage and Driver,		per day,	$8,00
2 "	"	"	5,00
2 "	Buggy,	"	4,00
1 "	"	"	2,50
1 "	Sulkey,	"	2,00
1 "	Saddle,	"	1,50
2 "	and Harness,	"	3,00
1 "	"	"	1,00
Two Horse Carriage,	best,	"	2,00
" "	" second best,	"	1,50
One "	Buggy, best,	"	1,25
" "	" second best,	"	1,00
Sulkey,		"	75
Double Harness,	best,	"	1,00
" "	second best,	"	50
Single "	best,	"	50
" "	second best,	"	25

Terms cash in advance.

THOMPSON & EISELY.
JOHN DIEMER

Sunbury, March 11, 1854.—6t. 18

A CARD.

HAVING embarked in the mercantile business on my account, I take the opportunity to thank the friends of the late firm, and the public in general, for the liberal patronage extended to me heretofore, and would be most happy to see them at my old stand (at Emerick's Tavern) in Lower Augusta, where they can find me at all times administering to their wants on the most liberal terms.

WM. A. KNABB.

Augusta twsp., March 18, 1854.—tf

RAGS WANTED!

BEING extensively engaged in the manufacture of paper, we will pay to Country Merchants and others having Rags for sale, more than the present market prices—CASH.

JESSUP & MOORE,
Paper Manufacturers.

PHILADELPHIA—Nos. 24 and 26 North St. 1st Street below Arch, between 5th & 6th.

Phila., March 18, 1854.—2m.

SPRING MILLINERY GOODS.
JOHN STONE & SONS,
No. 45 South Second St.,
Philadelphia,

HAVE now in Store, of their own importation, a large and handsome assortment of

Ribbons,
Silks,
Flowers,
Crapes,

and every article suitable to the Millinery Trade, to which constant addition will be made throughout the season, thereby enabling them to offer the largest and most desirable selection of articles in their line to be found in the city.

Philada., March 18, 1854.—2m.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the undersigned on notes or book account (of their store at Lower Augusta township, Northumberland county, Pa.) that they have sold their stock of goods to W. A. Knabb, and must have their accounts settled. For the purpose of giving all persons indebted a chance to make settlement, they have left the Books in the hands of the same Wm. A. Knabb, until the 8th day of April next, after which time they will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

All those having claims against the firm will please present them before the above mentioned time, to the same Wm. A. Knabb for payment.

S. HEILNER & SHAY.

Minersville, March 18, 1854.—3t.

PROCLAMATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several Courts of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for the county of Northumberland, to commence at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday, the 3d day of April, next, and will continue TWO WEEKS.

The coroner, Justices of the Peace and constables in and for the county of Northumberland, are requested to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things to their several offices apertaining to be done. And all witnesses prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner are also requested and commanded to be then and there attending in their proper persons to prosecute against him, as shall be just—and not to depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at the time appointed agreeable to their notices.

Given under my hand at Sunbury, the 18th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four—and the Independence of the United States of America the 77th.

WILLIAM B. KIPP, Sheriff.

God save the Commonwealth.

List of Causes,

FOR trial in the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland County, at April T., A. D., 1854.

PLAINTIFFS.		DEFENDANTS.
John Hunter	vs	John Haag
Reuben Fagely & Ko	vs	John Rosser & co
P K Fisher	vs	Fisher & Zartman
Morris L Hallowell	vs	James Reed
Scull & Thompson	vs	Same
Burnett Saxton & co	vs	Same
Richard B Britten & co	vs	Same
Same	vs	Same
Peter Sheddy	vs	Wm Augnst & H Kriner
Wm L Cook	vs	Samuel Johnson
Commonwealth	vs	George Eckert adm'r
Stephen Ellis adm'r	vs	E L Piper
Thomas M'Williams	vs	Wilson Hutchinson
George Eckerts adm'r	vs	Henry Reader
Thomas M Watts	vs	Jacob Roub
Jacob Stitzel	vs	David Gould
Daniel Schroat	vs	D H Dreisbach et al
Lewis Dewart's exr	vs	R & W Fagely
Solomon Fagely	vs	George Fagely et al
Case for Sweeny & Caldwell	vs	Saml A Leidy
John C Meloy	vs	John Weddecomb
Wm Furman	vs	Charles Gossler
Wm Wainright	vs	E S Trego & co
David Herbst	vs	G W Freese
Solomon Knouse	vs	Isaac Beidlespach
David Holden & wife	vs	Geo Yonkins admr et al
Wm Tracy	vs	Robins & Wilhelm
Wm P Marr	vs	John Baily
David Walton	vs	same
White & Mervine	vs	Bowers Gosh & co
Wm H Frymire	vs	John Miller.
Benjamin Barnhart	vs	J P Shultz
F Jordan & co	vs	Benj Griffey
Abrm Brosious admr	vs	Jacob Kabel
same		same
John Taggart et al	vs	James D Barr
David Walton	vs	David Waldron
Bank of North'd	vs	John M Wagoner
Barbara Bower's guardian	vs	Chas A Kutz
Jacob Kline	vs	McGran & Barry
R Hays et al for Frymire	vs	John Miller
Jonas Weaver	vs	Eve Weaver
James Cameron	vs	Chas A Kutz
James Covert	vs	James Tharp's admr

