RESTRAINT ON MARRIAGE.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania have recently made a decision reversing one made in the Court in which the question of restraint on marriage was involved. The facts of the case are thus briefly stated in a letter to the Philadelphia News:

"Some time since, a gentleman died, and left his estate to his "dear and loving wife," on condition that she would "never again marry." Thinking it not "good to live a lone widder," she appealed to the Court—the Hon. Ellis Lewis presiding—to "help her out of the scrape." His Honor, to his infinite credit and her great satisfaction, declared the will invalid, and contrary, 'to the laws of nature and of nations,' and in a most eloquent and philosophical 'opinion,' spoke as follows:

"Marriage is a wise regulation, in harmony with nature and religion, and is the only efficient preventive of licentiousness.

"It is the appropriate regulation of that great instinct of nature which was designed by the Creator to replenish the earth.

"The principle of re-production stands next in importance to its elder-borne co-relative, self-persevation, and is equally a fundamental law of existence. It is the blessing which tempered with mercy the justice of expulsion from Paradise, it was impressed upon the human creation by a benificent Providence to *multiply* the *images of himself*, and thus to promote his own glory and the happiness of his creatures. Not man alone, *but the whole animal and vegetable kingdom* are under an imperious necessity to its manadates. From the *lord* of the forest to the *monster* of the deep—from the subtlety of the *serpent* to the innocence of the *dove*—from the elastic embrace of the mountain *kalmia* to the descending fructification of the *lilly* of the plain, all nature bows submissively to this primeval law. Even the *flowers* which perfume the air with their fragrance and decorate the forests and fields with their hues, are but "*curtains to the nuptial bed.*"

Had the matter rested here, every thing would have gone on as "merrily as the marriage bell," but, alas! it was "carried" to the Supreme Court, and there the "widow's joy was turned into mourning" by his honor, Judge Gibson, who, most unpoetically declaring Judge Lewis to have imbibed wrong but beautiful notions upon the subject, reversed his decision, and upset this theory in the following "sledge hammer" style:

"I know of no policy on which such a point could be rested, except the policy which, *for the sake of a division of labor*, would *make the man maintain the children begotten by another*. It would be extremely difficult to say why a husband should not leave a *homestead* to his wife without being compelled to let her share it with a successor to his bed, and to use it as a nest to hatch a brood of strangers to his blood."

[From the Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.]

A CREDIT TO CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15, 1849.

As a friend remarked to me a few days since, "this is a small town with very large prices." Board varies from 16 to 21 dollars per week; washing 3 dollars per dozen. A common lodging-room—and none to be procured at that—rents for fifty dollars a month; stores and offices rent for from three hundred to a thousand dollars per month. A "clean shave" costs two dollars; a game of billiards a dollar; and last, though not least, the damage sustained to an individual's pocket, in imbibing a gin cock-tail, is twenty-five cents. The old hotel, which two years ago rented for a thousand dollars per year, now rents for sixteen thousand. A new and capacious hotel called the "Parker House," built by Robert A. Parker, Esq., was opened a few weeks since with a splendid ball and supper. This house is a credit to California, being the largest in the country. As a specimen of the high rent here, two billiard-rooms in this house, containing four tables, rent for twelve thousand dollars a year; two rooms appropriated to gaming rent for twelve thousand dollars per annum each; several smaller rooms for the same purpose, at six thousand each per annum, and the remainder of the building consists of dining rooms, lodging rooms and offices, which rent at enormous prices.

Mr. POLK'S CONVERSION.

The Nashville Christian Advocate (Methodist) of the 20th inst., copies the narrative of Polk's last days, that originally appeared in the New York Herald, and makes some material corrections to that narrative. The Advocate gives an article from the Rev. J. McFerrin of the Methodist Church, in reply to that narrative, from which we learn that the statement in regard to Mr. Polk's having asked Dr. Edgar, of the Presbyterian church, to baptise him, is incorrect—also that the statement that Mr. Polk promised a friend years ago, when he was governor, that when he did embrace christianity, he (Mr. McFerrin) should baptize him," is incorrect. (Mr. McFerrin) also corrects the statement that Mr. Polk asked his mother's consent to be baptized by him. He says she knew his preferences were for the Methodist church, and although a Prysbyterian, yet gave her approval of his determination to join that church, like a true and liberal woman.

