A "Naval Demonstration."

By the treaty of Berlin, the sultan of Tarkey was required to give up a small portion of his territory that lies on the borders of the little mountain princiborders of the little mountain princi-pailty of Montenegro to the ruler of that country. But months, then years, elapsed, and the sultan failed in this re-quirements of the treaty. The Albanian Turks, who occupied the territory, re-sisted their transfer to Montenegro, broad theorem and the conarmed themselves, and prepared to contest the matter to the end.

When Mr. Gladstone became prime minister of England, however, he reend, and that he should be compelled to carry out the obligations which required him to make the cession to Montenegro. He persuaded the other great powers to He persuaded the other great powers to join him in this purpose, and their en-voys all pressed the sultan to yield to their united demands. Then the sultan said that he would give up, not the ter-ritory that had been named, but the seapert town of Duleigno to the Prince of Mont nervo. This proposition was of Mont negro. This proposition was accepted by that prince and by the great

But the Albanians resisted also the giving up of Dulcigno, and the sultan declared that he could not compel them to lay down their arms. Then the powers, under the lead of England, resolved to make what they called a "naval demonstration" in Turkish waters. Accordingly, fleets under the waters. Accordingly, fleets under the flags of the various nations—England, Rutsia, France, Austria, Italy and Ger-inany—gathered in the Mediterranean, and sailed to the Adriatic. These com-bined squadrons were under the com-mand of the English admiral Seymour. They anchored in a bay called Gravosa, very near Dulciano: and Admiral very near Dulcigno; and Admiral Seymour then called upon the prince of Montenegro to take possession of the town with his troops. But this, the prince declared, he was unable to do. He said that he would soon be overpowered by the Turkish and Albanian sol-diers; and he asked that the fleets should sssist him by themselves opening him upon the town. This, how wer, the French ships refused to do; and as the powers desired above all things to remain united, it was decided that the only part the fleet could take was to ride at anchorage and look on while the Monenegrins attacked the town, and took it if they could.

The sultan now said that if the fleets would go away, and not seem to be threatening him. Dulcigno should be given up. But the powers knew too well what the promises of the sultan were good for. They were not worth the paper on which they were written. So the fleets remained, and the prince So the fleets remained, and the prince of Montenegro prepared to try to capture the town; while the flery Albanians still remained fortified and definnt within its walls. At last, however, the sultan yielded, and agreed to give up the town; and thus the 'inaval demon-stration," without firing a gur, or per-forming a hostile action, succeeded in forming a hostile action, succeeded in

its purpose. Other serious matters, however, connected with the Eastern question re-main to be settled. Turkey must still be forced to grant some territory to the Greeks; and we may be sure that Mr. Gladstone, who is an ardent champion of Greece, will be very much in earnest when the Greek frontier comes to be decided.

Soon or late the sultan must make up his mind to satisfy these Greek de mands; but it may be that another and more violent "naval demonstration will be brought to bear upon him, be-fore he will yield to what must be to him a very bitter necessity .- Youth's Companion.

Opium Drunkards.

The public were shocked not long since by the account of the death of a lady, the daughter of one of the most eminent professional men in the country, from an overdose of merphine. The wretched story was published all over

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Healthy Homes for Animals

Red Pepper and Poultry.

Azaleas.

Azaleas, if left to themselves, will de-

kind

valor.

A gloomy story is told by the Times Horses, cattle, sheep, dogs and the higher animals in general have vital systems exactly like those of man, and of India concerning the ravages of wild beasts and venomous reptiles in that country. The total of deaths during the scemingly as sensitive, too. A dose of any particular poison is just as fatal to ast year caused by wild beasts and a large dog as to a man of similar weight, and poisons that are breathed in by the lungs of a horse find their way just as quickly to the blood as they would if inhaled by man, woman or child; while bad food is just as mis-chievous in its effects upon the health of snakes was no less than 20,000. It ought to be possible in some way to lessen such an appalling mortality.

