THE DAILY PRESS. TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier Mailed to Subscribers out of the City at SIX DOLLARS Pun Annue, Four Dollars for Eight Months TERES. DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTES-invariably in adwance for the time ordered.

THE TRI-WEEKLY PRESS. Mailed to Subscribers out of the City at THEER DOL-EARS PER ANNUM, in advance.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HATH HOUSE,
SOHOOLEY'S MeUNTAIN SPRING, N. J.
Having taken this large and elegant establishment, I aball open it on the first of June, generally refitted, and newly turnished with Linen, Crockery, &c.
A lone experience in the hotel business at the Astor House, New York; Burnett House, Cincinnati, and other first class hotels, enables me to give assurance that it will be kept in the very best manner.
Trains for the Mountain, via Morris and Essex Railroad, leave foot of Courtland street at 8 ¼ A. M. and 3% P. Mi.
Rooms may now be engaged on favorable to the street of the court of the c HEATH HOUSE,

3% P. M.

Rooms may now be engaged on favorable terms. More
particular information may be had by addressing the
subsoriber, or by calling on Mr. STETSON, of the Astor
House, New York.

jyl8-6t

E. B. COLEMAN, Proprietor. This delightful watering-place having been purchased by the undersigned, he would inform his friends and the public generally, that it will be open for the reception of visitors on the

FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT.

For particulars, please refer to Circulars, which can

FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT.

For particulars, please refer to Girculars, which can
be had at the Continental Hotsl, Merchants' Hotel, and
the Unios Hotel, Arch street.

Board, one week or less, \$1.50 per day; over one week,
or the season, \$7 per week. Children and servants half price.

These terms are given with the assurance that the accommedations shall in every respect be equal to any atering-place. ermania Band is engaged.
U. S. NEWCOMER.

QURF HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, O. R. J.—This spacious Hotel, over 600 feet in length, and with 1,100 feet of veranda, fronts on the ocean, extending back, with its rear, to the railroad. It possesses the most advantageous location on the island, with perfectly safe bathing in front, and is, in fact, the only first-class hotel within a short distance of the beach.

A good Band of Music has been engaged for the season. The Billiard-room and Bowling Alleys will be under the charge of, Mr. RALPH BEINAM IN, of Philadelphia. Additional improvements have been made, and the accommodations will be found equal, if not superior, to any on the coast. commodations will be round order.
on the coset.
The house will be opened, for the reception of guests,
on THURSDAY, June 19.
jel6-36t
H. S. BENSON, Proprietor. TRESSON SPRINGS, CAMBRIA CHESSON SPRINGS, CAMBRIA OCUNTY, PA.—This delightful and popular place of summer resort, located directly on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, on the summit of the Allegheny Mountains, twenty-three hundred feet above the level of the ocean, will be open for guess from the 10th of June till the 10th of October. Since last season the grounds thave been greatly improved and beautifed, and a number of Cottages have been erected for the accommodation, of families, rendering Cresson one of the most from and attractive places in the State. The furniture, is being theroughly renovated. The seeker of pleasure and the sufferer from heat and disease will find sattractions here in a first-class Livery Stable, Billiard Tables, Toupin Alleys, Baths, &c., together with the purest air and water, and the most magnificent mountain scenery to be found in the country.

Tickets good for the round trip from Philadelyhia, \$7.60; from Pittsburg, \$3.05.

For further information, address \$3.05. on, address G. W. MULLIN, Gambria co., Pa.

je5-2m Cresson Springs, Ca SEA BATHING LONG BRANCH, MONMOUTH CO., N. J.

METROPOCITAN HOTEL NOW OPEN.
J. H. & I. W. COOPER, CONGRESS HALL.

, CAPE MAY,
Is now open for the reception of VISITORS, and will continue open until let of SEPTEMBER. Terms, \$2 per day, or \$12 per week.

jyl2-12t MILLER & WEST. SEA BATHING. QUEAN HOUSE, CAPE ISLAND, N. J.,

Is now open for the reception of visitors.
je26.6w\* ISRAEL LAMING, Proprietor STAR HOTEL, (Nearly opposite the United States Hotel,)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
SAMUEL ADAMS, Proprietor.

Carriages to Hire. ated on the most reasonable je20-3m COLUMBIA HOUSE.

SITUATED ON KENTUCKY AVENUE,
Opposite the Surf House.
For Terms to suit the times.
je20-2m EDWARD DOYLE, Proprietor. EA-SIDE HOUSE, ATLANTIC OITY, N. J.

BY DAVID SUATTERGOOD.

A NEW PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE, beautifuly situated at the foot of Pennsylvania Avenue.

Now open for visitors for the season.

MANSION HOUSE, ATLANTIC OITY,

E. LEE, Proprietor.

This House having been thoroughly renovated and enlarged, is new open for permanent and transient boarders.

The Manbion House is convenient to depot, churches,
and lost office. The bathing grounds are unurpassed
on the Island. The Bar is conducted by Mr. EBLEL, of
Philadelphia, who will keep superior wines. liquors. and

lelphia, who will keep superior wines, liquors, and brands of cigars. je20-2m phoice brands of cigars. EAGLE HOTEL, ATLANTIC

CITY, is now open, with a

LARGE ADDITION

Board \$7 per week, pathing dressess included. ie20-2m

COTTAGE RETREAT, ATLANTIC OITY, is now open and ready for Boarders. A few choice B. oms can be obtained by applying soon. The Proprietor furnishes his table, with fresh milk from his cows; and fresh vegetables from his farm.

Also, shout four hundred desirable furtage and Hotal cows, and fresh vegetables from his farm.

Also, sbout four hundred desirable Cottage and Hotel

Lots for sale by

je20-2m

Proprieter. 66 THE ALHAMBRA," ATLANTIC

OITY." N. J., a splendid new house, southwest corner of ATLANTIO and MASSAOHUSETTS Avenues, will be open for visitors on and after June 29th. The rooms and table of "The Alhambra" are unsurpussed by any on the Island. There is a spacious Ice Uream and Retreshment Saleon attached to the house. Terms moderate. C. DUBOIS & S. J. YOUNG, je20-2m

BEDLOE'S HOTEL, ATLANTIC DILIVE ATTUMENTS.

OITY, N. J.—At the terminus of the railroad, on the left, beyond the depot. This House is now open for Boarders and Transient Visitors, and offers accommodations equal to any Hotel in Atlantic City. Charges moderate. Children and servants half price.

\*\*Parties should keep their seats until the cars arrive in front of the hotel.

CHESTER COUNTY HOUSE.—This Private Boarding House, corner of YOBK and PAOIFIC Avenue, Atlantic City, convenient to the Deach, with a beautiful view of the Ocean, is now open for the season. The accommodations are equal to any others or the Mena. e season. The scooling moderate.

EA BATHING.—"The Clarendon," (formerly Virginia House,) VIRGINIA AVENUE, ATLANTIO CITY, is now open for the accommodation of Boarders. This House is situated immediately on the Beach, and from every room affords a fine view of the Beach, and from every room affords a fine view of the gea. [je20-2m] JAMES JENKINS, M. D. CEA BATHING. - UNITED STATES HOTEL, LONG BRANGH, N J., is now open, situated only fifty yards from the seashore, central of the place; house froating the ocean 500 feet; two hours from New York. Steamer leaves durray street twice daily, 6 A. M. and 4 P. M.; thence by the R. and D. B. Bailroad. Address

Communication from Philadelphia is by the Camden and Amboy Bailroad, by the 6 A. M. and 2 P. M. trains.

CUMMER BOARDING. - BROAD-TOP MOUNTAIN HOUSE.—A romantle spot for a BUMMER BESIDENOE on one of the Mountain Tops of Pensylvania, reached daily by the Pennsylvania Central, and the Broad Top Mountain Ballroad from Huntingdon. The House is one of the finest in the interior of the State, handsomely furnished with all the requisites for comfort and convenience—pure air, delicious spring water, romantic scenery, and everything to restore and invigorate health. Telegraph station and a daily mail, so that daily communication may be had with Philadelphis.

Philadelphia.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will furnish excursion the Pennsylvania Railroad will furnish excursion thickets through the season. Persons leaving Philadelphia in the morning can take tea at the *Mountain House* the same evening.

The subscriber has kindly been allowed to refer to the following gentlemen, residents of Philadelphia, who have been patrons of the Mountain House:

Wm. Cummings, Esq.,
Saml. Castner, Esq.,
Hon. Henry D. Moore,
John McCanles, Esq.,
John Hartman, Esq.,
TERMS MODERATH. For further information, address
1012-tf Broad-Top City, Huntingdon country, Pa.

Je12-tf Broad-Top City, Huntingdon county, Pa.

STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS. MARTIN & QUAYLES
STATIONERY, TOY, AND FANCY GOODS
EMPORIUM,
No. 1086 WALNUT STREET, BELOW BLEVENTH, jell-foly PHILADELPHIA.

"THOMSON'S LONDON "THOMSON'S LONDON

KITCHENER"—We are now manufacturing
"THOMSON'S LONDON KITCHENER," or

EUROPEAN RANGE, suitable for large and small
families, hotels, hospitals, and other public institutions,
in great variety. Also, Portable Ranges, the "Philadelphis Range," Gas Ovens, Bath Boilers, and Oast-iron
Sinks, together with a great variety of small and largecized Hot-air Furnaces, Portable Heaters, Fire-board
fitteres, Low-down Grates, &c.