GOLD FEVER IN SWITZERLAND.—The California gold fever is raging in Switzerland. The advertisements which appear in the journals are amusing. There is one in which a stock company proposed to freight a ship for California with gold diggers. It was expected to take six months to go and return, and allow two months of that time for the digging of gold. The time each man was to return with $500 in his pocket.

NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, (son of Jerome, cousin to the President,) who is a member of the Assembly, abstained from voting on a resolution of thanks to the French army in Rome.

SUNNY AFFAIR.—The Woodstock (Va.) Messenger says that Mr. Richard Miller, schoolmaster at Edinburg, has received his pay quarters, and that his successor cannot be found—such man being known.

DEATHS IN ROME.—It is said that since the return of the Pope from Rome, 70,000 copies of the Bible have been sold in that city.

PROCLAMATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several courts of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in and for the county of Northumberland, to commence at the Court House, in the borough of Sunbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday the 6th of August next, will continue ONE WEEK.

The coroner, Justices of the Peace and constables in and for the county of Northumberland, are requested to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things to their several offices appertaining to be done. And all witnesses prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any prisoner are also requested and commanded to be then and there attending in their proper persons to prosecute against him, as shall be just—and not to depart without leave at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at the time appointed agreeable to their notices.

Given under my hands at Sunbury, the 14th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine—and the Independence of the United States of America the 73d.

JAMES COVERT, Sh'ff.

God save the Commonwealth.

LIST OF CAUSES

FOR trial in the Court Common Pleas of Northumberland County at August Term 1849.

Mary Delb	vs John Delb
Jacob Reed	vs David N. Lake et al
Danville & Pottsville Rail Road Co.	vs Hawood & Snyder
Wm & R. Fegely	vs George Heckert
Israel Gutelius	vs John Porter
Elijah Crawford	vs M. & Philip Billmyer
Wm. Starks	vs John McGinnis
Frederick Keener	vs Wm. Ayres
John Garver's heirs	vs Leah Stroecker
Andrew Garver et al	vs same
Robert M. Clark	vs Isaac Brown
Henry H. Burr	vs Wm. McCay's adm'rs
Thomas Allen	vs James Cummings
John McGinnis	vs Wm. Starks
J. G. Montgomery et al	vs Thomas Lloyd
Jonathan Furman	vs Samuel Furman
Lewis Cressman et al	vs Jacob Ruhl's ex'rs
Lrach Stoecker	vs Jacob Hoffman
Jacob Housel & wife	vs Philip Housel adm'r
John N. Martz	vs Jos. H. & J. Kline
Jonathan Pursel & wife	vs same
Elijah Search	vs James Covert
Eleanor Reed's adm'rs	vs Jacob Weik
T. Paulding & Co.	vs Jas. De Normandie
Mary McCay	vs Wm. McCay's adm's
D. Hoats for J. Bound	vs Herrington & Giltner
Same for Mathews	vs Conrad Giltner
J. P. Shultz	vs Jacob Weike
Peter Richter's ex'rs	vs Dodge & Barret
Peter Erwine	vs John Jacob Weike
Ann Myers	vs Dewart & Jordan et al
Rachael McCarty	vs Elizabeth Weitzel et al
Jacob W. Seitzinger	vs Leah Stroecker
John McMahan	vs Wm. Frick & E Slifer
Wm. & R. Fegely & Co.	vs John Shissler
Benaville Clapp	vs Baltzer Garnhart
Noah S. Mackey	vs Samuel Finney
Thomas Keeffer	vs Samuel Blain
Moses Chamberlain	vs Thomas S. Mackey
D. Hoats for W. H. Frymire	vs Isaac Brown
Samuel Boudman	vs Jacob Hower
D. S. Dodge for Moor & Biddle	vs W. & R. Fegely
Sarah Reed	vs Eleanor Reed's adm'rs
Jacob Karchner	vs David Frymire et al
Jacob W. Pfouts	vs A. Rhawn
Jacob Weimer	vs Ira T. Clement
John Hower	vs Frederick Haas
Aaron Reply	vs Ira T. Clement
Palmer B. Johnson	vs James White
Chas. W. Richards	vs Joseph Pettit
David Miller	vs Billington, Buyers & Hunter
Chas. G. Dotts	vs A. J. Fetzer
Jacob P. Miller et al	vs J. & M. A. Sweney
Sarah Boyer et al	vs J. Wynn & J. Vanzant
William Murry	vs Baltzar Garnhart
Jacob Shitz	vs R. Goodman & the Com. of Penna
Wm De Puey	vs Jacob Leisenring
Wm H Thompson	vs Jacob Cabel
Mary Snyder et al	vs Robert W Drum
same	vs James Drum
Joseph Vandyke	vs Cornelius Smith
Pontius & Thompson	vs Samuel R Wood
John T McPherson	vs S Snyder, M Snyder et al
John Shook	vs John S Shade & wife
Com. for Saml Furman	vs S D Jordan, S Hunter Alex Jordan
M Sweney & wife	vs Michael Miller
D B Montgomery	vs Robert McCormick
John B Miller	vs John B Boyd's ex'rs
Wm L Dewart	vs Northumberland county

