twenty-four hours. The committee have already expended a large amount of money, and still need more, as it will be some time before the fathers of the families will receive any pay from the Government. We hope our citizens will come forward here. We hope our citizens will come forward and aid contributes liberally in money, groceries, and other necessaries.

OTHER REGIMENTS OF THE PHILADELPHIA REGIMENTS.

The Philadelphia regiments now in service have been designated on the roster of the State, in the order named below, and they will be known hereafter, by their numerical rank:

Seventeenth Regiment—Francis E. Patterson, First Division, First Regiment Artillery.

Eighteenth Regiment—William D. Lewis, First Division, First Regiment Infantry.

Nineteenth Regiment—Peter Lyle, First Division, Second Regiment Infantry.

Twentieth Regiment—William H. Gray, First Division, Fourth Regiment Infantry.

Twenty-first Regiment—John F. Ballier, First Division, Third Brigade, Rifle Regiment.

Twenty-second regiment—Turner G. Morehead, First Division, First Regiment Infantry.

Twenty-third Regiment—Charles P. Dare, First Division, Third Brigade Artillery.

Twenty-fourth Regiment—Joshua T. Owen, First Division, Second Brigade, Second Regiment Infantry.

GARDE LAFAYETTE—SECOND COMPANY.

A member of the friends of the Garde Lafayette have commenced the organization of a second company under the same name, at the armory of the first corps, Chestnut street, above Fifth. The officers and uniform of the old company have been adopted, and there is every reason to believe the movement will be successful, as the parties interested are among our most active and intelligent citizens.

A UNION MEETING.

A Union meeting will be held at Ninth and Washington avenue to-night, at eight o'clock. There will be a flag-raising and a salute of thirty-four guns fired. The programme will be ended by a burning of Jeff Davis in effigy.

CAMP M'CLELLAN.

The Ohio regiments continue encamped at Suffolk Park. They have been made pretty comfortable there, and the encampment is the centre of attraction to thousands of visitors.

THE CAMP AT HESTONVILLE.

Col. Owen's "Irish Brigade" (the Twenty-fourth Regiment) continues encamped at Hestonville. The men drill regularly, and they make marked progress in their military education.

FLAG RAISING.

Mr. William Aiken raised an elegant flag from his residence, 1029 Shippen street, on Saturday afternoon.

THE INDEPENDENT RANGERS,

Capt. Mann, paraded on Saturday afternoon, with a full band, and attracted much attention. They looked exceedingly well, notwithstanding the fact that most of them were without uniforms, and all were unarmed. They marched with much precision.

COL. HINSTEIN'S REGIMENT.

This body of troops paraded on Saturday afternoon and attracted general attention. They were accompanied by the regimental band.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock, the Pennsylvania Guards, formerly Company H, Second Regiment Guard Legion, will leave for Fort Schuyler, to join the California regiment commanded by Colonel Baker. The Guards are composed of strong and well-built young men.

FLAG RAISING.

Through the exertions of Sallie A. Quigley, M. A. Kirkhall, L. A. Lasselle, F. Conway, and M. Ball, teachers of the Robison Primary Schools, No. 6 ward, situated in Eleventh street, below Washington avenue, a magnificent flag, measuring twenty feet long, attached to a pole forty-one feet, was flung to the breeze on Saturday afternoon. The Rev. Dr. J. W. Jackson and Dr. Kamerly delivered patriotic addresses on the occasion. As the glorious banner proudly unfurled itself, the pupils sang, in excellent style, the appropriate songs of "A Song for Our Banner," "Hail to the Stars and Stripes," "The Star-Spangled Banner, and "Pennsylvania's Battle Cry." The ensign was raised by three little misses, Ellen Gibson, Mary Addis, and M. Snelling. A band of music was in attendance, which helped to enliven the occasion.

THE GOVERNOR'S GUARD.

Col Brady, held an election on Saturday evening last, to fill vacancies in company D, with the following result: Captain, J. G. Simpson; first lieutenant, M. J. Byrne; second lieutenant, Robert B. Kennedy. The Guards are now enrolling men rapidly, and are expecting soon to share in the coming struggle that now awaits our arms. The officers of this regiment were among the first to call the Philadelphians to arms, whilst shot and shell were flying over the walls of Fort Sumpter and its brave defenders. They are about to form an encampment for drill. Already part of the camp equipage has been procured, and will be in readiness for use in a few days.

THE BLOCKADING FLEET.