Wholesale and Retail outly at our Warercoms.

NOETH, CHASE, & NOETH,
Ro. 209 North SECOND Street,
jeb-3m four doors above Race street.

PAIN PIPE.—Stone Ware Drain Pipe from 2 to 12-inch bore. 2-inch bore, 250 per yard; 3-inch bore, 300 per yard; 4-inch bore, 400 per yard; 5-inch bore, 500 per yard; 6-inch bore, 500 per yard; 6-inch bore, 500 per yard. Every variety of connections, bends, traps, and coppers. We are now prepared to furnish pipe in any quantity, and on liberal terms to dealers and those purchasing in large quantities. quantity, and on noerat terms to the chasing in large quantities.

ORNAMENTAL CHIMNEY TOPS.—Vitrified Terra
ORNAMENTAL CHIMNEY TOPS.—Vitrified Terra

any climate.

GARDEN VASES.—A great variety of ornamenta
garden Vases, in Terra Cotta classical designs, all sizes,
and warranted to stand the weather.

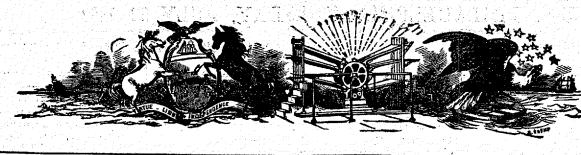
Philadelphia Terra Cotta Works, Office and Ware
Booms
jel7-tf S. A. HABRISOM. WORMAN & ELY, No. 130 PEGG

WORMAN & ELLY, No. 150 PHICH Street, manufacturers of patent CAST-STEEL TABLE OUT LERY; also, a lately-patented COMBINATION KNIFE, FORK, and SPOON, especially edapted for Camp use, for Fishermen, San-faring Men. Mechanics, Miners, Lumbermen, and all Workmen carrying their dinners. W. & E.'s Cutlery is warranted to be of the best quality of ENGLISH CAST-STEEL, and is intended to supersede, by its excellence and cheapness the interior qualities of Cutlery now in the market, and to which they respectfully layite the attention of the Bardware dealers generally.

BAY RUM—19 casks very superior, just received. For sale by OHAS. S. OARSTAIRS, 1716 128 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE Streets. COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands.

Raven's Duck Awning Twills, of all descriptions, for
Tents, Awnings, Trunks, and Wagon Govers.
Also, Paper Hannischurers' Drier Felts, from 1 to 3
Sect wide. Tarpauling, Belting, Sail Twine, &c.

JOHN W. EVERIARIA'S CO.,
2276-1



**VOL. 5.—NO.** 300.

COPARTNERSHIPS. TOTICE.—The Copartnership heretom of PRATT & REATH, has been dissolved by its own limitation, and by mutual consent.

D. T. PRATT is alone authorized to collect the outstanding debts, and to use the firm name in liquidation.

D. T. PRATT,

B. B. BEATH,

W. G. BILLIN.

D T. PRATT.

(SUCCESSOR TO PRATT & REATH,) IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN WATCHES, JEWELRY.

PLATED WARE, &c. Has removed from N. W. corner Fifth and Market Sts. No. 607 CHESTNUT STREET. Where he offers for sale a FULL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS pertaining to the WATCH BUSINESS. Dealer are solicited to examine the stock. TOTICE.-MR. WM. K. HEMP-HILL'S interest in our house ceased on the 31st y. TWELLS & CO., y1-1m 118 NORTH WHARVES. May. jy1-1m THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of BIEGEL, BAIRD, & , is this day dissolved.

PETER SIEGER, D. B. ERVIN,

JACOB RIEGEL, H. S. FISTER,

H. S. FISTER, JOSIAH BIEGEL,

NTOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNER-SHIP—The subscribers hereby give notice that they have entered into a limited partnership, agreeably to the provisions of the several laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to limited partnerships. That the name of the firm under which said partnerships is to be conducted is RIEGEL, WIEST, & ERVIN. That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the Importing and Jobbing of Dry Goods.

That the names of the General and Special Partners, all of whom reside in the city of Philadelphia, are JACOB RIEGEL, General Partner, residing at 527 North Sixth street; JOHN WIEST, General Partner, residing at 322 New street; D. B. ERVIN, General Partner, residing at 1515 Girard avenue; HENRY S. FISTER, General Partner, residing at 416 North Third street; JOSIAH RIEGEL, General Partner, residing at 416 North Third street; PETER SIEGER, Special Partner, residing at 714 North Eighth street; WM. S. BAIRD, Special Partner, residing at the Continental Hotel. That the aggregate amount of the capital contributed

That the aggregate amount of the capital contributed by the Special Partners to the common stock is One Hundred Thousand Dollars, of which Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash has been so contributed by Peter Sieger, Special Partner, and Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash has been so contributed by Wm. S. Baird, Special Partner. That the said partnership is to commence on the first day of July, A. D. 1862, and is to terminate on the first day of January, 1865.

JACOB RIEGEL,
JOHN WIEST,
D. B. EBVIN,
HENRY S. FISTER,
JOSIAH BLEGEL,
PETER SHEGER,

PETER SIEGER, Special Partners RETAIL DRY GOODS. T AWNS.

AWNS.

Fine stock of 12% and 15 cent Lawns.
Organdies at 14. 15, 19, and 25 cents.
Oheap lots of Bareges and thin dress stuffs.
6%, 8, 10, and 12% cent dress goods in profusion.
Black Bareges and Tamartines
Extra quality Black Alpacas 31 cents.
Fine Black Alpacas for Gents' Coats.
LINEN GOODS.

Table Damasks, first rate quality, at 50 cents.
Bargains in dinner Napkins.
Low-priced and fine Towels.
Bargains in 4.4 heavy Linens.
Bargains in 4.4 fire Linens.
ELOSING OUT SALES.
Boys' Summer Clothing. Boys' Summer Clothing. Linen Drills, Checks, Stripes, &c., &c.

Hoop Skirts, best quality, at old prices. jy17-tf S. E. corner NINTH and MARKET St PARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Table Linens, nearly two yards wide, at 62%c.
One case of Linens (short pieces) very cheap.
Lawns closing out cheap.
Barges reduced in price.
Calicoes at old prices.
Muslins at the lowest market price.
Mozambiques at low prices.
Linen Cambric Hdkfs. at 10 and 12%c.
Plaid and Plain Swiss Muslim—cheap.
At JOHN fl. STOKES',
N. B.—Don't forget 702, the place to buy Jackson N. B.—Don't forget 702, the place to buy Jackson celebrated Lead Pencils.

GOOD BLACK DRESS SILKS. Heavy-corded Dress Silks. Glossy Black Dress Silks. Widows' Silks, without gloss. EXRE & LANDELL, GOOD MUSLINS BY THE PIECE.

New York Mills Shirting.
Wamenttas, Williamsville, Whiterocks.
Sheeting, Muslins, first quality.
EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH and AROH. GOOD FLANNELS, UNSHRINKABALE.—Welsh and Saxony Flannels.
Ballard Vale Flannels.
Magenta Colored Sackings.
EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH and ARCH

FOURTH and ARCH. H. STEEL & SON,

No. 713 North TENTH St., above GOATES,

Are now closing out their entire stock of

IANOY SILKS,

BAREGES, CHALLIES,

MOZAM BIQUES, ORGANDIES,

JACONET AND CAMBRIO LAWNS,

TRAVELLING MIXTURES, and TRAVELLING MIXTURES, and
TRAVELLING MIXTURES, and
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
Of all kinds, at EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.
LACE GOODS REDUCED.
\$25 Lace Mantles reduced to \$12.
\$20 Lace Mantles reduced to \$10.
\$18 Lace Mantles reduced to \$5.
\$16 Lace Mantles reduced to \$7.
\$12 Lace Mantles reduced to \$7.
\$12 Lace Mantles reduced to \$4.
\$5 Lase Pointes reduced to \$3.
\$10 Lace Mantles reduced to \$4.
\$5 Lace Pointes reduced to \$3.
\$12 Lace Pointes reduced to \$5.
\$16 Lace Pointes reduced to \$5.
\$16 Lace Pointes reduced to \$5.
\$17 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$18 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$19 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$10 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$10 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$10 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$11 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$12 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$13 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$14 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$15 Lace Pointes reduced to \$1.
\$18 Lace Pointes reduced

1024 CHESTNUT STREET. E. M. NEEDLES Invites the special attention of Ladies whe in-mid spending the summer out of town to a very rge assortment of MADE-UP GOODS just re-SLEEVES, SETS, HANDKEBOHIEFS,

Also, a large assortment of MUBLINS, suitable of GARIBALDIS, &c., together with every veriety of WHILE GOODS, LINENS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, HANDKEROHFS, VEILS, To Just opened per latest arrivals from Europe an invoice of very beautiful and entirely new styles
PUFFED FRENCH CAMBRIC, for
GARIBALDI'S, MODE GRENADINE VEILS, was soll absent to the strimming thin Dresses, etc.—a new and very desirable article. Also, an invoice of.
PURE WHITE FRENCH PLAID
ORGANDIES. 1024 CHESTNUT STREET.

