Elk Advocate.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1874.

Car Time at Ridgway.

ERIE MAIL East..... 4:45 p. m.
do do West..... 2:33 a. m.
IAHARASCO RE SS West..... 8:05 a. m.
do do East.....10:04 p. m.

ELK LODGE, A. Y. M.

The stated meetings of Elk Lodge, No. 379, are held at their hall, corner of Main and Depot streets, on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

W. C. HEALY, Sec'y.

Rates of Advertising.

One column, one year.....$75 00
½ " " " 40 00
¼ " " " 25 00
⅙ " " " 15 00

Transient advertisements per square of eight lines, one insertion $1, two insertions, $1.50, three insertions, $2.

Business cards, ten lines or less, per year $5.

Advertisements payable quarterly.

NOTES.

"ONE by one the leaves are falling."

NEXT Saturday is Hollow E'en. Look well to your cabbages.

PERSONS naturalized one month before the election are entitled to vote.

THE Methodist church is ready for the first coat of plaster.

WE see it stated that Mr. C. K. Ross, father of the lost Charlie Ross, has lost his reason, and is also physically prostrated.

TURN out to the election next Tuesday, and vote for Oyster, Wensel, and Osterhout.

LAST Tuesday afternoon, Lieut. Fred Grant was married to Miss Ida Honore of Chicago, very quietly and nicely.

SEVERAL houses in town are being newly shingled. This seems to predict a hard winter.

Forty-two postoffices in the United States glory in the possession of the name of Washington.

A machine for removing ice and snow from the streets by means of superheated steam, is the invention of a brilliant New Yorker.

TWENTY ONE girls of Kenosha have "*Resolved*, That if the men won't come and see us we will go and see them." How is that for woman's rights?

VOTE for D. C. Oyster, if you want a man for Representative who will represent our interest, and and not the terests of railroad monopolies.

THE new style of ladies' muffs are said to be larger at one end than the other. How convienent for a sleigh ride!

NEXT Tuesday, will decide the fate of the candidates for sheriff We predict there will be three disappointed men.

DIED.—E. E. Crandall, formerly of this place died in Baltimore, on Tuesday evening last He was about forty-four years of age.

The eclipse of the moon occured last Sunday morning according to announcement. It commenced about ten minutes to 1 o'clock, and was total at about 2, and at 3:30 was entirely over.

VOTE for W. H. Osterhout for Commissioner, for he is a man who will do honor to any position in which he may be placed. He will make an excellent officer if elected.

VOTE for Henry H. Wensel, for sheriff, he served his country faithfully in her hours of need, and we guarantee if he is elected he will faithfully discharge the duties of the high office to which he aspires.

THE ostracism of Chicago by the Board of Insurance Underwriters, is not having the effect that was so fondly anticipated. The home companies are gobbling up everything and a few organizations not included in the Board, are doing a thriving business.

IF you want railroad, monopolies vote for Wimmer. He is the railroad candidate and has a letter now in his possession, written last August, from the Penn. R. R. Company, requesting that he be a candidate. We don't want this man to misrepresent us.

MR. WIMMER claims 500 majority. We know lots of men who would be willing to bet that his majority won't exceed 499. Mr. Wimmer would be somewhat surprised should the majority be on the other side.

WE have received a long communication from one of the Modoc base ball nine, in answer to an article in last week's *Democrat*. We decline to publish it on the ground that we don't wish to take up the hatchet against our own boys, and we believe the *Register* the proper exponent of Brockwayville's ball club.

A WRITER in the St. Paul *Press* tells a new story of Horace Greeley. Horace wrote a note to a brother editor in New York whose writing was equally illegible with his own. The recipient of the note not being able to read it sent it back by the same messenger to Mr. Greeley for elucidation: Supposing it to be the answer to his own note, Mr. Greeley looked over it, but likewise was unable to read it, and said to the boy, "Go, take it back. What does the d—d fool mean?" "Yes, sir," said the boy, "that is just what he says."

CADET.—Hon. C. B. Curtis has the appointment of a cadet to West Point for this district. A competetive examination will be held at the office of J. W. Wetmore, Esq., in Erie on the second Tuesday of November next, being the 10th day. The boy who passes the best examination will be recommended. He will not have to report at West Point till June next. Now is the time for the fighting boys to step to the front.