The President having called for eighteen thousand seamen, the naval rendezvous is now engaged in the enlistment of men. The Pennsylvania Seamen's Friend Society has determined to supply those who may leave our navy yard with books, tracts, and religious papers to such an extent as their means will allow. That they may be able to do this work effectively, they asked donations from the charitable. Money and books may be left with Rev. J. W. Kramer, Corresponding Secretary at the Bible House, corner of Seventh and Walnut streets.

THE CONDITION OF OUR VOLUNTEERS.

To the Citizens of Philadelphia:

We deem it our duty, in justice to the soldiers who have so nobly volunteered in defence of their country, to give to the public a reliable statement of facts in regard to their present condition, that will kindly for prompt and energetic action on the part of those disposed and anxious to alleviate their wants. We refer particularly, at this time, to the present condition of the First Regiment of Artillery Philadelphia City Guards, Third Brigade, First Division, Colonel Dare, Lieutenant Colonel D. J. Birney, commanding, at Havre de-Grace—a regiment named in honor of our city, and composed principally of its own sons, our fellow citizens. Seven companies—some 500 men—of this regiment, now on active duty at Havre-de-Grace and points beyond, have been compelled to be satisfied with wearing one pair of drawers and one shirt for over twenty-five days, for want of a change.

The ladies of Philadelphia sew sewing at the church of the Rev. A. Boardman, in Twelfth and Walnut, under the presidency of Mrs. Joel Jones, are endeavoring, so far as lies in their power, to remedy this evil. They are prepared to do their part if our citizens will respond by sending the material wherewith to make the required articles. We would, therefore, urge on any one disposed, by contribution of money or material, to relieve the position of these soldiers, to send immediately whatever they are disposed to donate to said church, marked "Havre de-Grace," which shall be appropriated to the purposes set forth—viz: Goods used in the manufacture of shirts and drawers are styled gray twilled flannels, and brown drilling.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION—SAD ACCIDENT.—During Saturday the members of the Scott Legion Regiment were annoyed by a strong smell of gas, issuing apparently from the vault in the rear of the building, and on Library street. The odor became so bad that a messenger was sent to the gas office, and a man was despatched in the evening about nine o'clock to remedy the trouble. He had with him a closed lantern. Stopping at the Central Station, the man met Fire Marshal Blackburn, who concluded to accompany him. Mr. Blackburn cautioned the man not to enter the vault with the lantern, as there was danger of an explosion. It was agreed between the two that the grating in the sidewalk should be removed, and the lantern held in such a position that, while it would not be directly over the opening, the light should be reflected into the vault, and thus enable the man who was to enter through the building to ascertain the difficulty. The man got into the vault, and Mr. Blackburn held the lantern as desired; but he had been stationed there only a minute when the gas penetrated through the small openings in the lantern, and the consequence was a terrific explosion. The flames shot up six or seven feet, and the noise of the explosion was heard for several squares. The force of the explosion was such that Mr. Blackburn was thrown out into the street, and his face and hands were badly burned. He recovered himself quickly, and ran towards the building for the purpose of assisting the man in the vault, who was supposed to be killed, but, on the contrary, he was not injured, and he made his escape before the flames extended to the vault. An alarm of fire was sounded, and the companies were soon on the ground. The flames were confined to the vault, and after it was extinguished, it was discovered that some evil-disposed person had removed the stop-cock of the service pipe. This was replaced. Mr. Blackburn had his wounds dressed in the neighborhood, after which he was taken home.

FATHER BESSON AND THE CAUSE OF THE INDIAN.—An excellent discourse on the wrongs of the Indian was delivered by Father Besson at the Assembly Building on Sunday afternoon. In vivid and forcible language he portrayed the sufferings of the children of the forest, whom a false estimate of the uses of civilization had doomed to extermination. He besought his hearers to follow the example of the Saviour of men, and in their turn become also the saviours of the oppressed and down trodden. He stated many facts relative to the cruel treatment, the unheard-of outrages committed against the red man in the name of law. He called upon the churches, upon the entire nation, to give evidence of their patriotism and true Christian feeling by at once attending to the pressing wants of this long-suffering people. No one listened to the thrilling appeals of the lecturer without feeling his heart moved, and his or her eyes dimmed by the tear of sympathy. Laroque, the sweet Indian singer, sang the plaintive song of "The Indian's Lament." The exercises commenced and closed with prayer.

THE FIRE IN THE SIXTH WARD—FURTHER PARTICULARS.—In *The Press* of Saturday we made mention of a fire which broke out between 11 and 12 o'clock on Friday night, in the large five storied store on Front street, above Market, occupied by Wm G. Baker & Son, dealers in cotton wadding, cotton laps, cotton wicks, twine, &c. The building was packed with goods from top to bottom. The stock was valued at $11,000, all of which, with the exception of $1,000, was owned by the Messrs Baker. The fire burned stubbornly for several hours, but the flames were principally confined to the first floor and basement.