JOHN FARNSWORTH, *Proth'ry.*

Prothonotary's office, Sunbury July 14, 1848.

LIST OF JURORS

OF Northumberland County for August Term A. D. 1849.

Grand Jurors.

Lower Augusta.—John Ebright, Wm. Dewitt, Saml. Shive.

Shamokin.—John Smith, Samuel John, Samuel Evert.

Jackson.—Nicholas Drumheller, Solomon Billman, Ruben Zartman.

Lower Mahonoy.—John Messner, John Borrel, jr.

Little Mahonoy.—George Swinehart.

Upper Mahonoy.—Daniel Dunkelberger.

Northumberland.—George Everett, *Point.*—Jesse Amerman, John Mauser.

Chilisquaque.—John Simpson.

Milton.—Samuel Kyles, Thos. Taes, D. C. Caul,

Turbut.—Andrew Follmer.

Lewis.—A. I. Karchner, Geo. A. Wykoff.

Delaware.—Joseph Durham.

Traverse Jurors.

Sunbury.—Daniel Haas.

Lower Augusta.—Harman Shipman, Daniel Zartman, Henry Kauffman, John Daniel, Daniel Conrad.

Upper Augusta.—Simon Snyder, Henry Youtheimer, Robert S. Grant

Rush.—Abraham Hoffman, Alex. Campbell Jacob Folper.

Shamokin.—Conrad Yeager, Jacob Chitester, Jno. Dunkelberger, Michael Zimmerman, John Pensyl, Geo. Fox, John Rippley, Valentine Klase, Jacob Noecker.

Jackson.—Daniel Hilbish, Geo. Garman, Godfrey Seredley, George Geise.

Upper Mahonoy.—John Maurer, Benj. Markel, Daniel Gonsert.

Northamberland.—Joseph Wallis, Wm. Forsythe, jr.

Point.—J C. Horton,

Chilisquaque.—John McWilliams, John Gibson, Daniel Dressler, Wm. C Caul, Cornelius McGinley.

Milton.—Joseph Hogendobler, John Resh, Christopher Stine, Samuel Shadman, Charles Walters.

Lewis.—Robert Finney, Philip Roup, Isaac Turner.

Delaware.—John Liser, John McKinney, D. C. Watson, John Guffy.

ELYSBURG ACADEMY.

THE second term of this institution will commence on Monday the 6th day of August next, under the supervision of Spencer L. Finney, A. B.

It presents the advantages of cheap boarding in orderly families, a healthy location, and a competent and experienced teacher.

TERMS OF TUITION:

For Latin and Greek languages, and Mathematics,	$5,00
Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, History, &c.	3,00
Branches of a Common School Education.	2,00

Composition and Declamation will be required weekly from those who are sufficiently advanced in their studies.

The term will consist of twelve weeks.

Elysburg, July 28, 1849.—4t.

Equitable Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company.