EVANGELICAL LUTHRAN CHURCH, RIDGWAY, PA.—DEDICATION SERVICES.—On the first Lord's day, in November, 1870 Rev. I. Brenneman, having been sent by the Pittsburgh Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, to look after her scattered membership in Northwesteren Pennsylvania, preached in the court house at Ridgway, in the German language to a congregation numbering eight persons.

From time to time with greater or less regularity divine services were held in both the English and German languages. The congregation was gathered and in the spring of 1872, an organization was effected, the new congregation being received into connection with the Pittsburgh Synod, at its session held in St James Church, Westmoreland county Pa, August 1872. On the 29, of June, 1873, the corner stone of the new building was laid in accordance with the usages of the Lutheran church after a sermon by Rev. Prof. H. W. Roth. The work then begun by the small congregation has been continued despite the hardness of the times, through the perserving and self-denying labor of the Missionary, Rev. I. Brenneman.

On Saturday evening last the first services were held in the new church; Rev. Prof. Roth, preaching from the text Luke 15, 11., "this manner receiveth sinners and eateth with them."

On the Lord's day October 25th, the dedication sermon was preached by Rev. H. W. Roth, from First Kings 8, XIII; "I have surely built thee a house to dwell in a settled place for thee to abide in forever." After the sermon the house was set apart for the worship of Almighty God, after the liturgy of the Lutheran Church, Rev. G. A. Bruegel of the German Lutheran church Warren Pa., Rev. J Melander of the Swedish Lutheran church of the same place, and Rev. I. Brenneman taking part in the dedication services.

At 2 o'clock, P. M. after a sermon by Pastor Bruegle, the Holy Communion was celebrated a child being baptised at the same service. These afternoon services were in the German language.

At 4 o'clock, Pastor Melander preached a sermon in the Swedish language, and administered the Holy Communion to his Swedish congregation.

In the evening an English discourse was preached by Rev. Bruegle. The day was beautiful and all the services were attended by large and attentive congregations.

The dimensions of the new building are 36x50 feet. In the spire which is ninety feet high, a bell has already been placed, which has the honor of being the first church bell in Ridgway. The edifice is frame and closed in with block siding, painted in imitation of sand stone. The style is gothic; the windows are of a very neat pattern of stained glass; the pews have slatted seats very comfortable. The pulpit is plain in finish and occupies a recess at the rear of the church. The cost of the enterprise is $3,500. The lot upon which it is located being donated by J. J. Ridgway, Esq. now a resident of Erance, thaough his gentlemanly agent Mr. J. W. Colegrove of Colgrove, McKean county, Pa.

A subscription was taken up amounting to a little over $400, leaving a little over $800 unprovided for.

IN THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for November, readers will find a variety of excellent reading. There are Representative Temperance Advocates, comprising portraits and sketches of General Neal Dow, R. C. Pitman, L.L. D, Judge James Black, Arol M. Powell and Rev. Dr. Miner; Cultivating and Restraining Faculties—hints toward the improvement of character; William Baxter, the inventor, with a portrait; The Kaffir Postman; Personal Independence in Woman; Ideal of a Wife; That Troublesome Boy!—many heads of families are advised on a sore subject in this pithy chaptet; Famous Trees of the World; Pre-Adamite Man not in the Bible. Besides, many suggestions of value to the farmer, and much reading of a practical and entertaining sort in Answers to Correspondents. Price, $3 a year. 30 cents for the number. Subscriptions are now in order for 1875. Address S. R. WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

FULL returns from elections held Tuesday last, a week, give the State of Ohio to the Democracy by a majority of 17,000 or 18,005, and a gain of seven Congressmen. Indiana also elects the Democratic ticket by 14,000 majority, and also a pleurality vote, and makes a gain of five members of Congress. Iowa and Nebraska voted solidly for the Republican ticket, and shows increased majorities. Arkansas voted on her new Constitution, and for State officers under its provisions. Republicans ignored the whole business, but it seems that the Democracy have made the returns all the same as if they had voted. In fact, the whole vote is larger than when Republicans have participated in the elections. West Virginia elects Democratic Representatives.