The loss on the stock is about $6,000, which is fully covered by insurance. The building belongs to the Bickley estate, and it was damaged to the amount of $300. Insured.

Charles Downer, public weigher, occupied the first floor on Water street. His loss is about $200.

J. William Jones & Co., druggists, No. 17 Front street, and J. Hollenbush, bookseller and stationer, sustained some damage from water.

Fire Marshal Blackburn attributes the origin of the fire to spontaneous combustion.

HIGH MASSES ON WHIT-SUNDAY.—Yesterday being Whit-Sunday, Grand High Mass was performed in all our Catholic churches. At St. Peter's, German Catholic Church, corner of Fifth and Girard avenue, Schreiemeyer's celebrated Mass Op. No. 101 was given in a style worthy of its composer, by an orchestra of thirty of our leading musicians and a corresponding number in the choir. Herr A. Hertel, the eminent organist, led with his accustomed ability, the solo parts being given by Mrs. Little, the well-known soprano, and Mr. Spiel, a basso, whose powers are so familiar among our Union brethren, that any eulogy on our part is unnecessary. The offertory was exquisitely rendered by that eminent leader, Mr F. Hassmer, the conductor of the Germania Orchestra.

FELL OVERBOARD.—Between the hours of three and four o'clock, on Saturday morning, Officer Fahlleur, of the Harbor Police, rescued a man named Jones, the second mate of the schooner *Lily Saunders*, from drowning. The accident occurred at the first wharf above Arch street.

FIRE.—Last evening, about nine o'clock, the buildings at Point Airy, on the lower end of Smith's Island, consisting of a two-story frame hotel, ice-house, billiard-saloon and bowling alley, were entirely destroyed by fire. They were owned and occupied by David Warren. The little steamer that is used to convey passengers to the point was saved, though she was aground near the fire. As there has been no one living at the point since last fall, the fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary.

The wharves on the city front were crowded with spectators, but we heard of no accidents occurring. Owing to the want of a landing on the island, none of the steam fire engines were taken over. We were unable to learn whether the buildings were insured.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—On Saturday afternoon a little boy named Edward McIlvain, aged three years, residing in Edgemont street, above Richmond, Nineteenth ward, was shockingly burned by his clothes taking fire from a stove. He suffered the most excruciating pain until yesterday morning, when he died.

A VERY beautiful exhibition, we understand, will open a week from to-day at the Assembly Buildings, giving scenes, of the most absorbing interest, connected with the difficulties between the North and South.

REPOINTED.—John F. Sharkey, one of the deputy United States marshals under Marshal Yost, has been reappointed by Mr. Millward, the new marshal. Mr. Sharkey is a good officer.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon a carpenter-shop and stable, belonging to Mr. John Steele, in Upper Manayunk, were destroyed by a fire, which originated accidentally.

Presbyterian General Assembly, O. S.

THIRD DAY.

The Assembly met at nine o'clock on Saturday morning. The proceedings were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Imbrie, of New Jersey.

The minutes of the preceding day were read and approved.

Dr. Lord made a brief report from the Committee on Foreign Correspondence in reference to the reception of Rev. John D. Gibson, commissioner for the Associate Reformed Synod of New York.

The report was accepted, and the hour of half-past eleven was set apart for the reception of the reverend gentleman.

Dr. Monifort rose to a point of order, asking a reconsideration of a vote as to the printing of the roll of the Assembly. Instead of having it printed alphabetically, he moved that it be printed by synods and presbyteries.

A proposition was made that it be referred to a committee on printing, with power to act.

Pending the consideration, the order of the day, which was the reception of narratives on the state of religion, was called, and a large number were handed in.

The next thing in order was the reception of reports from the committees on systematic beneovolence.

The matter of the printing of the roll being again called up, it was finally resolved that it be printed in the usual way, by synods and presbyteries.

The records of the various synods were then called and handed in.

Dr. H. L. Hodge, who was elected a member of the board of trustees on Friday, sent in his resignation, which was accepted, and upon motion, the Hon George Sharswood was elected in his place.

The following resolution was offered by Dr. Spring:

Resolved, That a special committee be appointed to inquire into the expediency of this Assembly making some expression of their devotion to the Union of these States, and their loyalty to the Government; and if, in their judgment, it is expedient so to do, they report what that expression shall be.