JAMES BEARD, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office.
Sunbury, March 18, 1854.

List of Jurors,

OF Northumberland County, for April Term, A. D., 1854.

Grand Jurors.

POINT—J C Horton.
JACKSON—George Garman.
LOWER AUGUSTA—Henry Fasholt, Adam Snyder.
COAL—Kimber Cleaver.
SUNBURY—Jackson Stoh, Benjanin Hendricks, Peter B Masser.
NORTHUMBERLAND—Joseph W Vandyke.
DELAWARE—Jacob Hoffman, Saml Loury, Wilson Hutchison, Edwin V Dickerson.
SHAMOKIN—Casper Adams, Jonas Haas, David F Fagely.
RUSH—William G Scott.
TURBUT—William Follmor, George Kuntz.
LEWIS—James Young.
UPPER MAHANOY—Peter Beissel
CHILISQUAQUE—Philip Hilgard.
MILTON—Henry Heinen.
LOWER MAHANOY—Jacob Dreibelbiss

TRAVERSE JURORS.

MILTON—John M Huff, Abraham T Goodman, James Montgomery, Abraham Straub, John Beckley.
UPPER AUGUSTA—Hiram P Cooper.
NORTHUMBERLAND—George Burr, John Heck, Joseph R Priestley.
CHILISQUAQUE—John Beckley, sr., Andrew Fetzer, William M Auton, William Reed, Michael Weaver.
DELAWARE—Jonathan P Shultz, H S Hallman. Dr. R H Watson, James Armstrong, J M Oyster, D C Watson.
LOWER AUGUSTA—Henry Boner, George McCarty, David Houck, David Clark, Isaac Drumheller.
RUSH—James Eckman, Joseph Gearhart, Robert Campbell, (son of Abraham,) Henry Johnson.
COAL—Abraham Osmun, William Fagely. David N. Lake, Peter Yager, William Atwater.
CAMERON—John Boyer.
SUNBURY—P M Shindel, Thomas Robins, George Smith, Henry Bucher.
TURBUT—David Marr, Charles Redell.
UPPER MAHANOY—Henry Malick, John Hetrick.
LOWER MAHANOY—Joseph Fenstermacher.
SHAMOKIN—Edward Wilkinson.
JACKSON—Isaac Reitz, Jeremiah Longsdorf, Peter Ferster.

Petit Jurors.

SUNBURY—Benjamin Zettlemoyer, George Weiser, Reuben Fagely, John Buyers.
JORDAN—William Shadell.
LOWER MAHANOY—Michael Lahr, John Bouen, Philip Babb.
COAL—Peter Getter, Stephen Bittenbender, Daniel Haas, Casper Shull, Daniel Miller, Benjamin McLow.
POINT—Robert Curry, jr., Samuel R Wood, Jefferson Stamm.
JACKSON—Nicholas S Drumbuller.
LITTLE MAHANOY—Samuel S Wagner.
NORTHUMBERLAND—Peter Ruch.
MILTON—William Wheeland, John Snyder, John B Beard.
LOWER AUGUSTA—John T McPherson, Jacob Maitz.
UPPER AUGUSTA—Joseph Morgan, George Conrad.
CHILISQUAQUE—William E Irvine.
TURBUT—Hugh M. Davidson, Jacob Hartman.
RUSH—Charles Metler.
LEWIS—Leonard Roup.
SHAMOKIN—John Huff.