UDDERZOOK, the man found guilty of the murder of one, A. C. Goss, in the Court of Chester county, and whose case caused a great amount of speculation at the time, has been refused a pardon by the Governor and the 12th day of November appointed for the ime of his execution.

For the ADVOCATE.

No longer we'll complain, in doleful rhymes
Of grievous taxes and distressful times,
Election day though late is drawing near
And candidates are lavishing their beer
So we may change our wonted, dismal note
And eat and drink all winter for a vote.—
After a season of starvation past,
Our turn to eat and drink has come at last.
In us, beholdthe nation's sure protector
Though starved, half-clothed, unwashed yet still electors,
Of this-the greatest nation to be found
On the "aerial or Tellaric ground"
(What all that means I've not the faintest glimmer
If you would know, go ask the astute Wimmer,
Who, to Elucidate must needs "dispense
Bright flowers of rhetoric devoid of sense"
And make the whole as clearly understood
And transparent as his native wood.)
Whom we'll elect we have not yet decreed
But whether Hays or Horton shall succeed,
Wimmer or Oyster, Osterhout or Scull
We'll bleed them all and get our pockets full.

HENRY WENSEL has been a resident of this county ten years; three years previously he spent in the army. While men that are abusing him were staying at home, he stood up nobly in defense of his country.

During a single week of this month, the New York Postoffice forwarded country offices 34,711,915 postage stamps, representing a value of $966,971.

As an instance of the ups and downs of American life, it is stated that a former President of the Salem (Mass.) Common Council was picked up in the streets of that city a few days ago in a starving condition.

QUOTATIONS
OF
White, Powell & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 42 South Third Street.
Philadelphia, October 27th, 1874.

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881. c	18⅛	18⅜
do 5 20, c '62, M and N	13⅛	13⅜
do do '64 do	16⅛	16⅜
do do '65 do	16⅞	17⅛
do do '65 J and J	16⅛	16⅜
do do '67 do	17⅛	17⅜
do do '68 do	16⅞	17⅛
do 10-40, coupon	11⅝	11⅞
do Pacific 6's cy	17⅞	18
New 5's Reg. 1881	11⅝	11⅞
do c. 1881	12⅝	12⅞
Gold	110	110⅛
Silver	105½	107
Pennsylvania	54½	54⅞
Reading	55⅝	55⅞
Philadelphia & Erie	14⅛	14⅜
Lehigh Navigation	47	47⅛
do Valley	60⅝	61
United R R of N J Ex. Div	127½	128⅜
Oil Creek	9	9½
Northern Central	30⅞	31
Central Transportation	40	40⅛
Nesquehoning	53⅝	54
& A Morigage 6's '89	102½	103

LIST OF JURORS.

drawn for November term 1874, commencing Monday November 16th.

GRAND.

Benezette—John B Lewis, Harrison Overturf.

Benzinger.—Evans Shade, John Bryndle Jr. Joseph Blessel Jr.

Fox—Bernard Canavan, Willis Kyler, Reuben S. Gross, Samuel Brown, Patrick Fahen, John Hershey.

Highland.—Levi Ellithrop.

Jay—James Trumble, Geo. L. Thurston.

Jones.—George Brechtel Jr., Franklin Miller.

Ridgway.—Samuel Wilson.

St. Marys Boro.—John Gerben, George Leben, Jacob Tresch, Thomas Keck, John Butsch.

Spring Creek.—Reuben Mohney, John Hamilton.

TRAVERSE.

Benezette.—Byron Hewitt, Lewis Lewis John Barr.

Benzinger.—Adam Geyer George Stauffer, John Kreckel, William Knecht, Jacob Cundle.

Fox.—I. E. Graham, Peter Bonzart Thomas Sullivan, James Cuneo, Henry Largay, Clinton Bundy, Jas R. Green C. R. Keltz.

Highland.—Walter Smith, Edward Lair.

Horton.—Jesse Platt.

Jay.—Martin Evans.

Jones.—John Pistner Ferdinand Wauk, George Powell, Truman Garlick.

Millestone.—Geo. W Smith, S. M. Moore

Ridgway.—R. I. Robinson, Henry Dibel, O. S. Davis, V. S. Wheeler James Burton.

