THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

HARRISBURG, March 1.—The Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, to nominate candidates for the offices of Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, and Surveyor General of the State, assembled to-day at 12 o'clock, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, pursuant to the call of the State Central Committee.

The attendance of Delegates was very full, and the strongest interest felt by the friends of the rival candidates, especially for the office of Canal Commissioner, caused much excitement to prevail.

The Convention was called to order at 12 o'clock, amid much noise and tumult, by Mr. Wise, who moved that the Hon. Arnold Plumer, of Venango, to take the Chair,

Mr. Wise put the question amid cries of "order," "order," and great confusion.

Mr. Fraley of Schuylkill, moved to amend the motion, and that the Hon. John Cessna, of Bedford, take the chair.

The utmost confusion prevailed for some time, and both Mr. Plumer and Mr. Cessna were conducted by their friends to the Speaker's chair.

Mr. Cessna, after a time, and when order had in some measure been restored, expressed his regret at the scene which had been enacted, and besought all to act with calmness and decorum. To settle the dificulty as to the choice of a chairman, he proposed the appointment of tellers to count the votes.

The motion was put and agreed to and tellers then having been appointed, the vote for a temporary chairman was again taken and resulted in Mr. Plumer receiving 66 votes, and Mr. Cessna 64 votes.

A committee one from each Congressional district was then, on motion, appointed to report officers for the permanent organization of the Convention.

The Convention then adjourned until 3 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at 3 oclock, when the Hon. J. M. Porter, of Northampton county, Chairman of the Committee appointed to select officers for the permanent organization of the Convention, reported that they had selected Wm. L. Hirst, of Philadelphia, as President. The Committee also reported the names of some twenty gentlemen as Vice President, and five Secretaries.

The list of delegates was then called, and the credentials of the delegations from the several counties submitted. In a number of cases substitutes appeared and were admitted.

The matter of the contested seats was then taken up, but one only—that of the contesting delegates from Montour and Columbia counties—occupied any considerable time.

The question of the admission of the Representative delegates from the counties of Montour and Columbia being before the convention.

Mr. Valentine Best, of Montour, advocated his right to his seat, and discussed with much minuteness the circumstances attending his apointment, and the shadow of a claim, only, that was set up by his contestant.

Mr. John Dean, of Columbia, [the contesting delegate,] replied at length.

Some further discussion followed, and the Convention finally decided to admit neither, first by rejecting by a large vote the claim of Mr. Best, and then refusing the seat to Mr Dean.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Canal Commissioner, and the votes being counted, the result of the first ballot was announced as follows:

Thomas Forsyth, of Philadelphia	31
Henry S. Mott, of Pike county	22
Wm. S. Morrison, of Montgomery	22
——Feather,——	11
Joel B. Danner, of York,	8

and the remaining votes scattered among some seven or eight candidates.

There being no choice, the Convention proceeded to a second ballot, which, as also the third, fourth and fifth, invariably following, was unsuccessful. The votes on these several ballots stood as follows:

	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.
Forsyth,	38	41	50	55
Mott,	33	33	36	40
Morrison,	25	30	31	22
Danner,	11	10	—	—
Feather,	8	6	8	9

After 3d ballot, the name of Mr. Danner was withdrawn from the list of candidates.

After the 4th ballot, an adjournment was moved and very strongly urged, but was disagreed to.

The result of the 5th ballot being announced and there still being no choice, an adjournment was again moved.

Some debate arose upon the motion, and it was finally agreed to adjourn until 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.—The Convention again re-assembled at 7 o'clock, when the balloting for a candidate for Canal Commissioner was resumed, and the 6th ballot being taken resulted as follows:

Thomas Forsyth, of Philadelphia,	81
Henry S. Mott, of Pike,	46
— - Nicholson,	3

Mr. Forsyth was thereupon declared duly nominated as the candidate of the Democratic party for the office of Canal Commissioner.

The nomination of Mr. Forsyth was then unanimously ratified by the Convention.

The nomination of a candidate for Auditor General, being next in order.

Mr. Long nominated the Hon. Ephraim Banks, the present incumbent, and moved that the nomination be made unanimously.

The nomination was agreed to by acclamation, and Mr Banks was announced as the nominee of the Convention for the office of Auditor General.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of candidates for Surveyor General.