The Mormon temple, commenced at Salt Lake City twenty years ago, is not yet finished. They are still working at it. Already over \$4,000,000 have been expended and the structure has hardly animals as of humans. The inmates of stables and sheds need light and vantilation fully as much as the denizens of our handsomest houses. And yet thouassumed shape. It is estimated that its total cost will exceed \$28,000,000. sands of horses, upon whose work men and families depend for their livelihood, are stabled in close, dark, filthy in-closures, while cows, of whose life thoucontract has yet sixty years to run. It is to be built of Utah granite, and will be the finest building in the United States. sands of children are partakers in the

TIMELY TOPICS.

The consumption of mule and horse-firsh is steadily increasing in France. The weight has risen from 171,300 pounds in 1866 to 1,983,620 pounds in 1877. In the principal cities of the provinces the consumption of horseflesh may be considered to have fairly taken most literal sense, fare far worse in all that pertains to health. It is believed by many careful observers that animals are as sensitive as man even to malarious influences; certain it is that in ma-larious regions the horses and cattle are may be considered to have fairly taken lways thin, bony and spiritless. Epiroot. The average price of horse meat is from twenty-five to thirty cents per pound. Each horse furnished about 400 demic diseases that are not infectious never appear without good reason, and the frequency with which they affect ani-mals should inform owners of living weight of meat, which is capable of being prepared in many ways, such as pot-au-feu, boiled, roast, hashed, fil et, haricot, jugged, elc. property that it is expensive as well as stupid to give improper food and un-clean housing -New York Herald.

I do not know if other persons who raise poultry and pet birds are as much Around Shanghai lie 50,000 square miles which are called the garden of dependent as I am on red pepper; but I China, and which have been carefully drained for countless generations. have found so much benefit from its use area is as large as New York and Penn-sylvania combined; it is all mea'ow land, raised a few teet above the river-lakes, rivers, a complete network of water communication. The land is under the highest cultivation; three n my poultry yards and bird cages that it may not be amiss to call the attention of others to its good properties. I do not speak of the article that is sold in drug stores (and sometimes not remarkably fresh) but of the capsicum that grows in our gardens. I have tried all crops a year are gathered. The population is so dense that wherever you look you see men and women in blue the diff rent varieties, and find that the most pungent and offi acious is the small tind usually known by the name of 'bird's pepper." The plant in it elt is a pants and blouses, so numerous that you lancy some fair or muster coming on, beautiful object; it grows about two feet and all hands turned out for a holiday. high, and in autumn its bright little scarlet berries look like coral beads

There are frequent references in peeping from under the dark, green foliage. Indeed, one plant in a pot forms a very pretty ornament for a flower stand. The seeds possess a stimu-lating and reviving property, and I find Shakespeare and contemporary writings to "sea coal fires;" the term "sea coal" being applied to the soft coal brought by sea to London from Newcastle. Early in the thirteenth century its use two or three given to newly-hatched chickens, especially if they are weakly, have a most happy effect. If a hen looks feeble after molting, six of these was prohibited in London on account of its unhealthfulness; but the probibition was not long observed, and it soon be-came the only fuel. Combined with berries or pods given daily in some cornthe thick and constant fogs which now meal and sweet milk improves her won-derfully. Last summer two of my finest hang over or inwrap the city, the smoke and soot is increasing the death rate canaries began to droop. Every day I gave them each one seed of the "bird's every year, and has even caused some fear of a catastrophe which shall end in pepper," and in less than a week they were quite well. The same remedy is suffocating the whole city, and the calamity of Pompeii in a different form invaluable for mocking birds.-Poultry Bulletin. be repeated. One of the remedies proposed is the importation of anthracite

from America, so that the old term o 'sea coal " may come into use again.