St. Mary's Boro.—Martin Huber, Henry Sieger, John Delger, Francis J. Keller, George Smith, George Imhoff, Anton Schaver.

Spring Creek.—William Moore, Newman Crabtree.

Election Proclamation.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

WHEREAS, in and by the 13th section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2nd 1869 entitled, "An act relating to the Elections of the Commonwealth" It is injoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected, in pursuance thereof. I, D. C. OYSTER, High Sheriff of the County of Elk, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Elk, that a general election will be held in said county, on

Tuesday November 3, 1874,

(it being the first Tuesday of the month,) for the purpose of electing the following officers, to-wit:

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court.

One person for Lieutenant Governor.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

One person for Auditor General.

One person for Congress, to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Mifflin and Union.

One person for Assembly for Elk County.

One person for Sheriff of Elk County.

One person for Commissioner of Elk County.

One person for Auditor of Elk County.

And the qualified electors of the county of Elk will hold their elections in the several districts, as follows:

Benezette township, at the house of Elizabeth Winslow.

Benzinger township, at the school house on Michael St., near the Elk creek bridge.

Fox township at the Centreville school house.

Highland township, at the house of Levi Ellethorpe.

Horton township, at the school house near D. C. Oyster's Hotel.

Ridgway township, at the Court House.

St. Mary's Borough, at the Town Hall.

Spring Creek township, at the house of Stockdale, Downer & Co.

Jay township, at the house of Alfred Pearsall.

Jones township, at the Wilcox Tanning and Lumber Co's office in Wilcox.

Mill Stone township, at the house of Henry Herr, at Barr's Dam.

I also make know the following act entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties in the Commonwealth," as I am required by the second section of said act:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives, &c.*, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general township and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all the Judges of the Courts to be voted for and to be labelled on the outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for and labelled "State," one ticket shall embrace the names of all county offices to be voted for, including the office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, members of Congress, if voted for and labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace names of all the township officers voted for and be labelled "Borough" or "Township;" and each shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 15th section of aforesaid act, I am directed that every peron except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office appointment of trust or profit, under the Government of the United States, or this State, or any city or incorporated district whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative or judiciary or executive department of this State or of the United States, of any city or incorporated district and also every member of Congress and State Legislature, and the select and common council of any city, Commissioner of incorporate district, is by law incapable of holdingor exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge, shall be elegible to any office then to be voted for.

Also in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 16th 1869, it is enacted that the 14th section shall be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude,

SECTION 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And whereas, The Congress of the United States, on the thirty-first day of March 1870, passed an act entitled, "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows.

Be it enacted, &c., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any State, Territory, district, city county, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of color race, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if by or under the constitution or laws of any State or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to preform such prerequisites, or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officers to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars; to the person agrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of a misdemeanort and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, It is declared by the secone section of the VI article of the Constitution of the U. S, that "This Constitution of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof shall be the supreme law of the land * * * anything in *the Constitution or laws of any State, to the contrary, not withstanding.*

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 6th of April 1870, passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," the tenth section provides as follows:

SECTION 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freeman shall be entitled to vote, or to be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that hereafter all freeman without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved the 17 of April 1869, entitled "An act further supplemented to an act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," and shall when otherwise qualfied under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed, to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty, or disability therein provided are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited, their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

And whereas, Persons, not citizens of the United States, are noti under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That in all elections hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such elections to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person, or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third one thousand eight hundred and sixty five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot, or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspector of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he, or they so offending, shall be guilty of a misdeamor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, he shall, for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment, in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3 That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualfied as aforesaid, shall at any election, hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote or tender to the officer there, and offer to vote, a ballot, or ballots any person so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdeamor, and on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall, for each offence, be punished in a like manner as is provided in the proceeding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4 That if any person shall shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person or persons deprived of citizenship, and disqualfied as aforesaid, to offer any ballot, or ballots, to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officer to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty, of a misdeamor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court or quarter sessions of this commonwealth shall be punished in a like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

I also make know the following sections of an act approved the 30th day of January, A. D. 1874, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth:"

SECTION 5. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock A M and closed at seven o'clock P M.