Several gentlemen were placed in nomination.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot, when two ballots were held as fallows:

	1st.	2d.
J. P. Brawley,	59	67
Wm. S. Garvin,	17	23
Mr. Kletz,	16	13
G. F. Mason,	13	13

The Hon. J. Porter Brawley, the present incumbent of the office of Surveyor General, having, on the second ballot, received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated for that office, and the nomination was ratified by a unanimous vote.

THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1853.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded if equalled by any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER:
THOMAS FORSYTH,
Of Philadelphia County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
EPHRAIM BANKS,
Of Berks County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
J. PORTER BRAWLEY.
Of Crawford County.

☞ LAND WARRANTS.—Persons having Land Warrants for sale, can dispose of them for cash, by applying at this office.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The proceedings of the late democratic Convention at Harrisburg, will be found in another column. The nomination of Mr. Forsyth of Philadelphia, is an excellent one. Mr. Forsyth is an honest straight forward democrat, respected by all who know him. Mr. Banks has made a populrr officer, and was nominated without opposition. Mr. Brawley had some trouble, and is not a General Jackson by any means.

☞ THE MEETING to be held to-day, (Saturday) will be, no doubt, well attended. The object, we presume, is more to condemn the conduct of the Commissioners, than the policy of the subscription itself.—Our opinion has always been that the legislature was wrong in giving the Commissioners authority to subscribe without a vote of the people, but we have never had a doubt but that the subscription would be a profitable one. From what we can learn, the meeting will be attended by some of our most respectable farmers and others, and we have no doubt their proceedings will be of a proper and becoming character.

VALUE OF RAILROAD STOCK.

There is a mistaken notion, among many, about the profitableness of rail roads.—There is scarcely a rail road in the Union, judiciously located, that does not pay more than six per cent on its cost. The Pennsylvania rail road stock is now above par. The receipts for January 1852, before the road was finished, were $92,172,56, and then this road paid six per cent. For January 1853, the receipts have gone up to $233,536,26, an increase of over $141,363,-76, or more than double. Philadelphia, on her subscription of three millions, has probably cleared $300,000 without paying one dollar tax. On examining the American Rail road Journal, a few days since, we counted more than forty rail roads whose stocks were selling from 5 to 40 per cent above par. Among these were the Ohio roads, a number of which were made by county subscriptions. We make these remarks not to justify the commissioners in subscribing, but to show that there is no danger that we shall ever be called on for a dollar, on account of the subscription.

MINERS HOUSES.—Our readers will perceive by the advertisement of Mr. Rea, for the Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Comp., that proposals will be received at Mt. Carmel until the 12th of March, inst., for the construction of 25 blocks of houses, 32 by 28 feet, not 22 by 28 feet as stated in the advertisement last week. Mt. Carmel is about half way, on the turnpike, between this place and Pottsville. The Locust Mountain Coal is not surpassed by any coal in Pennsylvania for purity and compactness, and is well adapted for furnaces as well as for family use. We have been informed by one of the Managers of the Company, that they expect to have their works in readiness, so as to ship coal to this place, by the first or middle of August next. At or before that time a number of other collieries will be sending their coal to this place for shipment over the Philadelphia and Sunbury rail road, which will be laid with a new iron track by May next.

☞ The Commissioners of Philadelphia county, it is said, have actually subscribed two millions of dollars to the Sunbury & Erie Railroad. Some of the citizens have presented remonstrances against the subscription, alleging that the Commsssioners have no right and that there is no occasion to do so, as sufficient cash subscriptions can be had if the management of the road is placed in the hands of persons who have the confidence of the people.

☞ A strong effort was made in the United States Senate a few days since, to repeal the duty on rail road iron for five years, by tacking the same to the general appropriation bill. Mr. Brodhead, assisted by Mr. Cooper, fought the amendment manfully.

☞ March is here, mild as a lamb. But the roads are awful both for man and beast. We trust they will soon be settled and that spring, when it does really come, will not be subject to so many sudden intrusions of winter.

RAIL ROAD FROM LEWISBURG THROUGH BUFFALOE & PENNS VALLEY.

This is one of the natural routes, which the practised eye of an engineer would at once select for a rail road. We heard a competent Engineer say, several years since, that a rail road would be constructed over this route, before many years.

A large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Centre county favorable to a rail road from the Susquehanna river to intersect the Penna. rail road, was held at the "Old Fort," on Friday, the 11th ult. The Hon. Geo. Boal, President, Col. H. S. Gross, Dr. Charles Smith, Vice Presidents, Col. John Love, Col. J. I. Gregg, Secretaries.