velop long shoots that after a time become naked below and are furnished with leaves only at their extremities. There is now in process of construction a railroad across the Istimus of Flower stems are formed on the new wood of each summer's growth. Con-sequently, the amount of bloom, other things being equal, depends upon the amount of young wood annually pro Tehuantepec, Mexico. The width this isthmus from ocean to gulf is about 190 miles, but the projected route of the railroad, being somewhat circuitous, will be nearly thirty miles longer. The eastern terminus of the road is the duced. In order to have plants of good shape when they become large, it is necmouth of the river Coatzacoalcos, and from this point the railroad has already essary to give attention to pinching and training them from the first. The pyra-mid form, or, more properly, that of a cone, and rounded at the top, is con-sidered the best for the plant as is element. been completed for a distance of about ten miles, and the grading of another section of nearly twenty miles is fin-ished. The terms of the concessions sidered the best for the plant, as it allows the greatest exposure of leaf surface. Two principal methods are adopted to from the Mexican government demand that the entire road shall be completed regulate the growth and bring plants into shape; one is by successive pinchwithin two years from next January. Native laborers have been employed thus far; but Northern engineers will ings as the growth proceeds, the other by allowing long shoots to grow and then bending and training them down. survey the harbors and the interior, as well as lay out the route of the road on thus causing many of the dormant buds along their whole length to break and develop into shoots.- American Cultithe Pacific side of the isthmus. North-ern mechanics will also be generally em-

ployed in the construction of trestle-work, culverts and bridges. The route between New Orleans and San Francisco

POPULAR SCIENCE.

M. de Lesseps states that the opening of the Suez canal has increased the rain fall in the surrounding country to a remarkable extent. Previous to 1870 rain fell only about once a year, while it now falls at least twice a month.

M. Roudaire has presented to the French academy the results of his recent Algerian survey. He believes that an inland sea of 250 miles in length may be created without serious difficulty.

Professor Dufour, of Paris, has devised a thermometric apparatus which is so sensitive that it will denote, by a de-flection of the index needle of two inches, the change of temperature caused The by the entrance of a person into the room where it is placed.

It is surprising how quickly the vegetation of many countries settled by Europeans has been modified. A Ger-man writer, describing the flora of Chili south of the Valdivia river, states that the scenery between the Rio Buena and its winding affluents reminds him very strongly of home. In the park-like prairies, associated with deciduous peeches, are numerous scattered app'e

trees, originally introduced from Eu-rope. The apple tree has spread from Valdivia to Osorno, and even crossed the Andes into Northwestern|Patagonia. and spread thence eastward. Indeed, it has become so widely distributed and so general that the Indians from the distant regions of the Argentine rivers, Rso Negro and Rio Colorado are called

Manzaneros, or Apple Indians. The investigations of Herr Weith have shown that of various bodies of water, under otherwise similar conditions, that one has the greatest quantity of fish which contains the most dissolved bicaruonate of lime. A simple explanation of this seemingly strange fact is given. The simple carbonate of lime is widely distributed on the bottoms of lakes, but, being insoluble, is not taken up by the water. If, however, the water contain an abundance of carbonic acid -which is produced, of course, by ani-mals in respiration-this transforms the carbonate into the bicarbonate, which readily dissolves in water. It appears, therefore, that by a sure chemical analysis, one may, with considerable probability, estimate the quantity of fish in a body of water; and conversely, Harr Weith has often been at le to give a remarkably accurate statement of the chemical composition of a body of water on learning the quantity of fish contained in it.

A Romantic Suicide.

A St. Petersburg paper narrates touching story of an occurrence in one of the principal hotels in that city. A young gentleman from Moscow who had been staying for a few days by him-self in the hotel, ordered dinner one day

to be served for two. He then went to the railway station, evidently to meet his expected friend. He, however, returned to the hotel alone at dinner time. As his door was fastened and no reply could be got from within, the police were sent for to break open the door. The young gentleman was found stretched across the table shot through the heart. On the table also lay the photograph of a young lady, and the fragments of a letter were found scattered about the floor. Another letter was found addressed to the proprietor of the hotel saying that the writer had shot himself in despair because the young lady whom he had been expecting had not kept her promise. Half an hour afterward came the postman, bringing a letter from the young lady herself, saying that she had missed the train and would be unable to come till the next day. The scene when the unfortunate lady arrived and was informed of the tragedy that had taken place can be better imagined than described.

"Hands wanted on boys' pants," is the daily advertisement in the news-papers. "Twas always thus from childlood's hour.