SECTION 6 In all election districts where a vacancy exists by reason of the disqualification of the officer or otherwise in an election board heretofore appointed, or where any new district shall be formed, the judge or judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall, ten days before any general or special election, appoint competent persons to fill said vacancies and to conduct the election in said new districts; and in the appointment of inspectors in any election district both shall not be of the same political party; and the judge of elections shall, in all cases, be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district, as nearly as the said judge or judges can ascertain the fact; and in case of the disagreement of the judges as to the selection of inspectors, the political majority of the judges shall select one of such inspectors, and the minority judge or judges shall select the other.

SECTION 7 Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

SECTION 8 At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SECTION 9 All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district * * *

SECTION 10 On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceeding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or parly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the state one year; or, if a native born citizen of the state and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately two months preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SECTION 11 It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the day, by virtue of the same certificrte, excepting whers sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

* * * *

PART OF SECTION 19 Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 21 Any person who, on oath or affirmation, in or before any court in this state, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization for himself or any other person wiltully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void, and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation; and any person who shall vote or attempt to vote on any paper so obtained, or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offense, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the thirteenth section of the act last aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the return sheets, tally papers and oaths of officers of their respective districts and deliver them over to the prothonotary at Ridgway on the days mentioned in said section.

Given under my hand at Ridgway, the 7th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy four, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-eighth.

D. C. OYSTER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, }
dgway, Pa., Oct., 7, 1874. } 32t4.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, JUNE 28, 1874, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves Philadelphia.. 7.20 a. m
" " " Renovo ..... 4.20 p m
" " arr. at Emporium..... 6 20 p m
" " " St. Mary's..... 7.35 p m
" " " Ridgway ..... 8.05 p m
" " arr. at Kane..... 9.15 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11.55 p m
" " " Renovo.....11.10 a m
" " " Emporium..... 1.15 p m
" St. Mary's..... 2.10 p m
" Ridgway ..... 2.33 p m
" arrive at Erie..... 8.05 p m

EASTWARD.

NIAGARA EX. leaves Kane... 9 00 p m
" " " Ridgway ...10.04 a m
" " " Emporium..11.35 a m
" " " Renovo..... 4.05 p m
" " arr. at Philadelphia 2.50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie.....11.20 a m
" " " Ridgway..... 4.45 p m
" " " St. Mary's..... 5.09 p m
" " " Emporium ..... 6.10 p m
" " " Renovo..... 9.20 p m
" " arr. at Philadephia... 9.40 a m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L S M S R W and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L S & M S R W and at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

WM. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Sup't.

A. V. RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

LOW-GRADE DIVISION.

On and after MONDAY, JULY 6, 1874, trains between Redbank and Driftwood will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

EXPRESS and MAIL will leave Driftwood daily at 12:30 p m, Reynoldsville at 3:30 p m, Brookville at 4:20 p m, arriving at Redbank at 6:30 p m, connecting with Express on Main Line for Pittsburgh.

MIXED WAY leaves Reynoldsville daily at 5:45 a m, Brookville at 7:25 a m, arriving at Redbank at 11:50 a m, connecting with trains north and south on Main Line.

EASTWARD.

EXPRESS and MAIL leaves Redbank daily at 10:15 a m, arrives at Brookville at 1:30 p m, Reynoldsville at 12:37 p m, Driftwood at 5:20 p m, connecting with trains east and west on P and E Railroad.

MIXED WAY leaves Redbank daily at 12:40 p m, arrives at Brookville at 5:25 p m, Reynoldsville at 6:45 p m.

MAIN LINE

On and after MONDAY, JULY 6, 1874, trains on the Allegheny Valley Railroad will run as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS will leave Pittsburgh daily at 7:05 a m, Redbank Junction at 10:05 a m, and arrive at Oil City at 1:35 p m.

PITTSBURGH EXPRESS will leave Oil City at 2:20 p m, Redbank Junction at 6:35 m, and arrive at Pittsburgh at 10:00 p m.