Mr. Hoyt moved to lay it on the table.

A member. I hope not.

The vote was taken, and division being called the vote was taken by ayes and noes, when the vote stood 123 for, 102 against. So it was laid on the table.

Several members desired to have the yeas and nays, that their votes should be recorded.

The Moderator decided that it was not in order to take the yeas and nays.

Dr. Clark. I move to take from the table the resolutions just laid there, and on that I call the yeas and nays.

Mr. Henry, of Philadelphia, moved to lay the motion of Dr. Clark on the table.

Much debate ensued upon whether it was in order to take from the table any matter laid there.

The report of the Committee on Church Extension was received and read. It asks the first to be approved and accepted, and that the Assembly approve of the fidelity with which the Church Extension Committee has performed its high trust, and that while the Assembly approve of the action of the committee, in building a substantial stone edifice at St. Ann's, they doubt the policy of making special appeals to the children of the church for such limited purposes

The report was, upon motion, considered *seriatim*, and was finally adopted and accepted as a whole.

Mr. Coe, corresponding secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions, spoke at length. He refuted the supposition that the present state of affairs would put a stop to the building of churches. It was not so. They had applications for the building of over one hundred churches, involving a cost of nearly $40,000.

These were the applications of last year, and thus far this year the applications come very nearly up to the regular standard. He hoped they would look a little more into the matter. More money was needed. Contributions did not come in as they should. One cent a month from every communicant would furnish the Board with undiminished resources. Surely, every one could afford one cent a month.

Four cents a week from each communicant would furnish all the boards with ample funds for all their purposes, and what poor widow would not give four cents a week for Christ?

The remarks of the gentleman, which we have not space to report verbatim, were listened to with marked attention.

Dr. Musgrave spoke at length upon the great importance of supplying missionaries with suitable church edifices. The faithful were often obliged to worship in school houses and barns, and as such could not gather that strength and self-sustaining capability that a church with pews to rent would give. The cause of Presbyterianism, and of religion generally, would be advanced in much shorter time, and a congregation could be sooner gathered by having a church edifice. At present, such congregations have to be almost entirely supported by the Board of Missions.

Hon. Judge Allen, and others, spoke with regard to the expediency of appointing a committee, and taking the feeling of the members with regard to their renewing their allegiance to the General Government.

Dr. Hall opposed it, because it was contrary to the rule of assemblies. He had never before heard of such a thing as taking from the table a paper laid there

Further debate was cut short by the order of the day being the reception of the delegate from Jersey City, Mr. Gibson being called.

Mr. Gibson made a short address, stating his mission, and bringing the fraternal salutations of the body of which he was a member. They regard the progress of this Assembly with satisfaction. He was not charged with a special communication, but would give a short history of his church. It had been, since its organization, a witness of the truth of God. The synod with which he was connected was some time ago connected with the synods of the West.

In May, 1858, a new body, under the name of the United Presbyterian Church, was formed, but into this the Associate Reformed Synod of New York could not enter, because they could not agree to certain principles held by that body. She, however, does not wish to cast any unchristian aspersion upon those dear brethren, but to subscribe to their opinions would remove them further from the orthodox evangelical church. Their future, however, was in the Providence of God.

He was happy in the response which had been made to his desire. He could not remain long to witness their operation, but as the Assembly had determined to open correspondence with his body, he would be happy to convey the news of this determination to his body. Their next session would be held at Mohawk Valley, Schuyler county, New York, on the third Thursday of September next. In conclusion, he again offered the fraternal regards of his body.

The Moderator replied in a few appropriate words.

Mr. Messler, a delegate from the Dutch Reformed Church of Delaware, then appeared on the platform, and gave a short history of the rise and progress of the Church. The Church arose from the teaching of John Calvin of Genoa, the greatest of reformers.

The Assembly then adjourned, with prayer and singing, until this morning at nine o'clock.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Money Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18, 1861.

The Stock market was steady to-day, and State and city securities were better.

The Money market is not changed. No paper sells freely, and only the most undoubted can be disposed of outside of the banks.

Peterson's Counterfeit Detector reports a new counterfeit as follows:

"A new altered ten-dollar note on the Farmers' Bank of Lancaster, Pennsylvania. The notes are altered from the imitation plate on the Wyoming Bank of this State. The title of the bank is in a circle across the top of the note. There is an ovalmade portrait with the figure '10' above on the right end. Two Indians with bows, one kneeling on the left end, '10' above. Females bathing between signatures."