OFFICE 74 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL $250,000.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

THE Company are now prepared to transact business upon the most liberal and advantageous terms. They are authorized by their charter (sect. 3) "to make all and every insurance appertaining to life risks of whatever kind or nature, and to receive and execute trusts, make endowments, and to grant and purchase annuities." The Company sell annuities and endowments, and act as Trustees for minors and heirs.

Table of Premiums required for the Assurance of $100 for the whole term of Life.

Age.	Prem.	Age.	Prem.	Age.	Prem.
16	1 50	31	2 05	46	3 36
17	1 53	32	2 15	47	3 49
18	1 56	33	2 20	48	3 62
19	1 59	34	2 27	49	3 77
20	1 60	35	2 33	50	3 94
21	1 63	36	2 40	51	4 13
22	1 66	37	2 47	52	4 32
23	1 69	38	2 54	53	4 51
24	1 72	39	2 63	54	4 71
25	1 76	40	2 70	55	4 91
26	1 85	41	2 81	56	5 12
27	1 89	42	2 92	57	5 33
28	1 94	43	3 01	58	5 54
29	1 98	44	3 12	59	5 78
30	2 04	45	3 23	60	6 03

The premiums are less than any other company, and the policies afford greater advantages. Tables of half-yearly and quarterly premiums, half credit rates of premium, short terms, joint lives, survivorships and endowments; also, form of Application (for which there are blank sheets) are to be had on application at the office, or by letter to the Agent, J. H. PURDY, Sunbury.

RATES FOR INSURING $100 on a single Life

Age.	For 1 year.	For 7 years.	For Life.
20	81	91	1,60
30	99	1,30	2,04
40	1,26	1,64	2,70
50	1,80	2,07	3,64
59	3,18	3,97	6,03

EXAMPLE—A person aged 30 years next birth day, by paying the Company 99 cents would secure to his family or heirs $100 should he die in one year; or for $9,90 he secures to them $1000; or for $13 annually for seven years he secures to them $1000 should he die in seven years; or for $20,40 paid annually during life he secures $1000 to be paid when he dies. The insurer securing his own bonus, by the difference in amount of premiums from those charged by other offices. For $19,50 the heirs would receive $5000 should he die in one year.

Forms of application and all particulars may be had at the office. PETER CULLEN, President.

Vice President, WM. M. BAIRD.
FRANCIS W. RAWLE, Secretary and Treasurer.
CONSULTING PHYSICIAN—Dr. J. B. Musser, Sunbury.
J. H. PURDY, Sunbury, Agent for Northumberland county.

Sunbury, July 28, 1849.—

To all Creditors, Legatees

AND OTHER PERSONS INTERESTED.—**Notice is Hereby Given,** That the following named persons did on the dates affixed to their names, file the accounts of their Administration to the Estates of those persons deceased, and Guardians' Accounts, &c., whose names are undermentioned, in the Office of the Register for the Probate of Wills, and granting Letters of Administration in, and for the County of Northumberland, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of the said County for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY the 7th of August next, at the Court House, in Sunbury, 1849.

March 8. Isaac Hull, Guardian of John, George, & Mary Mutchler, minor children of Elizabeth Mutchler, dec'd.
12. Michael Smith, Guardian of Jonas Bobb, one of the children and heirs of Michael Bobb, dec'd.
17. Catharine Herb, Administrator of William Herb, dec'd.
April 2. James Moore and David L. Irland, Administrators of William W. Irland, who was the Executor of Robert Irland, dec'd.
9. Jacob Karchner, Administrator of John Karchner, dec'd.
9. David Eshback, Gurdian of Lewis and Margaret Eshbach, children and heirs of Philip Eshbach, dec'd.
9. Jacob Karchner, Administrator of Karchner, dec'd., who was Guardian of Samuel Clapp, a minor.
14. Daniel *Heim*, Executor of Susannah Paul, dec'd.
16. George C. Welker, Guardian of Philander, and Sarah Emily Giberson, minor children of William Giberson, dec'd.
28. Peter Reed, Executor of George Reed, dec'd.
May 26. Jesse Campbell, Administrator of Alexander Tharp, dec'd.
June 12. John Gearhart, Jr., and William Mettler, Jr., Administrators, &c., of Charles Gearhart, dec'd.
July 2. William Montgomery, Guardian of Mary E. Montgomery, child and heir of John T. Montgomery dec'd.
2. Samuel Furman, Administrator of Daniel Furman, dec'd.
3. Jacob Reed, Administrator of Hannah Reed, dec'd.
5. John Haughawout, Administrator with the Will annexed, of Isaac Vansickle, dec'd.