The route is to commence at or near the borough of Lewisburg, in Union county, thence by the most practicable and expedient route through Buffalo valley, and through Centre county, by way of Penns or Brush valleys, and through Huntingdon county to a point at or near the mouth of Spruce creek, to intersect with the Pennsylvania rail road, and measuring 70 miles or thereabouts.

A committee was appointed to superintend the circulation of petitions to the Legislature, and also to name Commissioners to be reported in the act of Assembly, and also to confer with the President and Managers of the Pennsylvania, Susquehanna & Williamsport, and Sunbury & Erie Railroad companies, relative to the proposed connexion with their roads, and also to correspond with the Presidents of the Sunbury & Pottsville, and Pottsville & Philadelphia Railroad companies, and bring the same to their notice and consideration, and also address such other Capitalists as may be disposed to unite in the proposed improvement.

BURNING FLUID.

The editor of the Bloomsburg Star says some stupid fellow has published a statement, that more deaths have occurred by accidents from fluid lamps, then by steamboats and railroads, during the last year.

This "stupid fellow" was Professor Silliman of Yale college, one of the most distinguished men in the Union, and any one who will attentively chronicle the almost daily accidents recorded in the papers, caused by these fluid lamps, will find nothing surprising in the statement.

The Reading papers give an account of a deplorable accident in that city a few weeks since.

Mrs. Mary Bunn, husband and child from Pottstown, were on a visit to the family of Mr. Adams in Reading. In the evening while both families were sitting around a table in social conversation, and while one of their number was filling another lamp *by the light of the one burning*, the fluid took fire, burst the can, and in a moment the whole room was in flames. All the inmates were more or less burned, no one seriously, however, except Mrs. BUNN, whose clothes were completely burned from her body, and whose injuries were so severe that she died the next day, after suffering excruciating torments. At the time of the accident Mrs. B. had her child in her arms, which with great presence of mind was rescued by Mr. Adams, and escaped comparatively unhurt.

THE NEW CABINET

Secretary of State—William L. Marcy, New York.

Secretary of the Treasury—James Guthrie, of Kentucky.

Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis, Mississippi.

Secretary of the Navy— James C. Dobbin, of North Carolina.

Secretary of the Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Michigan.

Postmaster General — James Campbell, of Pennsylvania.

Attorney General—Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts.

The above is said to be the new Cabinet of Gen. Pierce, though not officially announced. Gen. Pierce has conducted himself thus far so as to command the respect of all parties, though we do not approve of all the members of his Cabinet. Governor Marcy and Caleb Cushing, are both able and distinguished men. The only licking Gen. Scott ever received, before the late election, was the one Marcy gave him in reply to his letters complaining of a "fire in the rear." Gov. M'Clelland is an able man and will, no doubt, make a respectable officer. Jefferson Davis is a man of fair abilities, though somewhat tinctured with disunion doctrines. He was a good soldier and may make a good officer, but we have no love for southern fire eaters or northern abolitionists.

Mr. Guthrie is said to be a talented man and a very able lawyer. But this is his first appearance on the stage of politics.—Mr. James Campbell of Pennsylvania, is just the reverse of Mr. Guthrie. He studied politics as a trade and law for a living—is a polite affable and gentlemanly man, but was never suspected being much of a lawyer. He is certainly a very lucky man, and is no doubt himself surprised to find that he has been selected as the most proper man to represent the great State of Pennsylvania, in the next Administration. He should feel himself under great obligations to his particular friends, ourselves among the number, for reserving him for a Cabinet office. Mr. Dobbins is, we believe, a good man, though not much known as a politician.

☞ Congress has authorized Vice President King to be sworn into office by the Consul, at Havana.

☞ UNION COUNTY. — The citizens of New Berlin, at the last Court, made an effort to get the Grand Jury to report in favor of building a new Court House at that place. In the evening the Jury, it is said, were a tie, but in the morning they reported against it. An effort is making, we understand, to divide the county, cutting across from the Northumberland bridge, making Lewisburg the Capital of the upper end, and Selinsgrove, of the lower end.—That will be convenient. Let us have the Court Houses up as soon as possible.

BISHOP HUGHES.