The Chicago *Tribune* of Wednesday says: There was a tremendous excitement to-day at the Board of Trade rooms, over the currency question. Exchange was sold at 2½@5, and in the afternoon sales were reported on the street as high as 20. Some of the heaviest dealers refused to sell produce for the long list on any terms. In fact the money market was decidedly "panicky." The bankers begin to feel that they made a capital blunder in not following the market, and selling exchange for what it was worth, currency being the standard. Their refusal, or what amounts to the same thing, their inability to do it, has driven their customers to the street or to the Board of Trade rooms, where each has worked on the fears and bid against the other, till prices have reached figures before unheard of in the history of the city.

Of course the banks have done nothing during the day. Several of them are in favor of selling what exchange they have or can control at 20 or 25 per cent., but no concert of action was arranged.

The Pottsville *Miner's Journal* thus sums up the coal trade for the week:

The quantity sent by railroad this week is 35,158 11 tons; by canal 20,226 10; for the week 55,385.01 tons, against 62,063 for the corresponding week last year.

The shipments from all the regions sum up this week as follows:

	1860. WEEK	1860. TOTAL	1861. WEEK	1861. TOTAL	TOTAL INC.
P. & R. R. R.	80,970	681,031	35,169	596,920	085,011
Schuyl. Canal	32,084	273,357	20,227	211,498	060,861
Lehigh Val. R.R	15,832	336,368	13,726	335,928	8,979
Lehigh Canal	30,542	153,842	15,559	117,279	035,563
Beaver Meadow	17,527	255,547	20,556	257,622	1,075
Hazleton	6,043	84,115	5,616	75,322	21,239
Pottsville	27,639	81,768	22,495	48,733	17,186
Schuylkill Co.	15,129	27,261	20,458	45,516	18,256
Schuylkill Navigation		26,342		26,626	158
Schuylkill & Susq.		64,022	3,845	68,204	d 5,416
Lehigh & Susq.		48,220	2,714	55,363	9,443
Beaver Meadow		26,717		16,836	d10,181
Hazleton		21,449		15,618	d 5,831
Lykens Valley		17,770		20,690	2,920
	183,825	2,009,701	180,293	1,883,335	
	180,293	1,833,335			
	3,533	176,376			

The following is the statement of the business of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, for the month of April, 1861, compared with the same month of 1860:

	1861.	1860.
Received from Coal	$187,416 41	$160,713 22
" Merchandise	41,241 68	35,114 64
" Travel, &c.	43,377 21	34,222 42
	$272,035 30	$229,050 28
Transportation, Roadway, Dumpage, Renewal Fund, and all charges	122,386 63	130,303 65
Net profit for the month	$149,647 67	$98,746 63
for previous 4 months	339,953 47	341,293 66
Total net profit for 5 months	$489,121 12	$439,403 29

The New York *Evening Post* says: Money is very abundant on call at 5 per cent. The rates for paper show no relaxation, and only choice bills are negotiable outside of bank at 7@10 per cent

The banks of New York held another meeting to-day, in reference to the nine-million loan. Rumor has it that the leading banks favor a proposal of about $5,000,000 at 87, which is equal to near 7½ per cent. interest. We hear that several are in favor of figures as low as 85 or 85½.

The Secretary of the Treasury, it will be seen, has extended the time for opening the bids for this loan till Saturday next, and also gives the privilege of bidding for Treasury notes as well. This arrangement is said to be made after consulting with leading financial authorities, and will give a wider range for competition.

There is a great discrepancy in the prices at which the various United States loans are now selling in the market. For instance, the new six-per-cent. loan, due 1881, which is now selling at 90, realizes, to the purchaser, 73 per cent. per annum. The price at which the 5s of 1871 would realize the same rate to the buyer, is 86, whereas they are now selling at only 77. The price for the 5s of 1874 ought to be 83½, and yet they do not command more than 77. The reason why the public is led into this error is owing to the fact that they forget that the discount on the 5s of 1871 is to be regained in ten years, and on the 1874s in thirteen years; whilst on the 6s of 1881 it is distributed over twenty years. In the two first instances the holder recovers about 2½ and 2 per cent annually; whilst on the 6s his annual *pro rata* is only about 1¾ per cent. Test this consequence of having less time to run to maturity, get paid annually in one case, 2 per cent., and the other 1 per cent. more than the 6s do. Thus what is lost in the rate of interest is partially regained in the increase of amount of discount. This explains why the 5s ought to command within two or three per cent of the market price of the 6's.

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales,

May 18, 1861.

REPORTED BY S. S. SLATMAKER, Merchants' Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.