DAVID ROCKEFELLER, Register.

Register's Office, Sunbury July 5th, 1849.

THE FARMER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA.

EDITED BY GOUVERNEUR EMERSON.

IN ONE VOLUME, Royal octavo, 1165 pages, beautifully bound, containing, 17 fine plates, besides numerous Wood Cuts. Sold at about one fourth the cost of the English work, without any Plates.

"The Farmer's Encyclopedia is a real treasury of practical information, wherein the experience of all ages and countries is carefully POSTED UP to the present day, and admirably arranged for convenient reference."—[Dr. Darlington.

"We are fully convinced that such an amount of valuable knowledge for farmer can be found in no other work in so cheap and convenient a form In fact, no Farmer who pretends to be well informed in his profession, should be without this work."—[New Gennessee Farmer.

An excellent work, fit to be distributed in premiums by Agricultural Socities.—[J. S. Skinner.

For sale at this Office, price $4.

Also, by E. W. CARR, Third street, opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia; and N. HICKMAN, Baltimore, Maryland.

☞ ALL ORDERS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY THE CASH.

July 14, 1849.—3m

STRAY HORSE.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Lower Augusta township about three weeks since, a dun-colored horse, with a black mane, black legs below the knees, and a black tail, and of about the common size. He had on when he came a halter without a strap. The owner upon proving property and paying the expenses can have him by calling on JOHN BURNS.

Lower August tshp, July 14, 1849.—4t

KNOB AND SPRING MORTISE LATCHES.—An excellent article, for sale at half the usual price by J. W. FRILING.

Sunbury, July 7, 1749.—

KENNEDY'S PATENT SASH FASTENINGS.—A cheap and excellent article for fastening sash for sale by J. W. FRILING.

Sunbury, July 7, 1849.

Notice to Subscribers.

THE History of the "Army and Navy of America," is now ready for delivery, and subscribers will be waited on shortly, by the agent, with a copy of the work.

BLANKS.

BLANKS of every description can be had by applying at the office of the American.

TISSUE PAPER.—Yellow Tissue paper for covering glasses, &c., for sale at the office of the American.

TEAS, from the New York Canton and Pekin Tea Company. For sale by J. W. FRILING.

Sunbury, Dec. 2, 1848

WHEAT WANTED.—One dollar per bushel, cash, will be paid for good wheat by IRA T. CLEMENT.

Sunbury Jan. 27th, 1849—tf

RESOLUTION.

RELATIVE TO AN AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY MET, That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows: The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large. The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges. And the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election.) The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: The Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth next after the adoption of this amendment, and the commissions of all the judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows: one of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years; the term of each to be decided by lot by the said judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance thereto. The judge whose commission will first expire shall be Chief Justice during his term, and thereafter each judge who so commission shall first expire shall in turn be the Chief Justice, and if two or more commissions shall expire on the same day, the judges holding them shall decide by lot which shall be the Chief Justice. Any vacancies happening by death, resignation, or otherwise, in any of the said courts, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of December succeeding the next general election. The Judges of the Supreme Court and the Presidents of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive for their services an adequate compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth, or under the government of the United States, or any other State of this Union. The Judges of the Supreme Court during their continuance in office shall reside within this Commonwealth, and the other Judges during their continuance in office shall reside within the district or county for which they were respectively elected.

WILLIAM F PACKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. DARSIE,
Speaker of the Senate.

IN THE SENATE, MARCH 1, 1849.

RESOLVED, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 21, Nays 8. Extract from the Journal.

SAML. W. PEARSON, CLERK.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, APRIL 2, 1849.

RESOLVED, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 58, Nays 26. Extract from the Journal.

