The Advocate.

Henry A. Parsons, Jr., - Editor

THURSDAY DEC. 5, 1878.

—There will be two brothers in the lower house of the legislature this year David Emery, jr., of Titusville, Crawford county, and Lewis Emery, jr., of Bradford, McKean county, both Republicans and oil producers.

—Indiana county is not a healthy place for Democrats, at least they do not seem to increase very fast. At the recent election of 7,000 votes cast that party only received 1,300, the balance being divided between the Republicans and Greenbackers.

—The United States Grand Jury, at Chicago, have found a true bill against James G. Hill, Supervising Architect of the Treasury; Edward Burling, ex-Superintendent of Construction; Wm. A. Potter, ex-Supervising Architect, and five others, for conspiring to defraud the government in connection with the construction of the Chicago Custom House, by means of fraudulent vouchers, out of $850,000.

—The latest information from Breathitt county, Ky., is that Jackson, the county seat, is in possession of an armed mob, divided into factions, who are shooting and killing each other as opportunity offers. The Circuit Court sessions have been discontinued, and the judge is gone, no one knows where. The sheriff and his posse have possession of the court house and jail, which is barricaded and protected with rifles. Several persons have been killed, including the county judge and a man named Tom Little, a brother of the murderer, Jason Little, who is in jail, and whom one section of the mob wants to release. Picket firing is going on, and the citizens of the mountains are frequently killed.

—Judge Burns, of the Superior Court, at Indianapolis, Indiana on Tuesday morning of last week, fined Warren Tate $10,000 for contempt. Tate was plaintiff in a case before the court and William Love a witness. The judge, in announcing ths fine, remarked that whilst under the jurisdiction of the court, and the witness having given a portion of his testimony, plaintiff and witness meet in the corridor of the Court House and an altercation ensued, resulting in the death of the witness, Love, at the hands of Tate. This violent conduct of Tate being a great indignity to the court, interrupting its proceedings, intimidating its witnesses and violating the cause of justice on the threshold of its court, testimony was taken on the point of contempt, but the question of murder was not entered into. The judge's remarks were quite extended, closing with an order to the sheriff to proceed forthwith to levy on the property of Tate wherever it could be found, sufficient to cover the amount of the fine. Tate is reported to be worth $200,000, owning a large amount of real estate in this country.

—At Washington a striking illustration of the extent and excellence of the arrangements for international mail service which have resulted from the postal union is given in the official publication received by the superintendent of foreign mails from the Berne central bureau. A resident of Chemnitz, Saxony, mailed at that place, at 7 p. m. the 24th of May, a postal card addressed to himself, carrying a request to all postmasters to dispatch it successively and without loss of time to Alexandria, Singapore, Yokohoma, San Francisco and New York, and thence to Chemnitz, his object being to win a wager that with the existing postal arrangements, a circuit of the world could thus be made by postal matter within 120 days. The request was complied with, and the card arrived in Chemnitz from New York the 117th day after the date of the original mailing. The Postmaster General of Germany has caused this card to be photographed and transmitted to the Berne international bureau, with the remark that had it been posted an hour earlier, it would have accomplished the journey in 96 days.

—It appears there is some foundation for the report that General Grant has been proposed as a candidate for the throne of Bulgaria. Under the provisions of the first and third articles of the treaty of Berlin, Bulgaria is constituted an automatic tributary Principality under the Suzerainty of the Sultan, with a Christian government and a national militia. The Prince is to be elected by the population, and their choice is to be approved and confirmed by the Porte, and by England, France, Germany, Russia, Austria and Italy. No member of any reigning European dynasty is eligible to the post, and this provision of the treaty has greatly limited the number of eligible candidates. The far-spread and brilliant reputation of General Grant as a soldier and a ruler, it is said, has led the Bulgarian nobles, who are now debating among themselves the question of a ruler and the details of a new constitution, to look upon him as a most desirable prince. It is urged that he would be most eminently fitted for the post under the provisions of the treaty of Berlin. The most perfect equality in political and religious rights is to be extended to all the inhabitants of Bulgaria, and it is thought a wholly impartial foreigner like General Grant can best secure the execution of the laws designed to secure this equality. No formal proposition on the part of the Bulgarian nobilities has yet been made to General Grant, and if made, it is thought the General will decline the honor.