3 City 6s	95¾	12 do	30⅞
100 do	95¾	1 Cam & Am R	107¾
500 do	95¾	1 do	107¾
400 do	95¾	1 do	107¾
200 do	95¾	1 do	107¾
100 do	95¾	100 Lehigh Scrip	34
500 City 6s Penna R	86	100 do	34¼
2000 N Penna R 6s	85¾	50 Schyl Nav Pref	12½
100 Penna R 6s	77	5 Girard Bk	35
50 Long Island	7¾	11 Lehigh Nav	46¾
10 Norristown R	47	5 Race & Vine-str R	5¾

BETWEEN BOARDS.

10 Minehill R	53	1000 Penna 5s	78

SECOND BOARD.

10 Lehigh Scrip	35	100 Race & Vine-str R	5¾
50 do	34¾	50 do	5¾
10 Penna R	50	10 Cam & Am R	107¾
100 City 6s R	86¾	25 do	107¾
100 do	86¾	3 Morris Cl Pfd	15¾
100 do	86¾	50 Reading R	15¾

CLOSING PRICES—FIRM.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Philadelphia 6s	86		Elmira 7s	63	
Phila 6s R	95		Long Island R	8¾	9¼
Phila 5s	86	86½	Leh Cl & Nav	45¾	46¾
Penna 5s	77¼	79	Leh Cl & N Scp	34¼	34¾
Penna 6s 1880	85¾	86	North Penna R	63	
Read bds '70	77	80	N Pa R 6s, unfd	86½	
Read mt 6s '96	66¾	70	N Penna R 10s	85½	
Penna R ex-div	35¾	36¼	Catawissa R (Government)	6	
Penna R 3d mt 6s	83¾		Frank & South R	41	
Morris Canal	43	43½	Sch Nav 6 Revenue	55	60
Morris Can Pfd	102	104	Race & Vine-str R	4	
Sch N 6s '82	67	68	West Phila R	50	57¾
Sch Nav Pref	12	13	Green & Coates	10¾	11

Philadelphia Markets.

MAY 18—Evening.

The export demand for Flour is limited, and holders are firm at $5.50@5.62½ ⅌ bbl for superfine, the latter for better brands, without much doing except to supply the trade at these figures, including extras at $5.75@6; family at $6.25@6.50; and fancy brands at $6.75@7.25 ⅌ bbl, as in quality. The only sale we hear of for shipment is 500 bbls choice Diamond Mills extra family on terms kept private. The market closed quiet. Rye Flour is dull, and nominally worth $4 ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is firm at $3 87½ for Pennsylvania. A sale of 850 bbls Brandywine was made on terms kept private.

WHEAT.—The receipts and sales are light, and the market dull to-day, at previously quoted rates, most of the shippers being supplied for the present. Fair to prime Pennsylvania and Southern red sold at from 135@137c, and white at 140@150c, but our highest figures were hardly obtainable, and sales of 2,000 bushels were made at prices kept private. Rye is steady, and 200 bushels prime Pennsylvania sold at 67c in store. Corn is more dull, and 2,000 bushels yellow and 1,000 bushels are reported, part made last evening, at 63@64c afloat, including inferior at 62@63c, and prime yellow at 65@66c. Oats are dull, and only about 1,500 bushels found buyers, at 33c for Delaware, and 33½c for Pennsylvania afloat.

BARK.—There is no change, and 1st No. 1 Quercitron is steady but quiet at $36 ⅌ ton.

Seeds.—Cloverseed continues at a stand-still, without any alterations to note in quotations.

Provisions.—There is little doing, and there are no changes to note, and a small business doing in the way of sales.

Cotton.—There is a dull and unsettled market, and Pennsylvania sold at 16c. We quote at from this figure up to 17c for bbls; 16½c for drudge; and 17c for bbls.

New York Stock Exchange—May 18.

6700 U S 6s '81	opn 97¾	7 N Y Central R	72
7000 U S 6s '74	opn 78	50 do	83 7¾
8000 N Carolina 6s	71	100 do	83 7¾
2000 Tenn 6s '90	67¾	50 do	810 7¾
3000 do	67	530 do	83 7¾
11000 Virginia 6s	80	100 Mich S & N I	73¾
1000 do	46¾	50 Panama R	130
1000 do	46	100 do	131¾
2000 do	45 3/4	200 Ill Central Scrip	88 64¾
2000 Erie 6s m	89	100 do	88 64¾
10 Metropolitan Bk	87	50 Cleve, Col, & Cin	98
30 Am Exchange	70	100 do	98
63 Penna Coal Co	70	200 do	98
160 Hudson Riv R	35	150 Cleve & Toledo	22
100 Mich Central	45¾	100 Chic & R I	59 59¾
250 do	45¾	100 do	59 59¾

CITY ITEMS.