WM. JACK, CLERK.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Filed April 5, 1849. A. L. RUSSEL.
Dep. Sec. of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Original Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused to be affixed the Seal of the Secretary's Office at Harrisburg, this eleventh day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWNSEND HAINES,
Sec'ry of the Commonwealth.

"JOURNAL OF SENATE.

"Resolution, No. 188, entitled 'Resolution,' was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the resolution? The Yeas and Nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Bois, Brawley, Crabb, Cunningham, Forsyth, Hugus, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Mason, Matthias, M'Caslin, Rich, Richards, Sedler, Sankey, Savery, Small, Smyser, Sterrett and Stine—21.

"NAYS—Messrs. Best, Drum, Frick, Ives, King, Konigmacher, Potteiger and Darsie, SPEAKER—8.

"So the question was determined in the affirmative."

"JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

"Shall the resolution pass? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the tenth article of the Constitution, and are as follows, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Gideon J. Ball, David J. Bent, Craig Biddle, Peter D. Bilson, David M. Bole, Thomas K. Bull, Jacob Cort, John H. Diehl, Nathaniel A. Elliott, Joseph Emery, David G. Eshleman, William Evans, John Fausold, Samuel Fegely, Joseph W. Fisher, Henry M. Fuller, Thomas Gowe, Robert Hampson, George P. Henszey, Thomas J. Herring, Joseph Higgins, Charles Hortz, Joseph B. Hower, Robert Klotz, Harrison P. Laird, Abraham Lamberton, James J. Lewis, James W. Long, Jacob M'Cartney, John F. M'Culloch, Hugh M'Kee, John M'Laughlin, Adam Martin, Samuel Marx, John C. Myers, Edward Nickleson, Stewart Pearce, James Porter, Henry C. Pratt, Alonzo Robb, George Repley, The dore Ryman, Bernard S. Schoonover, Samuel Seibert, John Sharp, Christian Snively, Thomas C. Steel, Jeremiah B. Stubbs, Joseph J. Stutzman, Marshall Swartzweider, Samuel Taggert, Geo. T. Thorn, Nicholas Thorn, Arunah Wattles, Samuel Weirich, Alonza I. Wilcox, Daniel Zerbey and William F. Packer, Speaker.—58.

"NAYS—Messrs. Augustus K. Coryon, David M. Courtney, David Evans, Henry S. Evans, John Fenlon, John W. George, Thomas Gillespie, John B. Gordon, Wm. Henry, James J. Kirk, Joseph Laubach, Robert R Little, John S. M'Calmont, John M'Kee, William M'Sherry, Josiah Miller, William T. Morrison, John A. Otto, William Y. Roberts, John W. Roseberry, John B. Rutherford, R Randle Smith, John Smyth, John Souder, George Walters and David F. Williams.—26.

"So the question was determined in the affirmative."

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 15, 1849.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays," taken on the "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1849.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWNSEND HAINES,
Sec'ry of the Commonwealth.

July 7, 1849.—3m.

LARD LAMPS.

CORNELIUS & CO.
No. 176 Chesnut St,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have just finished the most extensive assortment of

LAMPS,

they have ever offered for sale, comprising

ELEGANT NEW STYLE CHANDELIERS, BRAGKETS, PENDANTS, MANTEL LIGHTS, &c.

In great variety, and of ORIGINAL DESIGNS.

Much attention has been paid to ECONOMY, in the construction of these Lamps, and such are made as will produce the greatest amount of light from the least consumption of Lard.

Recent improvements in the manufactory, with the introduction of new and perfected machinery, enables them to sell at a very GREAT REDUCTION from former prices, and all articles before leaving the manufactory, are carefully inspected, and are warranted perfectly tight, and to give satisfaction.

Philadelphia, June 2, 1849.—1y

Estate of Jane Kipp, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters Testamentary, have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Jane Kipp, late of Rush township, Northumberland county, dec'd. Persons indebted to said estate or having claims against the same, are requested to present the same for settlement to the subscribers,

WILLIAM B. KIPP, ROBERT C. RUSSEL, } Ex'rs.

Rush township, July 7, 1849.—6t

STONE WARE.