The New York Journal of Commerce, has the following remarks in relation to the Bishops letter, in regard to the Maidai, who were imprisoned for reading the Bible:

"He (the Bishop) objects to the meetings which have been held in this and other cities, in reference to the imprisonment of the Madiai family in Tuscany, as calculated to excite Protestant animosity against the Catholics without, accomplishing any good in return. He denies that the Madiai were subjected to their long imprisonment *merely*, for possessing and reading the Bible—but does not state what *other* offence they have committed,—says the Catholics are great friends of the Bible, and published numerous editions of it before Protestantism existed—and whatever intolerance may be chargeable upon Catholics in any foreign country, Catholics in the United States are not responsible for it, &c, He is also concerned lest the United States Government should render itself ridiculous by endeavoring to procure for its citizens in foreign countries *liberty of worship*, as proposed in the resolutions of Mr. Underwood in the United States Senate.—Has he reflected that this overture applies as much to American Catholics in foreign Protestant countries, as to American Protestants in Catholic countries?

Correspondence of the Public Ledger.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb 26

Gen. Pierce declared yesterday to several Senators who had been to see him, that the Cabinet was fixed, and that it had been in that condition before he left Concord. He also stated that there was no occasion to to speak on the subject, as his mind was definitely made up.

The names of the persons definitely and invariably fixed are the same I gave you the other day, viz: Cushing, Marcy, Guthrie, Jeff. Davis, Dobbin, McLellnad and James Campbell; but they are not irrevocably placed, and were not when Gen. Pierce left Concord. On that subject is no mistake.

The Pacific Railroad scheme has at last come down to Mr. Brodhead's amendment, in the shape of an appropriation for a scientific survey. Mr. Brodhead's proposition was the most reasonable of all that were made, and will doubtless be adopted.

OBSERVER.

SUNBURY AND ERIE RAILROAD.

In the Senate, on the 21st of February, the following proceedings took place:

Mr. Hamlin, of M'Kean, read in place a supplement to the act incorporating the Sunbury and Erie railroad company.

At the request of Mr. Crabb, the bill was read. It authorizes the establishment of an office of the company in the city of New York; and allows the election of directors out of this State, provided, the president and a majority of the directors are citizens of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Crabb moved to refer the bill to a select committee, together with the other bill on the same subject.

Mr. Crabb remarked that the introduction of this bill put a new face on this whole matter, and expressed the hope that the friends of the measure would act in harmony. He desired nothing but the success of the measure, and hoped his motion would prevail, and that the friends of the road would come to an amicable understanding on the subject

Mr. Hamlin, of M'Kean, could see no reason for the reference of the bill to a select committee on railroads. He desired to be understood as a friend of the road.

Mr. Crabb further urged his motion; when Mr. Quiggle said if he thought the select committee to whom it was proposed to refer this bill, together with the other supplement in reference to this company, would, as suggested by the Senator (Mr. Crabb,) be composed of the true friends of this road, he would have no objections to the special reference; otherwise he was in favor of its going to the committee on railroads. The bill of the Senator of M'Kean (Mr. Hamlin) came from a source that desires the success of this enterprise. The extraordinary course of the councils of the city of Philadelphia suspending the proposed subscription of $2,-000,000, has caused many to begin to look elsewhere for capital to build this road. The bill proposes to authorize the opening of an office in the city of New York to receive subscription and allowing the election of directors out of the State of Pennsylvania provided that the president and a majority of the directors shall always be in the State of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, 26, 1853.

Mr. SLIFER called up Senate bill No. 232, to erect a new county out of parts of Luzerne and Schuylkill counties, to be callled Anthracite, was taken up. (Mr. CAROTHERS in the chair.)

Mr. BUCKALEW moved to strike out the township of Hazle, in Luzern county; which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. HENDRICKS and Mr. BUCKALEW, a number of amendments in reference to the boundaries, &c., were made to the bill, to make it conform to the above amendment striking out the township of Hazel, Luzerne county.

The bill then passed committee and second and final reading.

AN advertisement of cheap shoes and fancy articles, in an Eastern paper, has the following: "N. B. Ladies who wish *cheap shoes*, will do well to call soon, as *they will not last long*

LATER FROM HAVANA.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 28.—The steamship Isabel has arrived at this port, with dates from Havana to the 22d.

The secretary of Vice President King is among the passengers. He is a bearer of despatches for the Government. It is supposed to be on business relating to the seizure of the mails of the Empire City and Crescent City, which has caused a great excitement at Havana.