TAS. R. CAMPBELL & Co., 727 CHESTNUT STREET, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

The state of the s WHITE GOODS AND LINENS
In great variety, at extremely low prices. WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION

of my customers and friends to the following Goods, hich are fresh and desirable:
Black and White Plaid Silks.
Organdie Lawns, choice styles.
One lot of Lisie Gauntiets, at 18% c a pair.
One lot of Black Silk, \$1.12%; the best I ever had for he money. At JOHN H. STOKES', je10-6m NIEW EMBROIDERIES, WHITE of desirable French and Scotch Needle-worked Band:
Edgings, Insertings, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Sleeves, etc
at very low prices.

ALSO.

A full line of all descriptions of White Goods for Ladies'
wear, of the most approved makes.
SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN, & ABRISON,
je4 1008 CHESTNUT Street. NEW SPRING PRINTS,

CHOIGE STYLES.

MERRIMACS,
SPRAGUE,
PAOIFIO,
ALL TWELVE AND A HALF CENTS. A large lot best styles and fast colors at 10c.
COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
mhl5-tf N. W. cor. EIGHTH and MARKET Sta

CAUTION.

The well-earned reputation of

FAIRBANKS' SCALES Has induced the makers of imperfect balances to offer m as "FAIRBANKS' SCALES," and pur have thereby, in many instances, been subjected to fraud and imposition. FAIRBANKS SOALES are manufactured only by the original inventors, E. & T. FAIR-BANKS & CO., and are adapted to every branch of the

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity and complete success which our PATENT SELF-ADJUSTING OLOTHES-WRINGER has met with, other parties are endeavoring to sell their inferior machines, by adopting our name of "AELF-ADJUSTING" as a means to deceive the public.

We, therefore, give notice that our name will be plainly stamped on each Machine manufactured and sold by us, and none others are genuine. Any one using our trademark will be dealt with according to law.

Mr. L. E. SNOW, corner of FIFTH and CHESTNUT Streets, Philadelphia, is our SOLE AGENT for Pennsylvania.

HALEY, MORSE, & BOYDEN.

juzztsel2

OLIVE OIL.—An invoice of "Carstairs" pure Olive Oil just received per Ocean
Skimmer. For sale by
OHABLES S. CARSTAIRS,
jy4 No. 126 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE Sts.

PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1862.

MASHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Wittel of a Writ of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALA-DER, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. in admiralty, to me directed, will be sold, at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at GALIOWHILL-STREET WHARF, on TURSDAY, July 29, 1862, at 12 o'clock M., the sch. oner BOWENA, hor tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the cargo laden on board. The cargo consists of pig lead, printing paper, oil, tea, soda ash, hops, cigars, cotton cards, pepper, block itn, shoes, shot, shoes thread, and sheathing copper. The goods will be arranged for examination on the morning of sale.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

U.S. Marshal Eastern District of Penna.
PHILADELPHIA, July 17, 1862.

MARSHAL'S SALE. By Witten of contractions of the state It is fortunate for society that there is such a thing as Public Opinion, at once a guardian

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of

WILLIAM ENLLY AND U. S. Marshal E. D. of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, July 15, 1862. jyl6-6t

PHILABELPHIA. July 16, 1882 jyl6-6t

MARSHAL'S SALE—By virtue of
a Writ of Sale, by the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the District Court of the United States,
in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in admiraity, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the
highest and best bidder, for cash, at CALLOWHILLSTREET WHARF, on MONDAY, July 23th, 1862, at 11
o'clock A. M., the schooner PROVIDENCE, her tackle,
apparel, and furniture, and the cargo inden on board.
The cargo consists of coarse and fine salt and segars.
WILLIAM MILLUMARD,
U. S. Marshal Eastern District of Penna.
PHILABELPHIA, July 15, 1862. jyl6-6t

TNITED STATES, EASTERN DIS-

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT
OF PENNSYLVANIA OF PENNSYLVANIA,

GREETING:

WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and duly proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the schooner OABULINE and VIRGINIA, whereof—— is master, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, captured as a prize by the naval forces of the United States in the sounds of North Carolina, under command of Fing Officer J. O. Rowan, and brought into this, port, to be monished, cited, and called to judgment, at the time and place underwritten, and to the effect hereafter expressed, (justice so requiring.) You are therefore, charged, and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you omit not, but that, by publishing these presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed and published in the city of Philadelphia, and in the Legal Intelligencer, you do monish and cited, peremptorly, all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the said schooner OAROLINE and VIEGINIA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, to appear before the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the, said court, at the District Court room, in the city of Philadelphia, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day to layed the arriver. OF PENNSYLVANIA, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show, or allege, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said schooner CAROLINE and VIRGINIA, her tackle, apparel and furniture, should not be pronounced to belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be intimated, unto all persons aforesaid generally, (to whom, by the tenor of these presents, it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend and will proceed to adjudication on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner GAROLINE and VIRIAINIA.

on the said capture, and may pronounce that the said schooner OAROLINE and VIRGINIA, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, did belong, at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies of the United States of America, and as goods of their enemies, or otherwise, liable and subject to confiscation and condemnation, to be adjudged and condemned as lawful prize, the absence, or rather contumacy, of the persons so cited and intimated in anywise notwithstanding, and that you duly certify to the said District Court what you shall do in the premises, together with these presents.

Witness the Honorable JOHN CADWALADER, Judge of the said court, at Philadelphia, this eighteenth day of JULY, A. D. 1862, and in the eighty-seventh year of the Independence of the said United States.

INTELL STATES EASUERN DIS INITED STATES, EASTERN DIS-TRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SCT.
THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT
OF PENNSYLVANIA. F PENNSYLVANIA,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
GREETING:
WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States
in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly
and duly proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the
or interest in one IRON 25074 decreed all persons in
by the naval forces of the United States and the control of the United States of the United States of North Caroline, under command of Flag Officer J.
C. Rowan, at Roanoke, and brought into this port,
to be monished, cited, and called to judgment,
at the time and place underwritten, and to the
effect hereafter expressed, fustice so requiring) You
are therefore charged, and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you omit not, but that, by publishing these
presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed
and published in the city of Philadelphia, and in the
Legal Intelligencer, you do monish and cite, or cause
to be monished and cited, peremptorily, all persons
in general who have, or pretend to have, any right,
title, or interest in the said IRON WINDLASS, to appear before the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, the
Judge of the said Court, at the District Courtroom, in the City of Philadelphia, on the TWENTIETH day after publication of these presents, if it
be a court day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and
there to show, or allege, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said
IRON WINDLASS should not be pronounced to belong,
at the time of the capture of the same, to the enemies
of the United States, and as goods of their enemies,
or otherwise, liable and subject to condemnation, to be
adjudged and condemned as good and lawful prizes; and
further to do and receive in this behalf as to justice shall
appertain. And that you duly intimate, or cause to be
intimated, unto all persons aforesaid, generally, (to
whom by the tenor of these presents.

Witness the Honorable John Cadwaladian on the said
capture I INITED STATES, EASTERN DIS-

TRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SCT.
THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE MARSHAL OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
GREETING:
WHEREAS, The District Court of the United States in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, rightly and dul, proceeding on a Libel, filed in the name of the United States of America, hath decreed all persons in general who have, or protend to have, any right, title, or interest in THEATT BALES OF COTTON, captured as prize, by the naval forces of the United States, in the sounds of North Carolina, under the command of Flag Officer J. C. Rowan, at Newbern, on the river Neuse, in the said state of North Carolina, and brought in to this port to be monished, cited, and called to judgment at the time and place underwritten, and to the effect hereafter expressed, justice so requiring.) You are therefore charged, and strictly enjoined and commanded, that you ontit not, but that, by publishing these presents in at least two of the daily newspapers printed and published in the City of Philadelphia, and in the Legal Intelligencer, you do monish and cite, or cause to be monished and cited, peremptorily, all persons in general who have, or pretend to have, any right, title, or interest in the said THIBTY BALES 30° COTTON, to appear before the Hon. JOHN CADWALADER, the Judge of the said court, at the District Court room, in the City of Philadelphia, on the TWENTHETH day after publication of these presents, if the a courf day, or else on the next court day following, between the usual hours of hearing causes, then and there to show, or alleges, in due form of law, a reasonable and lawful excuse, if any they have, why the said THIBTY BALES OF COTTON should not be pronqueced to belong; at the time of the capture of the same, to the remained, unto all' persons, aforesaid, generally, (to whom by the tenor of these presents it is also intimated,) that if they shall not appear at the time and place above mentioned, or appear and shall not show a reasonable and lawful cause to the contrary, then said District Court doth intend OF PENNSYLVANIA,

EAURE ANKS & EWING,
General Agents,
O'ERINGTON, Trustees under the will of Ralph PILLING Coecased.
The OILY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of RALPH PILLING, deceased.
The Auditor appointed by the Court to andit, settle, and adjust the account of WILLIAM OVERINGTON, JAMES HORBOCKS, JOHN LEVER, and THOMAS OVERINGTON, Trustees under the will of Ralph PILING of Control of WILLIAM OVERINGTON, Trustees under the will of Ralph PILING and complete success which our PATENT SELF-INGTON, JAMES HORBOCKS, JOHN LEVER, and THOMAS OVERINGTON, Trustees under the will of Ralph PILING, deceased, and to make distribution of the chince, by adopting our name of "BELF-ADJUSTING" as a means to deceive the public.
We, therefore, give notice that our name will be plainly stamped on each Machine manufactured and sold by us, and none others are genuine. Any one maing our trademark will be dealt with according to law.