STONE milk Pans, stone Jugs and Pitchers, and other articles of stone ware just received and for sale by JOHN W. FRILING.

Sunbury, June 23, 1849.—

CHARLES W. HEGINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Pottsville, Pa.

Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care.

June 16, 1849.—

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Sunbury, on Saturday the 4th day of August next; the undivided two-sevenths part of a certain tract of land situate in Shamokin township, Northumberland county, adjoining lands of Jacob Leisenring, Morgan Hughes, Wilson Price, Solomon Ruch and others, containing in the whole about 287 acres,—about 72 acres of which are cleared; whereon are erected a log and frame house, a barn, fruit trees &c., &c. Late the estate of Joseph Yocum, dec'd. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when the terms thereof will be made known.

HUGH H. TEATS, JOHN FARNWORTH. } Guardians.

By order of the Court, David Rockefeller, Clk. O. C.

Sunbury, July 7, 1849.—ts

WEISE & CLEMENT,

Saddle and Harness Makers.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public, that they have commenced the above business in Sunbury, and will constantly keep on hand and manufacture to order, at their stand in Market street nearly opposite Young's store, all articles belonging to their line of business. All articles manufactured by them will be made in the best and most durable style, and at prices as reasonable as they can be had at any other establishment in the county. They therefore respectfully solicit persons to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of produce taken in by the stores will be taken in exchange at the market price.

HENRY WEISE.
AUGUSTUS H. CLEMENT.

Sunbury, June 23, 1849.—

CHOICE GROCERIES.

COLTON & Co.

S. W. Corner Arch & 6th Street Philadelphia,

HAVE now in store a well selected stock of the very best Family Groceries, which they will sell at the lowest prices and warrant to please. Green and Black Teas from $1 down to 25 cts per lb., the Black Tea 45 cents by the Box, is unusually fine. Coffee of all qualities and prices—better Sugar for 6¼ cts. per lb., than any other store. Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Canton Ginger in Syrup, Olive Oil of the best brands, an assortment of the richest Jellies, and every article kept in our line.

All goods sent to the country, put up neatly and securely

Please try us once and satisfy yourselves whether we can suit you. COLTON & CO.

S. W. Cor. Arch & 6th St.

Philadelphia, May 26, 1849.—che3m—1y

GREAT ARRIVAL.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN W. FRILING has just received at his store in Sunbury an extensive assortment of NEW GOODS, of every variety which he is now ready to sell or exchange for produce; and consisting in part of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Linen and Cotton drilling, and summer wear of all kinds.

CALICOES, CHINTZ, GINGHAM, LAWNS, &c.

Muslins bleached and unbleached.

PALM LEAF AND OTHER HATS.

Queensware and Hardware of all kinds.

DRUGS—PAINTS, AND DYESTUFFS.

FISH, SALT, AND PLASTER.

And a great variety of other articles all of which will be sold at the lowest terms.

Sunbury, May 26, 1849.—

LIQUORS, WINES, &C.

THE subscriber has just received a new supply of the best liquors that ever came to Sunbury, consisting in part of

Superior old pale Brandy.
Fine Cogniac Brandy.
Superior Old Jamaica Spirits.
New England Rum.
Fine Holland Gin.
Superior Old Whiskey
Common do.
Superior Maderia Wine.
Lisbon do. do.
Superior Port Wine.
Burgundy Port do.
Sweet Malaga Wine.
Superior Claret Wine in bottles.
Champagne do. do.

HENRY MASSER.

Sunbury, May 26 1849.

JOHN DONNELLY,

MANUFACTURER OF DONNELLY'S UPRIGHT SAFETY GLAZED CAPSULED BLUE MATCHES, AND UNITED STATES OIL PASTE BLACKING,
No. 83 North Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA,

THESE Matches are justly considered the best in the United States; they are free from unpleasant smell, and can be introduced with perfect safety into all Stores and Dwellings. Warranted to keep ten years.

The Blacking is of superior quality, and free from and ingredient that impairs the Leather.

COUNTRY DEALERS and SHIPPERS will find it to their interest to call and see for themselves.