The American Consul made a strong protest, but had received no reply from the Captain General.

The Isabel, however, was allowed to leave the port without being searched.

Vice President King was at Matanzas, much improved in health. He is sanguine of a speedy recovery from the effects of the sugar cure.

The two nieces of Vice President King are in excellent health.

The U. S. steamer Fulton, made the quickest run from the States to Havana, on record. In a heavy gale she made 90 miles in 3 hours and 5 minutes. She met with no accident but losing one of her boats during the storm. Mr. Thomas Kilpatrick, of Philadelphia, is the engineer on board the Fulton.

A negro had been garroted for killing a Spanish officer. It was the same instrument on which the ill-fated Gen. Lopez was executed.

There were about 30,000 soldiers in the city and vicinity, and they are very insolent to Americans, but they take good care to respect Uncle Sam's uniform.

Another slight shock of an earthquake was experienced at St. Jago on the 25th ult.

The outrage of stopping the mail bags was persevered in by the authorities at Havana. Those of the Black Warrior and Empire City had been taken possession of by the police and examined. The seal of that of the Empire City was broken.

The small pox was still raging there.

DISCOVERY OF VALUABLE SILVER MINES.—It is stated that great excitement has been created in the towns on the Rio Grande, opposite El Paso, by the discovery of some very valuable silver mines on the eastern slope of the mountains, about sixty miles northeast of Donna Ana. The ore; according to the reports, is found in immense quantities directly on the surface of the ground, and several tons of it have already been gathered. The Houston Telegraph says:—

"One mine is so rich that the silver is extracted readily, by melting it with a common log-fire of pine. Lead ore is also found in extensive veins, traversing the rocks in every direction. We are informed that thousands of tons of lead ore, similar to that obtained at the lead mines near Galena, can be gathered on the surface of the ground, on the mountains east of El Paso. There is a large hill near the silver mines, that might with propriety be styled the lead mountain, as it seems to be an immense mass of galena or lead ore. If we may believe the accounts of persons who have visited these mines, they must be far more extensive and valuable than any of the mines in Illinois or Wisconsin."

MRS. HOWARD, the late mistress of Napoleon III. has been ennobled by the Emperor, who has purchased and made her proprietor of the village of Beauregard, near Versailles. She will bear the title of Countess of Beauregard.

THERE are 11,000 public houses in the city of London.

Mr. EDITOR;

As your columns are open to all, for a fair discussion of the merits of the county subscription, will you be good enough to publish the following editorial article from the Sunbury Gazette of March 6th, 1852, in which the editor, Mr. Youngman, proves most conclusively, (in my estimation at least,) that the county subscription has been well made, and that it will prove a source of revenue to the County.

A TAX PAYER

From the Sunbury Gazette of March 6, 1852.

WHY NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY SHOULD SUBSCRIBE LIBERALLY TO THE RAILROADS.

The distance from the northern to the southern extremity of Northumberland county is about forty miles, through the whole length of which the Susquehanna and Sunbury and Erie roads will be made. The construction of these roads will cost at least $20,000 per mile, so that within the limits of our county eight hundred thousand dollars will be spent in its construction. At least $600,000 of this will be scattered among the people. The shoemaker, the hatter, the merchant, the carpenter, the mason, the day-laborer, the printer will get of it, and the farmer, who provides the wheat, the potatoes, the beef, the vegetables for the thousands of hands employed, and the hay oats, corn, and rye for the horses used in hauling, will get the larger portion of this vast sum of money. That this is the truth no one will dare to deny. Then, if money will thus be thrown among us, broadcast as it were, would it not be right and proper, would it not be a duty, that our county should subscribe liberally to those roads?—To refuse would be unkind, would be ingratitude, to those living off the line, who are, out of public spirit, giving their money to be spent among us. Our county should give $400,000, for, even if every cent of this sum were to be paid in taxes, would it be a hardship that we should return four hundred thousand of the six hundred thousand dollars given us? We would still have $200,-000 left, and in addition to this we would have the stock, and all the benefits of a rail road. But there is not a cent of tax to be paid in consequence of this subscription by the county. The Commissioners will merely issue their bonds, and the *rail road company will pay the interest on them.* The transaction will in all probability be a gain to the tax payer. It was remarked by Judge Jordan, in a speech to the rail road meeting on Monday night, in urging a subscription by the county, that the roads would in all probably yield a dividend of 15 per cent., soon after their completion, and these dividends would free our citizens from taxation of all kinds. Suppose that our county take $400,000 of stock, and it clears after paying interest on bonds, nine per cent. This on the $400,000 will be $36,-000. Our present state and county taxes amount to about $24,000, so that that the dividends would pay the state and county taxes, and we would have $12,000 left.—Should not the Commissioners at once subscribe to the roads?