No. 128 South SIXTH Street, in the city of Philladelphia.

July 21, 1862, at 11. o'clock A. M., at on MONDAY, July 21,

OPENING OF A SUMMER GARDEN.—The undersigned begs leave to inform the
public that he has opened for the season his FINE GARBEN and HOTEL, at the foot of COATES Street, opposite Fairmount Park. Families are particularly invited.
Ice Gream, Oakes, excellent Lager Beer of Balta's breweer, Wines, &c., always on hand.

HENRY FRICKA,

BYS-8m TWERTY-SEVENTH and GOATES Sta.

TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1862.

A Duke in a Fix.

and a censor. No less a person than the MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. in admiralty, to me directed, will be sold at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, for Cash, at CALLOWHILL-STREET WHARF, on MONDAY, July 28th, 1862, at 11 o'clock A.M., the schooner DIXIE, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, as she now lies at raid charf.

WILLIAM MILLWARD,

WILLWARD,

WILLWARD, Duke of Buccleugh, whose vast estates, larger reverence for rank, always being in ecstasies when he can "pitch into" a nobleman. The Duke of Buccleugh and Queensbury, who is also possessor of a marquesate, five earldoms, and six baronies, is one of the wealthiest of British nobles. He is a good landlord and a kind-hearted gentleman, who has never yet shown any indication of talent. His rank, wealth, and influence made him a Cabinet Minister twice, and his wife has been Mistress of the Robes to Queen Victoria. She did not hold that office long, for, disgusted with her Majesty for keeping her standing behind her chair, during the whole performance of a tedious opera, the Duchess resigned her situation, which it was strange a woman of her station ever should have accepted. The first Duke of Buccleugh married the daughter of the Duke of Monmouth, son of Charles II. by Lucy Waters, and the readers of Macaulay's England are familiar with his adventurous life and tragical fate. Nearly opposite the Treasury, in London, stands Montagu House, upon property belonging to the Crown. For some reason unknown, the Dukes of Buccleugh bave been permitted to occupy this residence at a very small rent, and the lease was lately renewed for ninety-nine years without any advance. The garden fagade fronts, and the garden runs down to, the river Thames. There is a plan, demanded by the public, on sanitary grounds as well as because it will be a convenience and improvement, which received legislative sauction some short time back, for embanking the Thames, from Westminster to Blackfriars. When effected, this will give a fine road on the bank of the river, and decidedly convenience the public. It is not intended to take one inch from the garden of "the bold Buccleugh," for the road will be constructed upon made ground—the river being embanked for that purpose. The Duke of Buccleugh strongly objects to the convenience of the people of London being consulted by making a fine road or quay on the bank of the Thames, at the foot of the public land which, by some underhand jobbery, he occupies at a nearly nominal rent. He does not want the public to come between the Thames and his noblity. What is more, he means to fight it out, in the law-courts, and defer, if he cannot wholly prevent, the completion of the plan, recommended by Sir Christopher. at the foot of the public land which, by some

> convenient and necessary. John Bull is loath to make a manifestation against any wearer of a ducal coronet, but in 1832 he snobbed "the Iron Duke" because of his opposition to the Reform Bill, and in 1862 he cries out, with necessary improvement.

great bitterness, against the selfishness and tyranny of the Duke of Buccleugh which are endeavoring to deprive London of a great and The exclusives who constitute that privileged order, the British Peerage, should bear in mind that the continuance of their order depends, not on the will of the Sovereign, but on the will of the People. In England, when this will asserted itself, during the tyrannical reign of Charles Stuart, the monarchy itself was overthrown and the peerage abolished. In France, a century and a half later, the misgovernment of the Crown and the exactions of the haughty noblesse abolished monarchy and peerage. John Bull, with all his hereditary tolerance, even toadyism, of high rank, needs but a few such demonstrations as that of thick-headed Buccleugh to bring about a

of thick-headed Buccleugh to bring about a catastrophe which would shake the peerage catastrophe which would shake the peerage of to the dust.

The English newspapers are in full cry at Buccleugh. Of course, Punch has his fling.

Buccleugh. Of course, Punch has his fling.

Buckleugh of lets the Arkaness is an iron close the result of the Arkaness is an iron close. Buccleugh. Of course, Punch has his fling, with pen and pencil. As usual, of late, the built at Memphis, but was removed from that point, written manifestation is very slight—namely, troops. She has since been completed in the Yazoo cleugh's opposition to the Thames Embank-

cleugh's opposition to the Thames Embankment!" It may be presumed that the note of
admiration here was put in merely to show
the wretchedness of the joke. There is a
ps-of-war, and feur gunboats and seven or eight
cartoon, however, which is much better. It
disabled, blew no a ram, burned one vessel, and
is entitled, "Sawney stops the way," and reset that we lost steam and could not use our vessel, and
is entitled, "Sawney stops the way," and reset that we lost steam and could not use our vessel, and
is entitled, "Sawney stops the way," and reset that we lost steam and could not use our vessel as
we Embankment." The Duke of Buccleugh of quarters. Loss, ten killed and fifteen wounded;
the warfed and kilted, with a drawn claymore in
his hand, and a coronet on his sandy-haired
dicksburg, July 15.—The sloop-of-war Arkansas,
head, stops the vehicle, and close by hindy or thirteen of the enemy's rams, gunboats, and
floats a flag inscribed, "Buccleugh and na
floats a flag inscribed, "Buccleugh and n

with its attendant law of primogeniture,
merely a matter of time. If the nobility plants is found, says the Dispatch, upon examination, that
many such pranks as this of his Grace puratively few of the muskets captured from the
Buccleugh, not much time will pass ore the captured from the buttles below Richmond, have sustained
whole concern will topple over by its own feir femous retreat from the Ohickahominay, to make
bleness and weight, never again to be to ess destruction of property complete, and hence we find,
a lot of twenty, thousand, not more than a thousand
blished. The gew-gaws of title and "poor attenuate he specially redered as good as new. These
have pretty nearly had their day. The matter are generally of superior quality, including many
recent invention and European manufacture.

DIED FROM GRIEF. shown, in this country, how advangeout they can be dispensed with.

Passenger Railway

Court have ded that Councils have a Court have on cars. If no relief can be collect a the public determine to ride this way in fact, both men and women as possible alth greatly benefited by usin find the han they do. Riding in cars is not seem to see the cars of the car

Very respectfully,

LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

Death of General David E. Twiggs—Rebel Account of the Recent Gunboat Affair on the Mississippi—Official Despatches from Van Dern and Brown—The Doings of Morgan—Floating Battery at Savannah—The Rebels Uncasy, at Pope's Advance—Wounded Federal Soldiers in Richmond, &c. From the Richmend Dispatch, 17th and 18th inst.]

AUGUSTA, July 15.—General David E. Twiggs died nere this morning, after a brief illness. here this morning, after a brief illness.

A YANKEE REGIMENT SURPRISED AND ROUTED BY COLONEL MORGAN.

KNOXVILLE, July 15.—On the 9th inst., at Tompkinsville, Monroe county, Ky, Colonel Morgan's cavalry surprised and routed the 7th Pennsylvania Segiment, capturing thirty. Among the prisoners is Major Thomas Jordan, who was brought here last night. Our loss is two slightly wounded. The whole camp of the enemy and all the stores fell into the hands of Morgan, including one hundred head of horses and mules, a hundred rifles, and a large quantity of ammunidon and clothing. It was not Captain Lewellyn, Ool. Morgan's quartermaster, who was killed, as reported, but Captain O'Brien, of the Texas Rangers.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ENEMY IN TENNESSEE. KNOXYILLE, July 15.—General Buell's forces are scat-tered all along the line from Huntsville to Stevenson, and are said to number 30,000, including 1,500 cavalry. Mc-Cook's division, 10,000 strong, is marching against Chat-tanooga, with twenty-five pieces of artillery and Buell's cavalry. Mitchell has certainly been sent to Washington,

ry. Mitchell has certainly been sent to Wasl ratrest. General Buell is now in comman ankee forces in Tennessee. FLOATING BATTERY AT SAVANNAH. It is now complete and ready for action. The arms and sating battery Georgia, built by the ladies of that gallant State, is now complete and ready for action. The arms ment of the Georgia consists of ten heavy gues. She will be commanded by Lieutenant J. Pembroke Jones, of Virginia. POPE'S MOVEMENTS GIVING SOME ALARM.

The Bichmond Dispatch has the following in referen

The enemy's lines before Washington.

The report of the enemy's raid upon the town of Gordonsville has been contradicted in time to prevent any under exeitement here, but it seems to have been the prevalent impression among the people of Orange county that Gen: Pope's army was coming upon them in terri le atray; dealing death and destruction at every step of their progress. The telegraph operator at Gordonsville caught the alarm, and, with the abrupt announcement, "1'm off," packed up his instrument and departed, discontinuing, for the time being, all communication between the capital and a point whereon public interest so suddenly concentrated. A citizen, who numbered himself among the stampeders, telegraphed from the nearest station that the enemy had actually entered the town; but, somehow or other, nobody had seen the Yankees, and all information respecting their movements was necessarily vague and uncertain. Matters, however, soon assumed a more definite shape, and it was ascertained that a small force of cavalry had advanced as far as the Rapidan river, destroying, the Orange and Alexandria railroad bridge over that river, and retreated to their main army without any further demonstration. THE ENEMY'S LINES BEFORE WASHINGTON. railroad bridge over that river, and retreated to their main army without any further demonstration.