N. B.—An assortment of Matches of various New York Manufacturers. Matches in round wood boxes—also, packed in large or small tin cases, to ship to any part of the world.

JOHN DONNELLY,

Late of 20 Bank Street, now 83 North Third St.

March 31, 1849.—1y

JUST ARRIVED.

A New Assortment of Fresh Goods.

IRA T. CLEMENT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, customers and others, that he has just received a handsome assortment of

NEW GOODS

at his store in Market Square in Sunbury, such as

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c.

Sunbury, June 23, 1849.—

THE CHEAP BOOK STORE.

DANIELS & SMITE'S

CHEAP NEW & SECOND HAND BOOK STORE,
North West corner of Fourth and Arch Streets
Philadelphia.

Law Books, Theological and Classical Books,
MEDICAL BOOKS,
BIOGRAPHICAL & HISTORICAL BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS.
SCIENTIFIC AND MATHEMATICAL BOOKS.
Juvenile Books, in great variety.
Hymn Books and Prayer Books, Bibles, all sizes and prices.
Blank Books, Writing Paper, and Stationary,
Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Our prices are much lower than the REGULAR prices.
☞ Libraries and small parcels of books purchased.
☞ Books imported to order from London.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1849—y

Notice to Delinquent Collectors.

ALL collectors of taxes whose duplicates previous to 1849, have not been settled, are hereby notified that their bonds will be entered on record if settlement is not made.

By order of the Commissioners,
GEORGE MARTIN, Clk.

Sunbury, July 7, 1849.—

RAISINS, currants, citron, cheese, pepper sauce, &c. For sale by J. W. FRILING

Sunbury, Dec. 2, 1848.

SCROFULA

If thousands of Cures of Scrofula, Cancers, Syphilis and other impure diseases of the Blood—and if the very SMALL QUANTITY which was used of a Medicine to effect Cures of such Diseases, be any proof of the purifying medical power in the Medicine which has subdued and conquered such Diseases—then there is unquestionable evidence that—

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is such a Medicine, in every respect; and there is abundant proof, in *great cures* effected, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains *more* purifying, healing virtue, and *medical power* than there is contained in *Four Bottles* of any *sarsaparilla*, or any *other medicine* that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubted proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this great *Indian Purifier*, they that were DYING yet LIVE—they that were LAME and CRIPPLED can now WALK—they that were SICK, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have been HEALED and CURED.

Hundreds—Thousands—

who have used BRANT'S PURIFIER, after having used and tested ALL the *sarsaparillas* and other medicines recommended to cure blood diseases, have *decided* that—

Brant's is the Cheapest,

because *One Bottle* of it has *more* medical, curative matter in it, and, in consequence, cures *more disease* in much *less time*, than *one bottle* of any other medicine.

If, then, *ONE Bottle* of BRANT'S PURIFIER will cure *FOUR TIMES* more disease than *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*, "BRANT'S PURIFIER" would be as *cheap* at *four dollars* a bottle, as *sarsaparilla* at *one dollar*. But BRANT'S PURIFIER is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as a bottle of it *has* cured, and is *capable* of curing, *Four Times* as much disease as *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*, therefore, *sarsaparilla*, in consequence of its *less* power and *less* medical efficacy, should be sold at *no more* than *Twenty-Five Cents* per bottle, to be as *cheap* as the PURIFIER at *One Dollar*.

One Dollar's Worth!

How much CANCER—how much SYPHILIS—how much SCROFULA—will *One Dollar's worth* of *Brant's PURIFIER* cure? Read the following statement, which is a specimen of its power.

CANCEROUS SCROFULA!

This is the case of a *Dying* man who yet *lives*. He was *cured* of a worse case of Scrofula, by only *Twelve Bottles* of Brant's Purifier, than ever was cured by the use of *Twelve Gallons* of the *best sarsaparilla* that was ever made. Sarsaparilla has not *sufficient medical power* to effect the cure of such a *revolutingly hopeless case*.

Mr. J. B. HASKIN, of *Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.*, had *Scrofula four years*—was confined to his bed the *last year*—he was so much diseased and debilitated as to be unable to raise his hand to his head. He had the *best* medical advice—had used *all* of the *best