Are you wearing out from excessive labor, sure, grief or old age? It so, then no food or medicine can restore your strength, your sleep and your spirits like Malt Butters, made of Unfermented Malt, Hops, Calisaya and Iron.

"What are your politics?" the chap-plain of the Iowa penitentiary asked an plain of the Iowa penitentiary asked an plain of the Iowa penitentiary asked an intelligent-looking convict. "I have not come out for anybody yet," revised the convict, gazing placidly through the bars.

There is no necessity to neglect your busi-ness if you will only use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once; the most reliable remedy is the world for Coughs, Colds, etc. Trichnes are by no means confined to pork. Two French soldiers died lately of trichinois contracted by eating the flesh of geese. Dr. Glendenning has detected the dangerous parasites in a pike caught near Ostend.

THEODORE TRANS is back from Europa His new lecture is entitled "The World's To-Morrow." He is under the management of Mr. Charles Mumtord, late of Cooper Institute, now of Red Bank, N. J.

IMPURE BLOOD .- In morbid conditions the blood are many diseases; such as call rheum, ringworm, boils, carburales, sores ulcers and pimples. In this condition of the blood try the VEGETINE, and cure these affec-tions. As a blood courter the se affections. As a blood purifier it has no equal Its effects are wonderful.

Malarial fevers can be prevented, also other

miasmatic diseases, by occasionally using Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, the oldest cents. general Finnily Medicine, which is recom-mended as a cure for all diseases caused by a disordered liver. Eighty-page book sent free. Address Dr. Santord 162 Broadway, N. Y.

Get Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners applied to those new boots before you run them over.

GREAT HORSE MEDICINE.

DR. CORLAS' VENERIAN HORSE LINIMENT in pict buttles at MO conts, 22 rears established. It is the best in the world for the cure of Collic Old Sortes, Sprains, Bruises, Sorte Throats, etc. TOHLAS' CONDITION PicWDRKS are warranted to cure Distemper, Pever Worms, B. is: give a fine coat; increase the appetite and chemas the urinary organs. Certified to by Col. D. McDaniel, owner of some of the fastest running horses in the world, and L000 others. 35 cents, Sold by drug-gists. Depot-12 Murray Street, New York.



WILL CURE

This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs and barks, that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it. There is no discass of the human system for which the VEORTINE cannot be used with PERFECT saver, as it does not contain any metallic com-pound. For eradicating the system of all impuri-ties of the blood it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system doldificated by discuss. Its wonderful effects upon the complaints named are superising to all. Many have been cured by the VEORTINE that have tried many other remedies. It can well be called stid upward.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

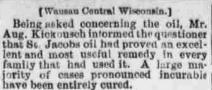
Dr. Callier Surprised.

Many p ople are afflicted with fi but very few ever get well from improper treatment only, is they properly treated. This beneficie Vegetine Cured His Daughter. little B ok

CALLIEBSVILLE, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15, 1878.

May 15, 1878. [Dear Sir-My daughter has been afficied with masal catarrh, affection of bladder and kidneys, and is of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physi-clans of Soima, I at last resorted to the use of your VEGETISE (without confidence), and, to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

advertising medium, Bespectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.



have been entirely cured. In the Gentleman's Magazine, of 1741

appears the curious announcement: "Mr. Gower [made] ratkiller to his majesty—a place of £100 a year—an honorable office." [Mt. Clemens (Mich.) True Record.]

W. T. Lee, Eiq., of this paper, savs: Being convinced of the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil in curing rheumatism, 1 have no hesitancy in recommending it.

Form of telegram to your shoemaker Make me another pair exactly like my ast.-Punch.

The Chicago Times says: Warner's Sato Kidney and Liver Cure is highly indersed by ministers, judges, physicians, surgeons, by men of lit rary and scholarly distinction, and by individuals in all the walks of life.

The postmaster sometimes stamps his Det. The Voltate Beit Co., Marshall, Mich., Will send their Electro-Voltate Belts to the sufficient upon 30 days' trial. See their adver-

tisement in this paper headed, "On 30 Days' Trial."