Intelligence received in official quarters on Monday night, represents that the enemy's force was in the neighborhood of Culpeper Court House to the number of about 3,000, and that the town of Gordonsville still remained undisturbed by anything save a causaless alarm. All circumstances lend to show that the movements of the enemy in that direction are invited by apprehensions for the safety of Washington; yet, if he chooses to attempt an advance towards Richmond, from the Valey of Virginia, let hun try it.

The storm of last evening prevented the receipt of any later telegraphic advices, but the foregoing statement of

later telegraphic advices, but the foregoing statement the situation of affairs is believed to be substantia WOUNDED YANKEES.

On Sunday night, eight hundred wounded and sick Federal soldiers were brought to this city via York River Railroad and wagons. Among them were the following efficers: John McKerns, second lieutenant, Co. B. Sist Penns Ivania; D. A. Moore, Co. B. Sist New York; James Collins, surgeon, 2d Maine; J. J. Marks, chaplain, 63d Penns) Ivania; Fred. Jacobs, second lieutenant, Co. C, 7th New York; Otto Hoyne, captain, Co. H., 29th Massachusetts; Emile Berger, first lieutenant, Co. L., lat United States Sharpshosters; John M. Fox, volunteer assistant surgeon. As intimated elsewhere, a number of the Yankee dectors have resolved to stay and attend to their wounded men in our midst.

he cannot wholly prevent, the completion of the plan, recommended by Sir Christopher Wren, two centuries ago, for quaying the Thames on both sides—something in the manner in which the Seine, an inferior river in all respects, is embanked and quayed in Paris. The Duke of Buccleugh's only argument is that he lately rebuilt Montagu House at vast expense, (it cost about \$2,500,000, we believe,) and that a handsome road, boulevard, or quay between his grounds and the river would somewhat interfere with his ducal privacy. The press of London has eagerly taken up the subject, and the Duke of Buccleugh finds, with all his wealth and titles, that his privacy is to be interfered with when he runs counter to public opinion and the public good. The readily be appreciated by those who take the trouble of thinking what our own Delaware, a much finer river than the Thames, would be without the quays which, in this city, are so convenient and necessary. John Bull is loath to make a manifestation against any wearer THE CONFEDERATE RAM ARKANSAS ATTACKS AND

DISPERSES THE VANKEE FLEET AT VICKSBURG—
DESPATCH—EXASPERATION OF THE
WEMY, ETC. PREMY, ETC.

PIBLE, July 15.—A special despatch to the Advertiser and Register, from Vicksburg, to-day, says that the ram Arbeas came out of the Yazoo river, and fought thugh the enemy's fleet, indicting great damage. She is we under our guns, preparing for another dash. Two shis, only, penetrated her. Our loss was twenty killed anywounded. Captain Brown was wounded stightly. Tenemy's lower fleet is hastily retiring.

OKSON, July 15.—A despatch to the Mississippian say that the monster Arkausas, this morning, came du through the Federal fleet under a terrific fire, log five killed and three wounded. The damage done ter is trifling, chiefly to her smoke stack. She is now alleksburg, and the wounded have been sent ashore. Gerals Van Dorn, Breckinridge, and Smith, visited her. Tederal loss is unknown.

OKSON, July 15.—The Arkansas sunk two boats, cing out of Yazoo river. The Federal firet opened on it sides, pouring a terrific fire as she passed. On opening port-hole for air a shell entered, killing nine and mading several others. The ram Benton attempted to the Arkansas, but missed her and was struck by the ansas. She put for shere in a sinking condition, ther Federal gunboat was fired. All the transports be fleet below left. One mortar-hoat grounded, and burned The Arkansas is scarcely injured, and is ected to go down the river.

Iheavy bombardment is now going on—8 P. M. The rive are distinctly heard here. No telegraphic intellice host, the process of the past the process of the price of

DIED FROM GRIEF. The Edgefield (S. C.) Advertiser announces the death of Mrs. Julia Buller, reliet of the late Col. P. M. Butler the died from grief at the death of her youngest son, E. Buller, who was killed in the battle of Tuesday, the lat instant, near Biohmond. The first of ELIZA & BECK, decessed.

The BECK, Executor of the last will and testament of ELIZA & BECK, late of the UT of PHILADELPHIA.

The BECK, Executor of the last will and testament of ELIZA & BECK, late of the UT of PHILADELPHIA.

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The COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA Elsten of RALPH PLANNS' COURT FOR THE COURTY OF PHILADELPHIA E

In victorious, aimost without a reverse of the form these it it may be well for us to inquire whether the natives of South to well for us to inquire whether the natives of South to each ster able to bear its heats than it increase accustomed to a less or cryating olimate. The cossion we draw is the same drawn by the press of the cory generally, on other grounds, viz.: to push the with vizor, to make hay while the sun shines. July, it half of it, August, September and October—

months of sunshine and warmth—remain to us. During these months, it is fair to presume that the Southern soldier can fight his best—far better than when the blasts of autumn and winter have chilled his blood and numbed his murcles. Shall these months pass idly by? We believe not. Our authorides will make glad the hearts of the people, and make sureour independence, by ordering every general in the field to press with vizor on—to strike while the iron is hot—to make hay while the sun while the iron is hot—to make hay while the sun ehines, and cease not till fire and sword are carried beyond the Ohio and Potomac.—Whig, 18th.

Richmond papers of the 17th and 18th have been received. They were jubilant over the capture of General Curtis and the taking of 8 000 prisoners, who are to be sent to Memphis, when we know that General Curtis is safe at Helena, having beaten his foe in several engagements on his way. nents on his way. DETERMINATION OF M'CLELLAN.

We believe that, no matter at what "expense of time, treasure, and blood," it is the determination of the North to capture this city, and conquer the South, if it can. There is no hope, but in our own strong hearts and arms, save in that benignant Providence which has so often interposed for our deliverance, but which only helps those who help themselves. Let us not forget the lesson of Manassus. Every moment now is more precious than gold. THE BIG SCARE AT GORDONSVILLE CAUSED BY

THE BIG SCARE AT GORDONSVILLE CAUSED BY POPE'S ADYANCE.

The Lynchburg Republican, of yesterday, gives some particulars of the Yankee raid in Orange. It says: A Yankee force, stated to number eleven regiments of infantry and one of cavairy, with ten pieces of artillery, is reported to have taken possession of Orange Court. House, on Sunday, though we have doubts about its correctness, as a person who left that place at seven o'clock in the evening of that day says there was no enemy then in sight. They burned the bridge across the Rapidan rivor, five miles from the Court. House, which would appear to be conclusive that they do not design a further advance. There were itle reports yesterday that they had possession of Gordonsville, but, up to nine o'clock last night, telegraphic communication was open with that place. There was a big scare a 1d a general stampede from Gordonsville on Sunday, the trains leaving there being literally loaded down with old and young, male and female, flying from the Yankees, who some fellow, worse scared than hurt, reported to be within a fow miles of the place. Everything that could be, was removed, and the writer, who happened accidentally to be at the place, could but be amused at the evident trapidation which had seized upon all. Government officials, with blanched cheeks, were hurrying to and fro, palefaced women with dishevelled tresses and wringing their hands, rushed to the cars, which were to bear them from the dangerous locality, and, in short, there were but few who did not participate in the general fear and confusion.

—Dispatch.

LATE FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Dispatch

Butler Still at Work-He Annihilates the Rebel Sequestration Act-Another Batch of Good Orders-The Celebration of the Fourth, &c. We have received our New Orleans files, covering date rom the 7th to the 13th instant, from which we take the following interesting items:

The foreign vessels in port on the 4th inst. all had their flags flying as evidences of international courtesy. We were mistaken in our impression that the British vessels had refused to hoist their flags en the occasion, and we are pleased to say, in view of the state of feeling existing between the authorities here, and the representatives of British nationality, that there was no foundation for the injurious report.

COMPLIMENTING AN HONEST EDITOR. COMPLIMENTING AN HONEST EDITOR.

If there be one man in New Orleans who, more than all other men, deserves well of his country, that man is Mr. John McGlunis, editor and proprietor of the True Detta. He has been faithful among the faithless, and was bold and marly in a time of danger. We commend him to the President of the United States, to Secretary Seward, and to Major General Butler. He has done more for the cause of fleedom and American nationality than all the other newspaper editors in the State. all the other newspaper editors in the State of Louisiana. We trust President Lincoln will, in some signal way, wince his appreciation of the pluck of the brave editor. Long may the True Delta live.

Our contemporary, the Delta, pays us a flattering compliment this morning on our integrity, &c., &c. The cempiment, we are satisfied, was well meant; but we must say it has been put in a left-handed shape, when the coltor recommends as to the good graces (a fat office, of course,) of "the President of the United States, Secretary Seward, and Major General Butler." The highest ambition of the editor of the True Delta is to publish an honest and independent journal. There is no office of emolument in the gift of the Federal, Confederate, State. or city government that he would accept.—True Delta. There was nothing "left handed" in what we said of bonest Mr. John McGinnis. If President Lincoin sees fit to appoint the editor of the True Delta to office, he will have to obey orders. It will not do for him to say what he will do or what he will not do in times like these. He is a pretty independent man, we know, but must, when so instructed, yield obedience to the instructions of the Commander of the Army and Navy.—Delta. PERSONAL. the Commander of the Army and Navy.—Delta. THE REBEL LIE CONCERCING BATON ROUGE.