The Four Per Cents.

OVER ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS SOLD DURING THE PAST YEAR.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—President Potter, of the Maverick National Bank of Boston, had an interview with Secretary Sherman, yesterday morning, in regard to the sale of the four per cent. bonds, for which the Maverick Bank is the special agency in Boston. This bank has sold an immense quantity of these bonds, and finds the demand a continuing one. Secretary Sherman informed Mr. Potter that he would be able to report to Congress the sale of over one hundred millions of four per cents. during the past year, and he believed that the sales next year would amount to $300,000,000. The total amount of four per cent. bonds authorized is $1,000,000,000. The amount subscribed for on the 1st of December next will exceed one hundred and seventy-five millions. If the Secretary is not disappointed next year, therefore, he will be able to report at the opening of the Forty-sixth Congress the sale of nearly five hundred millions of four per cents. The whole amount of debt which will be redeemable on or before May 1, 1881, is about thirteen hundred and fifty millions, and, if the funding continues at the rapid rate predicted by the Secretary, the next Congress will need to increase the amount of four per cents authorized to $1,500,000,000. Of course, the Secretary bases his hopes on the expectation that the bastard silver dollar will not supplant the gold dollar, and that the gold currency will not be debased as is now proposed by some of the soft money politicians.

The Law of Assignment.

Since the national bankrupt law has become a thing of history, its virtues and vices remaining only as subjects of controversy, which may soon be hot enough, for in some particulars the abandonment of it is a leap from the frying pan into the fire, let us see in what position we are placed. The leap, however, has been taken, and whether for the better or the worse time will only tell. In the meantime it will be well to know all about the new order of things, and as a suggestion we print here an abstract of the statute on voluntary assignment in this State:

Whenever a voluntary assignment is made it is the duty of the assignee, within thirty days thereafter, to file in the office of the Prothonotary of Common Pleas of the county a schedule of the property so assigned, and with it an affidavit that the schedule is complete according to his knowledge and belief. And the Court of Common Pleas, or, in vacation, any judge thereof, may appoint competent persons to appraise the property assigned, and when the appraisement is made they shall return it and the schedule to court, there to be filed on record. The appraisers are to receive the same compensation as is allowed the appraisers of the estate of a decedant. When the appraisement is filed the assignee is to give bonds in double the value of the property appraised, the bond to be filed in the prothonotary's office. Whenever an assignor surrenders his property, either before or after a suit at law, the assignee may appeal from the award affecting this property, or being a writ of error upon any judgment which may be tendered in the suit. In any assignment, after the appraisement has been made, the assignor may choose from the household goods any articles to the value of three hundred dollars, and if no cause to the contrary is shown, after due notice to the creditors, the court will order the release of these articles And in any assignment, when the court is satisfied that all clear claims have been met by sales from the property assigned, and security has been given in case of any disputed claims, if any portion of the estate remains in the hands of the assignee the court may order a reconveyance of it to the assignor, which reconveyance is to be acknowledged in open court and entered on its records, and thereupon the estate is held free from the assignment.

Three Girls Capture a Deer.

There was a dance near Porter's Lake, in Pike county, Pa., on Friday evening last, that was attended by numbers of the best youths and maidens in the neighborhood. They began dancing early in the evening and continued it until morning. The region is sparsely inhabited, and the means of communication few; therefore, those who attend such gatherings frequently go on foot for miles to be present at them. Three maidens—Miss Cox, Miss Brink and Miss Jennie Lane—live on the northwest bank of Porter's Lake, and to get to the dance rowed over in a small boat. After the breaking up on Saturday morning, they started to return home in the same manner, Miss Cox, the eldest of the three, taking the oars. When near the middle of the lake, they discovered an object moving in the water before them, which at first they supposed was a dog, but which upon nearing they ascertained to be a big buck. It circled round and round in the water, a sure indication that it was wounded.