Communication.

THE COUNTY SUBSCRIPTION

A large meeting of the citizens of Augusta township, was held in the Upper Augusta School House, on Thursday evening the 24th ult, for the purpose of taking into consideration the subscription of the $200,000, to the Susquehanna Railroad, by the Commissioners of our County.

The meeting was organized by choosing Mr. Isaac Eckman, as President, Peter Oberdorf, Vice President, and L. T. Heath, Secretary.

The meeting was then addressed by Wm. D. Gearhart, and Edward Critzner, in which they represented the said subscription as an unjust and unreasonable measure, and that the said road would neither repay the County or the community.

The resolutions of the Rushville meeting on the same subject, were then examined by the following gentlemen as a committee: John Eckman, Elisha Kline, James Forrester, Isaac Kline and Jos. Gearhart; after which they were presented and unanimously adopted with the following addition to article 1st, viz: that the Legislature and Executive of this state, have our unanimous and deep felt censure, for authorizing the Commissioners to subscribe the above amount to the said road.

On motion the meeting adjourned to meet at Sunbury on the 5th of March.

New Advertisements.

Flour and Feed Store.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

in Fawn street, in the building formerly occupied by Esq. Bower, as his office, where he will constantly keep on hand all kinds of GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED, at the lowest market prices, for Cash or produce.

EMANUEL WILVERT.

Sunbury, March 5, 1853.—3m

Come and Settle.

THE subscriber hereby notifies all persons indebted to him to call and settle their old accounts, on or before the middle of March. Those who neglect this notice, will most positively find their accounts placed in the hands of a Justice for collection. Therefore fail not.

GEORGE ROHRBACH.

Sunbury, March 5, 1853.—4t.

1,000 Book Agents Wanted,

TO SELL PICTORIAL AND USEFUL WORKS FOR THE YEAR 1853.

$1,000 *Dollars a Year.*

WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY OF THE UNITED STATES, active and enterprising men, to engage in the sale of some of the best Books published in the country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from $25 to $100, such inducements will be offered as to enable them to make from $3 to $5 a day profit.

☞ The Books published by us are all useful in their character, extremely popular, and command large sales wherever they are offered.

For further particulars, address, (postage paid,)

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
181 William Street.

New York, March 5, 1853.—1m.

To the honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions for the county of Northumberland.

The undersigned petitioner respectfully solicits the Hon. Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or tavern in George ville, Lower Mahoney township.

ROLL SHOFMAN.

We the undersigned citizens of Lower Mahoney township, in Northumberland county, being acquainted with the Petitioner, do certify that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and that an Inn or tavern is there necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

C. B. Weiser, George Brosious, Solomon Reeder, John Seiler, Michael Lahr, Andrew Hoffa, Philip Hobb, John D. Lenker, Philip Spatz, Joseph Pensteinmacher, sen., John Vogus, Jared Wolver, Joseph Lauer, Isaac Shaffer.

March 5, 1853.—3t.

To the honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions for the county of Northumberland.

The undersigned petitioner respectfully solicits the Hon. Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or tavern at the house he now occupies, situate in Coal township.

PETER WEIRICH.

We the undersigned citizens of Coal township, in Northumberland county, being acquainted with the said Petitioner, do certify that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and that an Inn or tavern is there necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

Solomon B. Boyer, Joseph Graves, John Boyer, Jacob Long, George Kerstetter, Reinhart Kerstetter, Daniel Schlright, Henry Reeck, Michael Arnd, David Billman, George Moser.

March 5, 1853.—3t

To the honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions for the county of Northumberland.

The undersigned petitioner respectfully solicits the Hon. Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or tavern at the house he now occupies, situate in Trevorton, Coal township.