There was a report in town the other day that the rebels had "cleaned the Yankees out" of Baton Rouge. The holders of Confederate notes pretended to believe it, and under the excitement disposed of much of their worthless paper. The story was false. We have just returned from Baton Rouge. The American flag still waves from the Capitol, and our troops hold the town, to the great delight of the honest men of the place.

We occasionally tumble upon an amusing item of news concerning New Orleans, but not the least remarkable among which is the following. The Mobile Register and Advertiser, of the 2d instant, says:

NEW ORLEANS.—There remains but little doubt left that the British equadron blockades the Balize and turns back all Yankee vessels going in or out. John Bull claims sixty days' time and a fair start for neutral trade. General Butler's passes and clearances are disregarded by the British commanders. So, Mr. Lincole's proclamation to the contrary, notwithstanding, the blockade of New Orleans is not raised. The only difference is, that the Yanks from being the blockaders are now the blockaded.

The Picayane, also, has, had the fortune of meeting THE REBEL LIE CONCERCING BATON ROUGE.

that the Yanks from being the blockaders are now the blockaded.

The Picayune, also, has had the fortune of meeting with some paragraphs on intensely interesting subjects, Colour introns. Unfect with scheme paragraphs on intensely interesting subjects, Colour introns. Unfect with scheme paragraphs on a visit to the North; for the benefit of his health, was carried aboard the ship in which he sailed in his coffin general Butler is compelling the New Orleans banks to pay specie for their notes.

Mrs. Major—for wearing a Secession flag in her bonneft, was arrested, and threatened with Fort Jackson. Being fined, she handed General Butler the money in Confederate notes, which he flaug back into her face.

Whenever a United States officer or soldier appears in the streets of New Orleans, the women invariably spit eggs. MORE TROUBLE IN THE CURRENCY. MORE TROUBLE IN THE CURRENCY.

The convenient use to which omnibus and car fickets have of late been applied, as small change currency, has, within a few cas a past, received a sevire check, which may probably tend to their disuse altogether. The owners of the lines declare that there are so many counterfeits, and have been rejecting so many as base, that but few persons can now be found to receive them in course of traffic. The Apollo and Dryades 'bus tickets, all along the very best, and of which we heard of none spurious, are sifted now, and the whole bundles thrown out

Tous, are saided now, and the whole bundles thrown out as worthless.

IMPORTANT NOTICES, GENERAL ORDERS, ETC.

TO THE PUBLIC.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 
NEW ORLEANS, La., July 11, 1862.

The assembling together in the streets and public squares of citizons in groups and crowds has become chargeous to the public peace. The police of the city have therefore been ordered to disperse all assemblages of more than three persons, and to arrest and confine all those who refuse immediate compliance with their directions.

JONAS H. FRENCH,

Provost Marshal and Chief of Police, New Orleans.

HEADQUARTERS, MILITARY COM'D'T NEW ORLEANS, CITY HALL, July 11, 1862.

It is hereby ordered that all acts of sale by anctioners who have not taken the oath of allegiance to the United States, or inenswed their license, will be null and void. By order of General OEORGE F. SHEPLEY,

G. WEZZEL, Licetonal United States Engineers, and Assistant Military Commandant.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 48.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 48.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE GOLF, NEW ORLEANS, July 9, 1862

All dividends, interest, coupons, stock certificates, and accrued interest, due or payable by any incorporated or joint stock company to any citizen of the United States, and any notes, dues, claims, and accounts, of any such citizen due from any such company, or any private person or company within this department, which have heretofore been retained under any supposed order, authority, act of sequestration, garnishee process, in any way emanating under the supposed Confederate States or the State of Louisians, since the fraudulent ordinance of Secssion, are hereby ordered to be paid and delivered respectively to the lawful owners thereof or their then duly authorized agents. By order of

Major General BUTLER.

B. S. DAVIS, Captain and A. A. A. G. SPECIAL ORDER NO. 48.

GENERAL ORDERS-No. 49. GENERAL ORDERS—NO. 49.

HEADQUARTERS DEFARTMENT OF THE GULEN,
NEW ORLEANS, July 9, 1892.

All heads of departments in this division will: make a
full return to these headquarters of all public property
in their hands on the let of July. By order of
Major General BUTLER,
R. S. DAVIS, Captain and A. A. A. G.

SPECIAL ORDER-NO. 173 SPECIAL ORDER—NO. 173

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New CHLEANS, July 8, 1862.

Authority has been received from the War Department to recruit and organize several regiments of volunteers for the United States army in the State of Louistant. Hiert G. Witzell, Corps of Engineers and Assistant Military Commandant, is charged with the superintendence of the recruiting, equipments, clothing, organization, and drill of this force, and to this end he has authority to make such details and arrangements as he may think proper. By order of Major General BUTLER.

R. S. Davis, Captain and A. A. A. G.

GENERAL ORDER-NO 19. GENERAL ORDER—NO 19.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY COMMANDANT, NEW ORLEANS, July 8, 1862.

The time in which those who have been in the military service of the Confederate States can take the parcie under general criers No. 13, from those headquarters, is hereby finally extended to the 10th inst. After that date, the provisions of the order will be strictly carried into effect. By order of General GEO. F. SHEPLEY.

Obver Chicago. OFFICE CHIEF GOMDISARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
DEFT. OF THE GULE, N. ORLEANS, La., July 7, 1862.
PURSUANT to special order No. 186; from the headquarters, Department of the Gulf, establishing a system
of distributions and sales of provisions in small quantities
to the poor of New Orleans, the following places are
hereby designated, where application may be made:
First District—Geo. B. Dyke, No. 31 Front levee.
Third District—A. Shelly, No. 4 Marigny Buildings,
Front levee.
Fourth District—Wm. P. Judd, No. 728 Front levee.
Secend District will be announced as soon as the depot
is established.
The object of these sales and distribution. is established.

The object of these sales and distributions being to render what little relief we have in our power to afford to the suffering poor of New Orleans, noce need apply for the privilege of purchasing whose circumstances will allow them to buy elsewhere, and all persons applying for donations must bring evidence of their circumstances from some clergyman or from responsible, well-known persons in their district. No application will be received from any but loyal citizens of the United States By order of

Colonel United States Army.

TYPOGRAPHICAL HYDEN

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION. The regular semi-annual election for officers of the New Orleans Typographical Union took place yesterday, with the following result: President, Gerard Stith; vice president, Robert Seirs; recording secretary, William H. Dumas; financial secretary, Thomas G. Tracy; corresponding secretary, Walley Smith; treasurer, H. L. Kelsey; coorkeeper, Michael Bourke. POLICE CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH OF JULY. POLICE CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH OF JULY.

The police of the Fourth district assembled together on the morning of the Fourth, and had a general high old time in honor of the great day. Eckart's celebrated band discoursed most eloquent music, while the stars and stripes were run up over the station house. In the evening they partock of a splendid supper, which was enlivened by various patriotic toasts. Altogether it was a very happy affair, and passed off in the most agreeable manner. THIRD DISTRICT-COTTON

THIRD DISTRICT—DOTTON:

Yesterday, Special Officer Berwin took from the premises of George Hennenger, on Enghien street; three bales and one bag of cotton, which said Hennenger had taken charge of on the day the Secession forces evacuated the city. Hennenger states that the cotton was on fire when he took it; and that he preserved it from destruction. DEATH OF A NEW ORLEANS EDITOR AND REBEL COLONDA.

COLONDA.

The Picayime announces the death of the senior editor of the New Orleans Bulletin, Col. L. G. Seymeur, com-

mander of the 6th Regiment of Louisiana Volunteers, and eulogizes his memory. He fell recently in one of the en-gagements before Richmond. We knew something of Cell-Seymour in the happier days of the Republic, and were pained to learn, upon reaching this city, that a gentleman who had one time been so true a friend of the country should have united with the traitors. But he is now dead, and we can only lament over the weakness which yielded to bad advice.—Della. MILITARY GOVERNOR.

TWO CENTS.

The Picayune states:

We inadvertently omitted to mention that Brigadier General Shepley received by the Fulton his appointment as Military Governor of Lonisiana. The United States Government could not have made a better selection for the purpose. General Shepley's administration of Control for ts purpose. General Shepley's administration of a similar rust in this city has proved a guarantee that he will dis-targe all the duties assigned him with the courtesy of a tentieman and the ability of a statesman.

FROM KEY WEST AND PENSACOLA.

Arrival of the Star of the South at New York-Valuable Prizes Captured—The Steamer Adela—The Quaker City Takes Another The steam transport Star of the South, Captain Wood-bull, arrived at New York on Saturday afternoon. She left Pensacola on the 11th, and Key West on the 14th

instant.

Key West, July 11.

Scarcely had the prize steamer Ann left our harbor, on the 9th inst., when the United States steamer Quaker City, Commander J. Madison: Frailey, arrived, towing the English Confederate steamer Adels, which vessel she had captured about nine miles to the southward and westward of Abaco.