After a consultation, the boat was pulled to within a few feet of the buck, and the oars were unshipped, Miss Brink taking one and Miss Cox the other. They drifted closer, and when within striking distance, at a given signal, both girls brought their weapons down upon the deer's head. He sank beneath the water for an instant, but when he came to the surface his eyes shone and his hair was turned straight toward his head. The girls both struck a second time, bringing the oars down upon his neck. He sank again, but coming up sprang from the water and placed his fore feet against the side of the boat. The girls had to use all their strength to keep it from capsizing. They managed, however, to strike the animal another blow on the neck, which proved a fatal one.

Tying their handkerchiefs together, the girls secured their prize to the boat and towed it ashore. It weighed 244 pounds. There was a fresh wound in the right side and one hind leg was broken. It had doubtless been driven ashore by hounds.

Mrs. Senator Bruce.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY AGITATED CONCERNING HER EXPECTED DEBUT AND THE TREATMENT SHE WILL RECEIVE.

Washington Cor. Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Senator Bruce, who has been traveling in Europe with his bride since his marriage, in June, is expected to arrive here soon, and has engaged a handsome residence on Capitol Hill for the remainder of his Senatorial term, which expires on the 4th of March, 1881. There is some social agitation here with regard to the manner in which Mrs. Bruce will be received by the swells of Washington. She is a lady of fine personal appearance, an octoroon, and is, perhaps, better educated than most of the women who intend to snub her if she presumes to enter society. She was a school teacher in Cleveland, but her husband has sufficient wealth to gratify any taste she may have in the way of personal adornment, and it is whispered that a wardrobe purchased by her in Europe would be prized by any of our belles. It is a requirement of official etiquette here, that all the Cabinet ladies, and the wives of Congressmen, shall make the first call upon a Senator's wife, and the wives of the older Senators always make the approach to an acquaintance with the wives of the new Senators. Mrs. Bruce will experience no embarrassment from the treatment she may receive from Mrs. Evarts, Mrs. Sherman, and the other Cabinet ladies, and Mrs. Hayes, whose gentility is beyond a question, intends to make Mrs. Bruce at home at once by her cordial greeting. It is said that Mrs. Bruce will be invited to attend Mrs. Hayes at the first Presidential reception. The only colored Senator's wife who ever attempted an entrance to Washington society was Mrs. Pinchback, six years ago, and, being both beautiful and accomplished, she was not only treated civility, but was made quite a lioness. It may be that Mrs. Bruce will receive similar treatment.

It will be noticed that there will be no negroes in the next Congress, unless O'Hara, of North Carolina, gets a certificate, which is doubtful. There were seven colored candidates for Congress, each in a district where their race was overwhelmingly in the majority, and where each, by a fair and free vote, would have been elected by a majority greater than the opposition, but none of them, except O'Hara, ever hoped for success. So confident were they of the methods of their white opponents. There is a colored voting population in the South of over a million, but in the Forty-sixth Congress it will be entirely unrepresented, except by Bruce in the Senate. In the Forty-second Congress there were nine negroes; in the Forty-third, seven; in the Forty-fourth, four; in the Forty-fifth, three; in the Forty-sixth there will be none. Hereafter the only use of the 15th amendment will be to give the South additional members of Congress, and increase the electoral vote of the States.

October Petroleum Reports.

The correct report shows that the number of drilling wells in all the districts, at the close of the month of October, was 282, which was 42 more than in the preceding months. Rigs erected and being erected 308, against 273 in September. The number of drilling wells completed during the month was 229, being 55 more than in September. Aggregate production of the new wells was 2,878 barrels, against 2,243 barrels in September. The total number of dry holes developed in the month was 25, against 21 in September. The daily average production for the month was 44,187 barrels, which is an increase of 330 barrels only. In the Bradford district so far the production has increased from month to month, and now shows up with a daily average of 23,330 barrels. The shipments in October out of the producing regions were 313,165 barrels more than in the preceding month. The total shipments of crude and refined reduced to crude equivalent, by railroad, river and pipes, were 1,147,490 barrels. New York took 568,211 barrels; Pittsburgh, 319,577 barrels; Cleveland, 391,808 barrels; Philadelphia, 285,105 barrels; Boston, 48,926 barrels; Baltimore, 62,217 barrels; Ohio river refiners, 3,200 barrels; other local points, 68,346 barrels. Total shipments, 1,747,390 barrels. The stock has been decreased during the month 377,593 barrels, making the total stock at the close of the month 4,221,769 barrels, and is held by pipe companies, tankers and operators.