"Truth is mighty and will prevail." Phy-sicians and Druggists acknowledge the decid-edly beneficial results derived from the use of Ely's Cream Balm, for the cure of Catarrh. Hay Fever and Catarrhal Doniness. Price 50

WILKES-BARRE, PA., Jan. 28, 1880. MESSES. ELY BROS., Draggists, Owego, N. Y.-Tre supply of Cream Balm I pur-hased of you sold rapidly. Such is the demand, I have had occasion to duplicate the orders no less than five times within the past three months. My customers have found this is no humbug, but a preparation of real merit, and evidently a sourceign catholison for the cure of so distribution a disease as Catarrh. An article that will produce such satisfactory results will prove a blessing to any com munity. Yours truly, munity. WM. TUCK, Druggist.

shown by the fact that SEVENTY THOU-

SAND are sold yearly in the United States

MASON & HAMLIN

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which have been awarded mignest pistiscrioss ros DEMONSTRATED SUPERIORITY AL EVERY ONE OF the GREAT WORLD'S Industrial Exhibitions for thirteen years, 1023-

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SOLD BY ALL CRUGOISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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REMEDY

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RHEUMATISM:

NEURALGIA,

SCIATICA,

BACKACHE,

GOUT,

SORENESS

CHEST,

SORE THROAT,

QUINSY,

SWELLINGS

SPRAINS,

FROSTED FEET

EARS,

BURNS

SCALDS

General Bodily Pains

TOOTH, EAR

HEADACHE,

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ALL OTHER PAINS

AND

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LUMBAGO,

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS, arearded the MEDAL OF HONOR at the Outennied and Chicago. FRAZER LUBRICATOR CO. NewYork.



WILL CURE Scrofulas, Scrofulous Humor, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Canker, Sait Rheum, Pimples or Humor in the Face, Coughs and Colds, Ulcers, Bronchitis, Neu-raigia, Dysepesa, Rheumatism, Paina in the Side, Constipa-tion, Contivenees, Piles, Dizziness, Headache, Nervoumees, Pains in the Back, Faintness at the Stomact, Eidney Complaints, Female Weakness and General Debility. This preparation is scientifically and chemically

the country.

This woman was young and beautiful. She had high culture, and was by nature gentle, loving and lovable. A few years ago she began to take opium for some sease, and soon became its victim. All her struggles against it were vain. an age when she should have been in the full vigor of her womanhood, a happy and retired wife and mother, she died alone, and her downfall and disgrace were blazoned in every city of the Union. Opium drunkenness is said to be on

the increase in this country, and it prevails largely among women. Very few matrors or young girls, when suffering from weakness or nervous disorders, would resort to brandy or whisky. But a dose of laudanum, or some other anodyne, they regard as harmless.

Physicians, too, heedlessly prescribe something which they vaguely call "drops" to an overworked mother, or young girl exhausted by incessant danc ing and flirting, when the proper remedies would be a few weeks' rest from abor and care, and a more wholesome, rational life.

American women are, as a rule, nergetic. The busy housekeeper and energetic the eager belle find resort to a seemingly innocent little black bottle, when they are "run down," much easier than the giving up of work, or the sacrifice of balls and germans. Before they are conscious of their danger, they are victims to the most hopeless and terrible

of appetites-they are opium drunkards. It is probable that no one who has ever become addicted to this habit has been able to conquer it. DeQuiney wrote a book that for dramatic horror and pathos has not its like in literature. to prove that it was possible to rise "out of the deep;" but he sank again, help less and hopeless.

The best monograph on the opium habit written in America, was the work of a brilliant man of letters who believed himself cured, yet died its victim. Most of our readers can recall at least one opium drunkard whom they have known. The livid, corpse-like skin, the glassy eye, the vague air of terror, are unmistakable. They are signs that the nightmare, life-in-death, has seized its prey, and is dragging it surely down to the grave.—You'k's Companion

Dangerous Toys.