H. B. WEAVER.

We the undersigned citizens of Trevorton, Coal township, in Northumberland county, being acquainted with the said Petitioner, do certify that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and that an Inn or tavern is there necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

Henj. Patton, Gottlieb Brymeier, Henry Schrader, P. Strawser, Andrew A. Heim, J. Freispencer, John Schroder, Isaac Weiser, Daniel Tobias, Gilbert Barlow, Bernard M'Moses, Jacob Eptine.

Trevorton, March 5, 1853.—3t.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions of the county of Northumberland.

The undersigned petitioner respectfully solicits the Hon. Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or tavern in the large stone building one mile below Sunbury, but within the limits of the borough on the road leading from Harrisburg to Sunbury.

CHARLES GARINGER.

We the undersigned citizens of the borough of Sunbury, in Northumberland county, being acquainted with the Petitioner, do certify that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and that an Inn or tavern there is necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

H. J. Wolverton, Geo. C. Welker, Henry Donnel, J. B. Packer, Robert H. Awl, W. L. Dewart, Ira T. Clement, Jno. P. Pursel, Benj. Hedlier, Elias Brosious, J. M. Simpson, Francis Bucher, Chas. J. Bumer.

Sunbury, March 5, 1853.—3t.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions for the county of Northumberland.

The undersigned petitioner respectfully solicits the Hon. Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or tavern in the house he now occupies as such in Shamokin township.

WILLIAM FARROW.

We the undersigned citizens of Shamokin township, in Northumberland county, being acquainted with the Petitioner, do certify that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and that an Inn or tavern there is necessary for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

John Moore, Solomon Evered, Samuel Wilkinson, Mahlon Baughner, Francis Kinase, Andrew Gonser, John Jones, John Martz, George E. Adams, Leonard Wagner, Ira Jones, Isaac Arnold.

Shamokin, March, 5, 1853.—3t.

LAWRENCE HOUSE,
SUNBURY, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened the "Lawrence House" on Tuesday, March 1, 1853, and will do his best endeavors to please the public.

SAMUEL THOMPSON.

Sunbury Feb. 26, 1853.—tf.

PROCLAMATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several Courts of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for the county of Northumberland, to commence at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday, the 4th day of April next, and will continue TWO WEEKS.

The coroner, Justices of the Peace and constables in and for the county of Northumberland, are requested to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things to their several offices appertaining to be done. And all witnesses prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner are also requested and commanded to be then and there attending in their proper persons to prosecute against him, as shall be just—and not to depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at the time appointed agreeable to their notices.

Given under my hand at Sunbury, the 5th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three——and the Independence of the United States of America the 77th.

WILLIAM B. KIPP, Sheriff.

REGISTERS' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees, Creditors and other persons interested in the Estates of the following named persons, that the Executors, Administrators, and Guardians of said Estates have filed their accounts with the Register of Northumberland County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said County, on Tuesday, the 5th day of April, A. D., 1853, in the forenoon, for confirmation and allowance.

Mary Welch, dec'd., settled by her Adm'r Davin Hull.
Peter Dentler, dec'd., settled by his Executors, Thomas Watts, Margaret Dentler, and Jacob Dentler.
Leonard Reed, dec'd., settled by his Adm'r David Dunkleberger.
Jacob Rhule, dec'd., settled by his Ex'r Samuel Herr.
Salome Wagner, dec'd., settled by her Adm'r Simon Lantz.
Deborah Tharp, dec'd., settled by her Adm'r Jesse Campbell.
Godfrey Brosious, dec'd., settled by his Adm'r Samuel Brosious.
John Reeh, dec'd., settled by his Adm'r Elias Walton.
Gilbert Voris, dec'd., settled by his Adm'r Wm. T Forsyth.
George Long, dec'd., settled by his Adm'tor George Boyer.
Elizabeth Dentler, dec'd., settled by her Ex'rs Geo. F. Miller and John Young.
Matilda Holder, settled by her Guardian, George Garman.
Spencer Metler, dec'd., settled by his Adm'tors Benj. Gearhart and Wilson Metler.
Rachel Cornel, dec'd., settled by her Adm'tor John Yordy.
Joseph H. Rhine, dec'd., Final Acct. settled by his Adm'r D. C. Caul.
Andrew Grothers, dec'd., settled by his Adm'r Alexander Colt.
William McCoy, dec'd., supplemental Acct. settled by his Adm'r David Taggart.
Anna M. Hunsicker, dec'd., settled by her Executor David Taggart
Jacob Snyder, dec'd., settled by his Executors John A. Snyder and William Kebach.