—Mr. Guy Carlton, a robust farmer seventy-five years old, living near the village of Wyoming, N. Y., has bought his coffin and has it ready for use. He also has ready for erection a solid marble block, chiselled in the shape of a dwelling, with doors and windows. The block will be put over his grave to symbolize by its form and solidity the last long dwelling of man.

—An old negress who passed among the ignorant of her race as a soothsayer once told Mr. Calhoun that no one whose name began with "C" could ever be President. An Ohio newspaper recalls this incident, and cites the names of Clinton, Calhoun, Clay, Cass, Crawford, Chase, among the dead, and Conkling among the living, to verify the prophecy.

—One of the eccentricities of the late Mr. Powers, the millionaire druggist of Philadelphia, was a nervous dread lest the balance of his firm in the bank should fall below $100,000, and on one occasion, when it fell a few dollars below that sum, he said, with much asperity, "Do not let it happen again."

—A farmer in Fishing Creek Valley, Lycoming county, raised 2,500 pounds of buckwheat this season.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Estray.

Came to the premises of James McMannus, a few weeks ago, a red calf. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.
JAMES M'MANNUS.
42-3t Shawmut, Elk Co., Pa.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition of citizens of Ridgway township will be presented at the next Court of Quarter Sessions of Elk county for the incorporation of a Borough of the town of Ridgway.

RULE TO PLEAD.

George A. Johnson, heir of Ralph Johnson vs. Wm. E. Wykoff, with notice to John A. Wykoff. — IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ELK COUNTY. No. 78, Sept. Term, 1878. EJECTMENT.

And now to-wit: November 21, 1878, upon motion of Messrs. Hall & M'Cauley, attorneys for Plaintiff, the court grant a Rule on the Defendants to appear and plead to the above entitled action on or before the fourth Monday of January, A. D. 1879, or judgment will be entered against them by default.

Summons in Ejectment having been issued by Plaintiff against Defendant for all that certain tract of land situate in Benezette township, Elk county, Pennsylvania, being an undivided two-thirds part of two hundred and eighty-eight acres, part of warrant No. 5023, and bounded on the north by warrant No. 5012; east by warrant No. 5480; south by Coleman Johnson and others and remainder of warrant No. 5023; and on the west by warrant No. 5022, containing two hundred and eighty-eight acres, to enforce specific performance of contract between Ralph Johnson and said W. E. Wykoff, dated June 2d, 1876, the sheriff having made return thereon that the said Defendants cannot be found in said county.

From the Record.
Attest—
FRED. SCHŒNING, Prothonotary.
HALL & M'CAULEY, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Nov. 23, 1878. dec5-4t

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WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11 55 p m
" " " Renovo.....11 00 a m
" " " Emporium..... 1 00 p m
" St. Mary's..... 1 46 p m
" Ridgway ..... 2 16 p m
" " " Kane.....3 30 p m
" arrive at Erie..... 7 35 p m

EASTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie.....11.20 a m
" " " Kane..... 3 50 p m
" " " Ridgway..... 4 49 p m
" " " St. Mary's..... 5 17 p m
" " " Emporium ..... 6 10 p m
" " " Renovo..... 8.35 p m
" " arr. at Philadephia... 7 00 a m

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THE SUN has fairly earned the hatred of rascals, frauds and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred no less in the year 1879 than in 1878, 1877, or any year gone by. THE SUN will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people, THE SUN does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly with the affairs of to-day. It has both the disposition and ability to afford its readers the promptest, fullest and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present disjointed condition of parties in this country, and uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. The discussions of the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American, whatever his political ideas or allegiance. To these elements of interest may be added the probability that the Democrats will control both houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration, and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthy abhorence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of the varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth, will be an important part of THE SUN'S work for 1879.

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