An English paper publishes the following caution, which may be of service to American parents: A number of toys imported to Paris from Furth, in Bavaria, have been seized by the police because the brilliant colors with which they were painted were composed of poisonous materials. Young children carry almost everything which they hold in the hands to the mouth, and therefore, neither the coloring nor the substance of toys should ever he poison-

Toys of brilliant hues, elastic balls, colored and varnished, and leaden sol-diers in uniform, of every variety, are among the seizures. The Furth manufacturers send their toys all over Ger many, and Germany furnishes nearly all the cheap toys in England. It is very probable that this country

will not escape its share of the distribution, so parents should keep a sharp eye on the nursery, and see that sickness or death may not lurk in these means of childish amusement.

"Never borrow trouble," said a hus-band to his wife. "Oh, let her borrow it if she can," exclaimed the next door neighbor; "she never returns anything, you know."-Boston Transcript.

The prisons of Belgium are the best in Europe

PUMPKIN FRITTERS .- Use cold, boiled will be shortened about 2,300 miles by pumpkin which has been served at the the railroad across this isthmus, as comdinner table; to each pint of the vegeta-ble add one egg well beaten, two tablepared with Darien or Panama, thus making an important saving of time and spoonfuls of flour, and pepper and salt to money in commerce. taste; fry them on a hot griddle and use them as soon as they are cooked. Cold, boiled squash can be used in the same For the first time in America, in the record of the settlement of a large estate, the expressed wishes of a rich man have way. Pickled pumpkin can be prepared in the same way as melon.

Recipes.

been literally followed by his heirs FRUIT CAKE .- One pound of flour, one rather than their legal rights as ex-pressed in his will. Mr. Joshua T. Jeanes, of sugar, one of butter, two of raisins, who died in January last in Philadel-phia, left an estate of about \$1,000,000, two of currants, one of citron, ten eggs, one-quarter ounce cloves, one ounce cinnamen, two nutmegs, one ounce of equeathing to his two brothers and two mace, one-half ounce of allspice, one cup sisters \$100,000 each, and to his sisters of molasses; bake tour hours. additionally all his real estate in Philadelphia. It was the intention of the

KING GEORGE'S PUDDING .- One pint testator to make certain bequests to pubof bread crumbs, half-pint of flour, tea-spoonful of baking powder sifted in flour, a little salt, half a pound of raisins, lic institutions and a few friends, but this he neglected to do; but the brothers and sisters decided not only to have the quarter of a pound of currants, quarter of a pound of chopped suet, coffee-cupful wishes of the testator carried out, but consented to an equal division of the of milk, one egg; tied tightly in a bag and boiled three hours; to be eaten with estate between them after the gifts to institutions and individuals and the exhard sauce

Patent Flour.

penses incident to the transfer of the property were deducted. Of the total Patent flour is now coming into gen-eral use, and many of our readers may be interested in reading the following explanation of what it is and how it is made, taken from the *Prairie Farmer*: Until recently the best flour was made from winter wheat; or, rather the flour made from winter wheat; of, rather the flour made from winter wheat sold for the it consisted for the most mate and for the starch of the grain, while the most of the guten (the most nutritious part of the grain) went into the middings. In grinding spring wheat so much Patent flour is now coming into genamount five gifts of \$2 000 each were paid estate of nearly \$1,000,000 was settled up

In grinding spring wheat so much bran remained in the flour that it was within eight months of the time it was too dark to suit the taste of the contaken into court. sumers But the middlings, which sold at a low price, has become the most desirable part of the grain.

Middling purifiers-by which the bran is separated from the middlings-Mr. T. L. Talbot has made a series of experiments regarding the size of drops have made a revolution in the business and their use in measuring medicines, etc. He finds that liquids containing a of milling.

By the new process the wheat is ground as before, except that the efforts of the miller are directed to obtaining the most middlings possible, and these are placed upon large horizontal sieves which are constantly agitated, while at the same time by ingenious devices a dratt of air is rushed up through the sieves which carries off the bran.

The purified middlings are then re-ground and the product is "patent" four, containing the glutenous, or most nutritious portion of the grain. Thus it is explained why the hard spring wheats of Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin and Dakota bring the highest price in the market, whereas only a few years ago they commanded only the lowest price.