The Adela is a beautiful paddle-wheel steamer, of about six or eight hundred tons burden, is very fast, and of light draught, not drawing over nine feet water when loaded; she has two smoke stacks, which are painted a light color, so that they are not easily distinguished at any distance. These smoke stacks, painted, as they were, to deceive, were in reality the cause of her capture, as I will now state.

a distance was reached that placed them both out of the strictly neutral waters of Great Britain, did the Quaker City run up the stars and stripes, and send a messenger, in the shape of a twenty-pounder Parrott-shell, as a request to the Englishman to heave to. The shell dropped wide of John Bull, as was intended, but he paid no attention and as he evidently had the heels of the Quaker City, another one was despatched, which also went far ahead of him. Still no notice was taken of our polite hints to stop. Two more were quickly fired across his stern; but, with a stubborn purpose, like the rest of the nation, he still he to his way. At this time the stranger was at least the miles from the Quaker City, and leaving her. Opping Frailey, being annoyed that the chase refused to heave to ordered the fifth shot to be fired at her, which was, done. The shot was not seen to strike the water, but the Englishman rapidly turned his head the other way and stopped, when the Quaker City reached him, and a boat was sent on board. The last shot was found to have done the business, having passed over the taffrail, striking the quarter

heavy fre, and the regulate sets justify process and to lunteer allies.

The official reports show a loss of 100 men out of less than 500, among them eight commissioned officers.

The cavalry "division," thus reduced to three or four hundred men, from this day to the 5th inst, were constantly accessed furnishing eagures, natrols and vedetes. pourd. The last and was found to have done the business, having passed over the taffrail, striking the quarter deck, teering up several planks, cut ing off an iron check beam, passing into the captuin's room, which it ture to pieces, and then through an iron bulkhead, when it thought, no doubt, if had gone for enough, and stopped. The captain, not knowing what damage the next one might do, and thinking his head might suffer from it instead of his room, deemed "discretion the better next of stead of his room, deemed "discretion the better next of might do, and thinking his head might suffer from it instead of his room, deemed "discretion the better part of valor," and hove to.

The vessel proved to be the Adela, one of the lot known to have loaded in England with a cargo for "Dixie," and which our cruisers had orders to capture no, matter where they we're found. This vessel is no doubt one of those paddle wheel steamers referred to in the inter-cepted letter of Captain Huse, of the rebel artillery, which he intended to procure for the purpose of running cargoes between Nassau and our coast. Her great speed and light draught would enable her to go saywhere, consequently her arrival at Nassau was much to be desired. Her capt re is of the highest importance to us, and daptain Frailey, his officers and crew, are entitled to the highest praise for effecting it.

As soon as Captain Frailey discovered the character of his prize, wiching to see her safe, he deemed it most prudent to tow her, which he did, arriving as before stated. The quantity and character of the Adela's cargo is not

highest praise for effecting it.

As soon as Captain Frailey discovered the character of his prize, wiching to see her safe, he deemed it most prudent to tow her, which he did, arriving as before stated. The quantity and character of the Adela's cargo is not yet-known. Her case will be, however, adjudicated here, and rest assured she will be condemned. Much will come before the jurge that at present I am not at liberty to speak of; it will be sufficient, however, to make her a good and lawful prize.

The Quaker City also effected another important capture on the 3d inst—that of the brig Lilla, Capt. Libby, from Liverpool for Nassau, with a cargo of saltpetre, drugs, steel-plates, &c., &c. The Lilla was sent to Boston. As there are incidents attending her capture which are interesting and important, and which will not be published in all probability on her arrival, I deem it best to give them in full.

When the Quaker City ranged alongside the Lilla, and a boa was sent on board, the officer in charge of the boat was directed to bring the captain on board the doat was directed to bring the captain on board the Quaker City. He, the captain of the Lilla, refused to get into the boat, refused, and at the same time drew a pistol and presented it at Lieut. Breese, executive officer of the Quaker City, went in another boat, with a few marines. Capt. Libby, being directed to get into the boat, refused, and at the same time drew a pistol and presented it at Lieut. Breese, who instantly ordered the marines to aim at him. The next order would have been to fire, but Captain Libby's legs got the better of his spirit, and he started forward on a run, chased by the marines on one side, and headed off lag. Clyly where are accordingly placed an acting master on bard, and prize crew, and allowed Captain Libby's legs got the better of his spirit, and he started forward he Quafiton his high horse, and assume an humble position. Captain Frailey, and the market of the war. This fact was not known to Gaptain Frailey, or he would may b

the snot from her ten-inch gun passed sacross her bows did they know that all was up with vessel and cargo.

The Star of the South is in from Pensacola, and leaves in an hour for New York. She reports everything quiet at that place, our troops occupying their first position, and not molested by the enemy.

The population of Pensacola have nearly all left for the interior, only a few stragglers remaining.

I understand that within the past two days eny quantity of evidence has been procured in the case of the English-Confederate steamer Adela, enough to condemn her over and over again. Her captain's name is Walker, and he is the same person who commanded the Great Eastern on the voyage in which she was so very near being lost. He is a smart, active person, ene well qualified for the command of such a vessel on the business for which the was intended, and is much chagrined at his capture, although he bears up against it with good humor.—N. V. Herald.

MORGAN'S RAID IN KENTUCKY.

Morgan's Raid Continues—He is Marching on Lexington—His Proclamation and Doings at Lebanon—Great Excitement—The Robbers Repulsed at Midway—Latest—Morgan Re-treating to Paris, Ky., &c. [From the Lebanon Central Kentuckian, 17th.] BATTLE OF LEBANON.

On Friday last, news was conveyed by a couple of negroes belonging to Lloyd Thurman, of Green county, that Morgan, with 400 cavalry, was making, his way to Lebanon. But few of our citizens put confidence in their statement, particularly the Secession portion. Other soon came in and confirmed the report of the negroes and at night a meeting of the Home Guards was held and preparations made to meet the maranders. Colone Johnson despatched twenty five or thirty men, under Lieutenant Catlin, 28th Kentucky, to the New Marke bridge, as skirmishers. At about ten o'clock in the night, General Morgan and his men, about one thousand strong, made their appearance at the bridge. Our men poured into their ranks a volley of musketry, which caused the robels to halt. They immediately opened on our gellant boys. The contest lasted for an hour, when our skirmishers, seeing that the rebel force was too strong to resit; dispersed, but not before wounding several of the rebels, and sending a bell through the hat of the rebel General Morgan, cutting an elegant lock of hair from the top of his head.

They then came on to our town, and were again met by about forty of the 28th Kentucky, and were again met BATTLE OF LEBANON.

top of his head.

They then came on to our town, and were again met by about forty of the 28th Kentucky, and thirty Home Guards, under Col. Johnson and R. B. Merimes, posted on the side of the road, one mile below town. At one o'clock in the morning, they made their appearance, one thousand strong. A few shots were fired on both sides, when our men, seeing that they were being surrounded, left as best they ceuld. A portion of them, however, maintained their ground, and fought to the last. Eighten were taken prisoners, one wounded, and two killed. The killed were citizens of the town, Mosse Bickets and Deig. Deig.

The rebels then marched into town, took possession of the rallroad depot, all the commissary stores and munitions of war, supposed to be worth \$100,000. After appropriating te their own use all they could, and distributing a large smount to their sympathizers in our midst, the remainder, with the Government hospitals and tents belonging to Captain Barth's company of the 28th Kentucky troops, were burned. The prisoners were all discharged on parole. Lieutenant Colonel Johnson was smong the prisoners.

Thus ended, so far as fighting and burning is concerned, this raid or Lieutenant colonel.

JOHN'S LAST "PROC." JOHN'S LAST "PROC."

To the People of Lebanon: I am about to leave you. I have endeavored since my entrance into your city, to prevent all lawlessness or interference with the rights of any citizen, no matter what his political tenets. If any such interference has occurred, it has been without my knowledge, and contrary to my orders, and I now call on any who have been sufferers to come forward, and I will repay them.

THE WAR PRESS. THE WAR PRESS will be sent to subscribers by

mail (per annum in advance) at......\$2.00 Three Copies "
Five " "
Ten " "

Larger Clubs will be charged at the same rate, thus: 20 copies will cost \$24; 50 copies will cost \$60; and 100 copies \$120. For a Club of Twenty-one or over, we will send as Extra Copy to the getter-up of the Club.

Postmasters are requested to act as Agents for

THE WAR PRESS.

Mar Advertisements inserted at the lines constitute a square.

any.) I am equally determined to protect all Southern Bights people in the enjoyment of their opinions, and if any are disturbed in any way whatever, I shall visit the perpetrators with severe and speedy retaliation.

JOHN H. MORGAN,
Act. Brig. Gen. C. S. A.

R. A. Alston, A. A. G.

R. A. ALSTON, A. A. G. MORGAN MARCHING ON LEXINGTON. MORGAN MARCHING ON LEXINGTON.

LEXINGTON, July 17—6 A. M.—Morgan and his band of gueriles are failing back on this place from Paris. He left that place lest night. Great excitement prevails, and all the ab'e-bodied citizens are in arms. We will give him a warm reception. No one is allowed to pass out of the city.

Morgan attacked our forces at Midway, and was repulsed with heavy loss.