JOHN P. PURSEL, Register.

Register's Office,
Sunbury, March 5, 1853.—

LIST OF CAUSES

FOR trial in the Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland County, at April T., A. D., 1853.

PLAINTIFFS.		DEFENDANTS.
George Shiley	vs	Ab'm Dunkelberger's admr'x
Peter Pursel	vs	Jacob Hibler
Abijah Bowen	vs	Wm H Thompson
Wm M Arten	vs	Thomas Raser
Penbrook for Appleton	vs	James Brass
Henry Klaes & Eve his wife	vs	Jacob Zartman's administrator
J B Masser	vs	Barbara Shaffer's ex'rs
William McCarty	vs	Samuel Hunter
Jacob Keller	vs	Bank of Northumberland,
James T Sutton & Co	vs	Samuel Kyle
Daniel Rhodes	vs	Jacob Wertman
Peterr Beaquet	vs	Louis Alex. Napoleon Dupasquier et. al.
same	vs	Pierre Odier et. al.
Samuel L Beck	vs	Jacob Stitzel
Simon Snyder	vs	George Snyder
Christian Cable	vs	M Bachman & F Markle
Hitz for Reiner	vs	Moyer & Moyer's Garnishee
William Seebler	vs	Jacob Huffman et al
Washington Mutual Insurance Company	vs	E Kaufman et al
State Mutual Fire Insurance Company	vs	Same
Jacob B. Masser	vs	Reuben Fegely
Albin Newberry	vs	Thomas Raser
Rebecca Swartz	vs	Andrew McLanahan
Rudolph Duenger	vs	Peter Thomas
John I. Yeager	vs	George Bright
D Hoats for M Sweny	vs	S Jenks with notice to terretenant
Oliver B Hilliard	vs	John Hartman
John W Peal	vs	Joseph Dimmick, et. al.
Christ & McFadden	vs	Susanna Reid
George Brosious	vs	Daniel Kample
Francis Jordan	vs	David L Irland
John Beelly	vs	George Ecferts adm'r
same	vs	same
Kenderton Smith's ex'rs.	vs	A. C. & T. G. Morris
same	vs	same
Wendel L Keffer	vs	John F Wolfinger
William Forsman et al	vs	John Pars
Frederic Wilhelm	vs	Henry Wilhelm
Jane Bogar	vs	George P. Buyers et al
John Bush and wife	vs	Nathaniel Saxton's adm'rs
J & A Shisler	vs	Daniel Glenn
Robert Kline	vs	George W Brewer
Henrietta Lewis	vs	Thomas Barr
R Fagely & Co	vs	John Rosser & Co
Jacob H. Rhoads	vs	J. Fry and J. Harman

JAMES BEARD, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office.
Sunbury, March 5, 1853.—

LIST OF CAUSES

FOR Special Court of Common Pleas of Northumberland County to be held on the 4th Monday of May, A. D., 1853.

Frederick Keener	vs	Wm. Ayres
James Graham et al	vs	Hugh Bellas et al
Platt & Platt	vs	Henry Masser
Com'th for W M Heineman	vs	T A Billington
E John for W Camp	vs	Wolverton & Leisenr'g
Eyster for Weaver	vs	Eb'zer Greenough ex'r
Joanna Pendeville	vs	A E Kapp
Mahonoy and Shamokin Improvement Co	vs	Abraham Paul
Sarah L Keen	vs	Abraham Brosious
Same	vs	Samuel Savidge
Com'wealth for S. D. Jordan	vs	T. A. Billington & bail
Henry Donnel et al	vs	Hugh Bellas
Robert Philips	vs	Zerby Run and Shamokin Improvement Company

JAMES BEARD, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office,
Sunbury, March 5, 1852.—

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of an order of sale, a certain LOT OF GROUND, situate in the borough of Northumberland, in said county, bounded south-west by Queen street, south-east by an alley, north-east by an alley, and north-west by lot No. 175, and known in the general plan of said borough, as lot No. 176, containing in front on Queen street 60 feet, and in depth 240 feet with the appurtenances, To be sold on the premises on the 29th of March, at 10 o'clock, as the property of John and Jas. Taggart, late the property of David Taggart, dec'd.

WM. B. KIPP, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sunbury,
Feb. 5, 1852.—4t.