Twenty Rich Men.

Peter Cooper..... Senator Jones..... Kcene, of New York......

enator Sharon.....

Solon Humphreys

Sidney Dillon.....

Oakes Ames, Jr.... Perry H. Smith, of Chicago... Pierre Lorillard......

The following twenty men are estia drachm. The largest drop is formed by syrup of gum arabic, forty-four to the mated to be worth the sums following heir names:

drachm, and the smallest by chloroform William H. Vanderbilt.....\$100,000,000 250 to the drachm. As a general rule tinctures, fluid extracts and essential oils yield a drop less than one-half the size of water, and acids and solutions give a drop but slightly smaller than water.—Journal of Chemistry. Flood, of California..... 50,000,000 Mackey, of California...... August Belmont..... 50,000,000 30,000,000 **Judicious Advertising** James G. Bennett..... 30,000,000 S. J. Tilden..... Edward Clark..... 25,000,000

25,000,000

20.000.00

20,000,000

20,000,000 15,000,000

15,000,000

Has created many a new business; Has enlarged many an old business; Has revived many a dull business; Has rescued many a lost business; Has saved many a failing business; Has preserved many a large business. And secures success in any business.

The Size of a Drop.

15.000,000 Paper board has been suggested as a substitute for wood and iron in siding 15,000,000 15,000,000 railroad cars. 15,000,000

How to Keep Healthy.

Do not neglect ventilating your bed rooms when the weather becomes cold. In the morning hoist the windows, take off the bedclothes, shake and stir the ticks, turn the upper one over the foot roll. This will prevent the impure odors penetrating further, and they will escape

faster while the bed is warm, and you will not have to wait for the beds to air when you are ready to make them. In hot weather we sleep with all the windows open, but do not allow the wind to blow directly upon us. In the coldest nights of winter we only leave the doors open connecting with other rooms. On no account sleep in tight

rooms without at least a crack to admit of pure air. Plenty of fresh air gives health, strength and elasticity to the lungs and body. Keep the pores of the skin open, to let impurities pass out freely, by washing the body once a week in winter, and oftener in summer. Have the room

warm, bathe quickly and wipe dry, and you will not fiel chilly if it has been done properly. If all the clothing worn by day were aired, while we sleep in other garments, much health and com-fort would be added to life. One-third of our lives is spent in our sleepingrooms. Do be particular about them. Let them be large, dry and pleasant .-Germantoun Telegraph.

It is now said that printed paper, or paper that has been written upon, when used as a wrapping for butter, cheese, etc., is productive of injurious results. The ink, and in the case of manuscript the perspiration which may have come off from contact with the hand, and

entered the pores of the paper and then fermented, may contaminate such food and injure digestion.

Banana fiber is suggested by Mr. Thomas J. Spear, of New Orleans, as a promising material for paper making purposes. It grows with great rapidity, small portion of water afford a small drop and visa versa. Gamelin's staterequires no replanting after having been ment "that the cohesion of liquids is once started on a piece of ground, needs pretty nearly in proportion to their specific gravity" is called in question, no cultivation, enriches the soil, and is mostly fiber. An acre planted in banana plants will, it is estimated, yield eight and the fact that alcohol and mecury afford nearly the same number of drops to the drachm certainly throws considerto ten tons of fiber.

able doubt upon the matter. The size of drops is effected principally by the co-hesion of the liquid, and the form of lip A French savant has made a careful comparative analysis of the statistical tables of suicides for France and Sweden. over which the drop falls. Bottles with ground necks, wide, thin even lips give He finds that they establish two laws, viz. that the widowers commit suicide more frequently than married fair results, b. t are not so accurate as "droppers." The best of these will not, however, average at all well. The ad-ministration of powerful medicines should not be attempted by drops, and men, and that the existence and pres-ence of children in the house diminishes the inclination to suicide both in mer this mode of measurement is, in any case, inadmissable if the quantity exceeds half and women.

A Boston physician has discovered that telephones are injurious to the ear, and people who run to ears will become alarmed. - Detroit Free Press.







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