THE LATEST AND BEST.

By a despatch received this morning we learn that Morgan is between Paris and Lexington, falling back on the latter city.

J. D. Hastings, an old gentleman, fell into the hands of Morgan's men, when Morgan in person came up to him, and demanded that he should give information in regard to the number and position of the Union forces. To induce him to do so, he pricked him with his aword until the blood ran down and nearly filled his boot—yet we find men and women in our midst who say that Morgan is a high-minded, honorable gentleman. These men and women met Morgan on his entrance into Lebanon, and carested and applicated his wonderful achievement in taking a derenceless town garrisoned by about sixty soldiers. Some of the ladies, we are informed, even went so far as to present themselves to the General for a kirs. Morgan issued a proclamation calling for volunteers from old Marion. He got one recruit, and up to this time we have taken six of his men. Bather unprofitable business, ain't it, John? THE LATEST AND BEST.

Brig. Gen. Philip St. George Cooke.

the English Confederate steamer Adels, which vessel she had captured about nime miles to the southward and westward of Abaco.

The Adela is a beautiful paddle-wheel steamer, of about six or eight hundred tons burden, is very fast, and of light draught, not drawing over nine feet water wheen loaded; she has two smoke stacks, painted, as they were, to deceive, were in reality the cause of her capture, as I will now state.

On the morning of the 7th inst., when the Quaker City was to the northward and eastward of Abaco, the land being in sight, a sall was reported to Oaptain Frailey as being visible close under the land. Oaptain Frailey as being visible close under the land. Oaptain Frailey as being visible close under the land. Oaptain Frailey as being visible of the continuous of the salt of a small vessel standing close along shore, which Captain Frailey thought was the case Presently, hwever, smoke was seen is suing from the top of one of the sol thought white sails, when a closer observation was, made, and the vessel in sight was discovered to be a steamer, widently bought was the case Presently, hwever, smoke was seen is suing from the top of one of the sol thought with sails, when a closer observation was, made, and the vessel in sight was discovered to be a steamer, widently bound around the "Hole in the Wall." Ohase was at once made by the Quaker City to the southward, to cut her off if possible. As soon as the stranger discovered the Quaker City in chase she set her colors—English, of course—but the Quaker City to the southward, to cut her off if possible. As soon as the straitly made the proper than the captain frailey was the colors—English, of course—but the Quaker City to the southward, to cut her off if possible. As soon as the straitly nearly to the waster of the southward, to cut her off if possible. As soon as the straitly made to the Wall," was passed, and not until a distance was reached that placed them both out of the straitly nearly to the proper than the course of the course of the course o

hundred men, from this day to the 5th inst, we stantly engaged furnishing escorts, patrols and v Gen. Cooke found himself on James river, hav his "division" half a colonel's command. The was that there would be no active operations i time. For the first time in the campaign, Gen was quite sick, and applied to be relieved on the that be no longer had troops to command. The was issued, and the General is now awaiting or Washington. THE FREED BLACKS OF SOUTH CA-BOLINA.—We published last week an interesting report of Mr. James Miller McKim, who had been sent by the Port Royal Contraband Relief Committee of this city, to investigate the condition of the freed blacks in South Carolisa, who had taken refuge in our lines. In addition to a most satisfactory account of the resdiness and diligence exhibited by the blacks to labor, when paid for doing so, and their general steadiness and docility, Mr. McKim complimented highly the soldierly bearing and intelligence of the new colored regiment organized by General Hunter. Many applications from comparison General Hunter. Many applications from commissioned officers in Agabite regiments were made for commissions of a higher grade in the colored regiment, and from sergeants for commissions of lieutenants. The commissioned efficers of the 1st Regiment "South Oarolina Colored Volunteers," are, therefore, white, and the non-commissioned officers, colored. We append, as a curiosity, a copy of a regimental order of the regiment. HEADQUARTERS IST REGIMENT S. C., COLORED VOLS., June 20, 1862. 1. Hereafter there will be a dress parade every day at 5 o'clock P. M. A preparatory call will be sounded at 445 P. M., and companies will be formed promptly on the line at the second call. After parade is dismissed

there will be company drill until the recall at 6:30 P. M., instead of battalion drill, as heretofore.

2. The attention of company commanders is called to regimental order No. 6 from these headquarters. The guard will be formed at 7:40 A. M., when the officers of the day and gnard will be expected at their nosts.

By order of JAMES D. FESSEN DEM.

Cartain (Commanding Regiment) By order of JAMES D. FESSENBEN,
Captain Commanding Regiment.
THOS. K. DURHAM, Adjutant.
The blacks are said to enter with great enjoyment into
their new pursuit, and learn the drill with great quickness. They are uniformed in regular army blus. One
of their number, Bryan White, a tall man of about
thirty, has arrived here with Mr. McKim, having received the usual discharge from Gen. Hunter to this

ness. They are uniformed in regular army blue. One of their number, Bryan White, a tall man of about thirty, has arrived here with Mr. McKim, having received the usual discharge from Gen. Hunter to this call the bearer, named Bryan White, heretofore held in involuntary servirude, has been directly employed to aid and assist those in rebellion against the United States of America:

Now, be it known to all, that agreeably to the laws, I delairs the said person free, and forever absolved from all claims of services. Both he and his wife and his children, have full right to go North, South, Essi, and West, as they may decide.

Given under my hand at the headquarters of the Department of the South, this 19th day of April, A. D. 1862.

Bryan White belonged to Mr. Arhur B. Rise, who hast three plantations on Beaufort, employing together one hundred and forty hands. Mr. Rose was the son of Mr. A. G. Rose, well known at the North as president of the Charleston Bank, and, in addition to his planting interest, followed a mercantile pursuit in Charleston. His sister was married last year to William Trapman, consul at Charleston for Hamburg, who, on the point of starting fon Europe on his bridal tour, was mentioned in the papers of the time as having narrowly escaped arrest by the United States marshal at Boston, on suspiction of being the bearer of treasonable despatches from the Confederate Cabinet to European Powers. Bryan White had been much employed during the winter upon robel fortifications at Hilton Head, and on the taking of that place by the Union fleet, Rose called together the slaves upon the plantation where White lived, and addressed them thus: "Now. people, I have been a very kind master to you, and all those who are willing to follow me, pack up your things in a bundle, and come." The blacks, on being severally questioned, respectfully repided: "I had rather stay here, massa, and take my chance." The blacks, on being severally questioned, respectfully repided: "I had rather stay here, massa, and take my chan

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

HOW TO FINIEH THE GUERILLAS.—The Nashville Union of the 12th says: A report baving reached
Gen. Dumont's headquarters that a band of guerillas
were farming in Sunner county, and that it was drilling
at night at he pious village of Goodlettsville, Lieut. Col.
Heffren, of the 50th Indiana Volunteers, was ordered to
visit said village for the purpose of introducing to the attention of its citizens the propriety of prohibiting these
bands of outlaws from holding their midnight murderous
conclaves minterruptedly in their midnight murderous
conclaves minterruptedly in their midnight murderous
sociate with law-abiding citizens.

In accordance therewith, the colonel, with 150 men,
was found at Goodlettaville at the unfashionable hour of
one o'clock this morning. The good people having retired, the colonel placed his men around the village, with
orders to arrest all who attempted to pass in or out, and,
at daylight, entered the town from all directions, and
took every male citizen prisoner, who are now before
authorities to give an account for deeds done in the
bedy.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The English makers authorities to give an account for deeds done in the body...

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The English papers occasionally make curious comments on the Prince of Wales, and give him lessons in regard to behavior and morelity, that make the public think he is not quite so good a young man as he ought to be. It is true no scandalous charge has ever been broughf against him by the press, and so far as the world generally is able to judge, he is a very proper young man. He was never supposed to be highly intellectual; but that has been so rare a trait in British blood toyal, that its absence in the oldest son of Victoria ought to create no surprise, and those that vesture insimulations against him lay no particular stress on this point. The insimulations chiefly relate to his moral charac er, and since his return from the Rast, they are again revived in the most scandalous namer.

AN AGED EXCURSION PARTY.

The rebels then marched into town, took possession of the railroad depot, all the commissary stores and municities in the commissary stores and municities are the commissary stores and store that the commissary stores and municities are the commissary stores and store that the commissary stores and stores and store that the commissary stores and stores and store that the commissary stores would be conce contrary to the rules of war, when the would bluster territies are the conclusion, that Morgan, while should be done contrary to the rules of war, which we can be added to the conclusion, that Morgan, while should be done contrary to the rules of war, and the conclusion of the same, where the conclusion of the same, where the contrary to the rules of war, and the contrary of the rules of war, and the results of t

AMERICAN ACTRESSES IN LONDON—The three pretiest actresses in London are americans—Miss Sars Stevens, Miss Jessie McLane, and Mrs. Jordon—the latter, who has been called by Fetcher, "the sersation walking lady," has made a decided hit in the "Kiss in the Dark."

"Kies in the Dark."

SECESSIONISM IN IOWA CITY. A Union flag-staff was well nigh cut down, in Iowa City, on the even-ing of the 3d inst. by some rebel symmathizer. Fifty dof-lers is offered for the apprehension of the villain. knowledge, and contrary to my orders, and I now call on any who have been sufferers to come forward, and I will crepay them.

While I am thus ready to repair all such injuries, (it