A NEW VIEW OF FORT PICKENS.—The reinforcement of Fort Pickens displeases the Confederates. They don't like the act, nor the way in which it was done. It was unpleasant for General Bragg to cease bragging, and turn his back upon Pensacola Harbor, but it had to be done. The only consolation left to the rebels is this: That the cheapest and best clothing can be obtained at the one-price Gift Emporium of Granville Stokes, 609 Chestnut street. Gifts of value and use are presented to purchasers.

GIVING THE SOLDIERS FITS.—Some of the clothing furnished to the volunteers were very peculiar in respect to fit; the pantaloons was a mile too big for those who received them, and search warrants were in constant demand for several days to hunt up absent buttons; but they have eventually discovered and rescued from graves of cassinet; while, on the other hand, some of them did not reach half way below the knees. This procrustean arrangement of making large men fit small garments, and compelling small ones to mount large clothes, is in strong contrast with the plan pursued at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth, where every article is made precisely to fit the person for whom it is intended.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

SEE FOURTH PAGE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Delaware, Johnson, 17 hours from New York, with mdse and passengers to James Alderdice. Passed below the Ledge an unknown bark, a brother of Linton's an unknown brig off Rhode Island an unknown bark, and sohr Courier, lumber loaded; below Newport saw brig Tiberius, from Cienfuegos, and Ella Reed, from New York.

Steamship Kensington, Baker, 48 hours from Boston, with mdse and passengers to Henry Winsor. Passed bark Horsesta, from Rio de Janeiro, above Bombay Hook; ship Dallinger, hence for Liverpool, in tow of tug J F Starr, off Dan Baker's Shoal; ship Garibaldi, for Africa, off New Castle, in tow of tug Angelica.

Brig Clara Spalding, 4 days from Williamsburg, Va, with lumber to J W Bacon.

Schr Rio, Moore, 3 days from Laurel, Del, with corn to J W Bacon.

Schr Lizzie Barratt, Jr, Pennell, 2 days from Laurel, with spokes and staves to J W Bacon.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Flora, Page, hence, at Loando, Africa, March 27, for Calino about April 20.

Bark Washington, Hutchinson, Collins, cleared at New York 18th inst. for Philadelphia.

Bark Iomie, Hutchinson, at Portland 17th inst. from Matanzas.

Bark Paladin, Wilson, at Baltimore 18th inst. from Rio de Janeiro.

Brig Mary E Thompson, Havener, hence, arrived at Boston 18th inst.

Bark Powhatan, Winchester, cleared at Havana 8th inst. for Sagua and New York.

Bark Brothers, Mariner, sailed from Cienfuegos 3d inst. for Philadelphia.

Brig Mary E Milliken, Norden, at Cardenas 4th inst. from New York.

Brig Humming Bird, Fultz, cleared at Havana 8th inst. for Matanzas.

Brig Urania, Coombs, hence, arrived at Matanzas 4th instant.

Brig W R Sawyer, Rich, sailed from Sagua 7th inst. for Philadelphia.

Brig R H McGilvery, sailed from Matanzas 8th inst. for Portland.

Schr N Borden, Gardner, at Havana 4th inst. from Boston.

Brig Edward Hill, Sylvester, sailed from Matanzas 9th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr John Northrop, Rees, hence for Buenos Ayres, was spoken 9th inst. lat 29 34, long 65 16.

Schr George and Emily, Harris, cleared at Portland 17th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schr Hero, Nutter, hence, arrived at Baltimore 18th instant.

Schrs Clara, Crowell, Minnesota, Foster, Martha J Goss, Gosse, E S Warren, Warren, and Treasurer, Fisher, hence, arrived at Boston 18th inst.

Schrs Beulah, Hanson, Sidad, Ferris, and J L Redner, Cordery, cleared at Boston 18th inst. for Philad.

Schrs Connecticut, Cook, Sea Witch, Kyle, Sarah A Taylor, Dunes, Revenue, Gandy, and Nathl Holmes, Hewitt, hence, arrived at Providence 17th inst.

Schr Amelia, Rockhill, sailed from Providence 17th inst. for Philadelphia.

Schrs Ontario, Vanglider, and Antares, Cordery, hence, were below Providence 18th inst.

Schr C H Rogers, Langley, sailed from Sagua 6th inst for New York.

Schr Julia A Rich, Sears, (late Newell, deceased) at New York 18th inst. from St Thomas.

Sonr R F King, Leeds, and Scop Elis, Pitt, cleared at New York 18th inst. for Philadelphia.

Steamers Cornelia, Pierce, and Sarah, Jones, cleared at New York 18th inst. for Philadelphia.

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ARRIVALS AT THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS, UP TO 12 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL—Ninth and Chestnut.

Geo S Selden, Pittsburg
Robt Hartshorn, Jr, N York
J Goddard, Worcester, Mass
W L McMillen, Ohio
B L Budd, M D, New York
M Leigh & in, Manchester
M Salomon, New York
A H Rehier, New York
J M Curtiss, New York
Wm Whitcomb, Prov, R I
S Rankin, Chicago, Ill
R J King, Liverpool, Eng
J C Richardson, New York
Wm J Felston, Hong Kong
A J Parrett, Delaware
Mrs Alex Shaion, N York
H W Hood, Pawtucket, R I
H Bishop, Bridgeport, Conn
G Bailey, Massachusetts
T Thomas, Kentucky
N Hoyt, New York
L S Sullivan, Ohio
O Gilmore, Boston
G M McDonald, New York
A A Wright, New York
J. S Weld, Colorado, Tenn
Miss Gray
M H Chamberlin, Cin, O
B W Butler, New York
C McCurdy, Harrisburg
J J Brown
E F May & in, Elkton, Md
M P Boyer, Reading
Geo R Brown, Warren
S R Servis, Charleston, S C
D McGibbon, St Louis
J M Preston, Portsmouth
R McVean, Mansfield
Miss Fahnoma, Newark, N J
N Hobart, Boston
H P Halsey, Camp Cameron
J Whitney, Jr, Cin, O
W McGlam, Ohio
T R Briggs, Cin, O
G W Brewer & wf, Washington
M J Landler & in, California
G W Brewer & wf, Philada
W B Show, Washington
Capt W Baker, Jersey City
Rev E T Williams, Savan'h
N W Biddle, Carlisle
J Y Sullivan, Ohio
G H Buckner, Wisconsin
R W Gross, Iowa
W W Wilmot, Cincinnati, O
Geo Wolfe, Cincinnati
Irs Attaway, Cincinnati, O
J C Wilson, Cincinnati, O
Geo Wolfe, Cincinnati
Sergt C Mendenhall, Cin, O
J Van Horn, Ohio
R A Morsell, U S R S
W R Cutler, Cincinnati, O
Lewis W Hall, Ky
R A Donaldson, New York
J B Benton, New York
E W Benton, New York
R B Lawrence, Annapolis
C F Willard, Annapolis
G J Healy, Annapolis
H Willis, Boston
T Pennington, Albany
J Wentworth, Albany
J R Malone, New York
M A Hardy, Boston
J Hamilton, New York
G Marsh, New Hampshire
Wm Stanton, Boston
S U Bockins, Philadelphia
J Bridgham, New York
W Metcalfe, New York
F G Whiting, New York
H Flood & in, New York
G F Houston

J E Uhlhorn, Pittsburg
R G Cowin, Dayton
H S Goodwin, Wilmington
Jas Murphy, Wilmington
W L Burket, New York
Chas S Appersombi, N Y
Miss Leigh, Manchester
D Allerton, New York
Alex Stetson, New York
Jas A Mulligan, Chicago
F W Reynolds, Prov, R I
P H Cowen & wf, Va
Lewis May & wf, N Y
Wm Colt, Brooklyn
J H Sullivan, Cincinnati
Serg't Macfarland, N Y
Thos B Bryson, Silver Sp
John A Biestand, Lane
J C Richardson, New York
Robt Donnelson, Jr, Iowa
Miss Lelah Thomas, KY
F Ruscan, New York
J Rosney & in, Ohio
J Q Scammon
G Newbold & 2 sons, N Y
H L Miller, Hartford
Miss Irwing
Master Gray
R B Lathrop, New York
M Morton
J F Spooner, New York
B Du Pari & lady
Wm Frick, Chester
H B Bailey, Ohio
Hon S Cowen, Warren
J C Cooper, Wheeling
H K Brower, Cincinnati, O
Wm Davidson, New York
F S Thomas, Newark, N J
F S Thomas, Jr, Newark
J C Kennedy
N A Halsey, Cp Cameron
S S Warren, Penna
J C Withington, N J
J P D Lamb, N Y
A Thompson, Boston
W S Brown, New York
Geo M Bartlett, New York
Maj M G Rathbone, N Y
Dr O A Marvin, Brooklyn
N W Coudick, Jersey City
J E