TITUSVILLE EXPRESS leaves Pittsburgh at 1:00 p m, Redbank Junction at 4:10 p m, and arrives at Oil City at 8:15 p m. Returning, leaves Oil City at 8:20 a m, Redbank Junction at 12:08 a m, and arrives at Pittsburgh at 3:35 p m.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent.

WM. M. PHILLIPS,
Ass't Supt., Brookville, Pa.

Summer Arrangement.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHIL'A. R. R.

THE SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE

To Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and the South.

On and after JUNE 29, 1874, and until further notice, trains will leave Buffalo from the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Railway Depot, corner Exchange and Louisiana streets as follows:

6.20 A M Philadelphia Express (daily except Sundays), stopping at East Aurora 7 05, Arcade 7 48, Machia 8 05, Franklinville 8 22, Olean 9 11, Westons 9 20, Portville 9 28, State Line 9 35, Eldred 9 49, Larabees 9 55, Sarswell 10 00, Port Allegany 10 16, Liberty 10 35, Keating Summit 10 44, Shippen 11 02, Emporium 11 15 A. M., Renovo 4 05 P. M., Williamsport 6 30, Sunbury 8 35, Harrisburg 10 50 P. M., Philadelphia 2 50 A M., Baltimore 2 40 A M., Washington 6 20 A M.

8.50 a m Mixed Train to P. Allegh'y (daily except Sundays), stopping at Ebenezer 9 20, Springbrook 9 45, Elma 9 55, Jamison Road 10 04, East Aurora 10 15, South Wales 10 40, Holland 11, Protection 11 15, Arcade 11 45, Yorkshire 12 05, Machias 12 33, Franklinville, 1 20 Ischua 2 05, Hinsdale 2 40, Olean 3 10, Westons 3 49, Portville 4 04, State Line 4 21, Eldred 45 0. Larabees 5 10, Sartwell 5 21, Turtle Point 5 31, Port Allegheny 6 00 p m.

5 30 P. M. Port Allegheny Accommodation (daily), stopping at Ebenezer 5 55, Springbrook 6 05, Elma 6 10, Jamisons 6 15, East Aurora 6 21, South Wales 6 32, Holland 6,43, Protection 6,50, Arcade 7,05, Yorkshire 7,15, Machias 7,25, Franklinville 7,42, Ischua 8,03, Hinsdale 8,25, Olean 8,40, Westons 8,50, Portville 8,56, State Line 9,04, Eldred 9,15, Larabees 9,23, Sartwell 9,28, Turtle Point 9,33, arriving at Port Allegheny 9,45, P. M.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM:

3,15, A. M. Local Passenger and Freight (daily except Sundays) stopping at shipping 3,50, A. M., Keating Summit 4.40 Liberty 5,00, Port Alleghany 5,49, Turtle Point 6,25, Startwell 6 36, Larabees 6 50 Eldred 7 12, State Line 7 50, Portville 8-11, Westons 8 30, Olean 9 11, Hinsdale 9 38, Ischua 10 05, Franklinville 10 40, Machias 11 13, Yorkshire 11 30, Arcade 11 45, Protection 12 16, P. M., Holland 11 31 South Wales 12 51, East Aurora 1 25, Jaimson 1 40, Elma 1 50, Springbrook 2 00, Ebenezer 2 20, arriving in Buffalo at 5 50 p m.

6.00 p. m., Niagara Express (daily except Sundays), stopping at Shippen 6 13 p m, Keating Summit 6 32, Liberty 6 40, Port Allegany 7 00, Sartwell 7 18, Larabees 7 24, Eldred 7 32, State Line 7 45, Portville 7 53, Westons 8 00, Olean 8 10, Franklinville 9 02, Machias 9 18, Arcade 9 35, East Aurora 10 15, Buffalo 11 00 P. M.

This train makes direct connections for Niagara Falls, and points in Canada and and the west.

TRAINS LEAVE PORT ALLEGHANY:

4,45 A. M., Accommodation (daily), stopping at Turtle Point 4,59, Sartwell 4,03 Larabees 5 10 Eldred 5 17 State Line 5 32 Portville 5 41, Westons 5 49 Oleand 6 00 Hinsdale 6 14 Ischua 6 28 Franklinville 6 46 Machias 7 03 Yorkshire 7 12 Arcade 7 19 Protection 7 34 Holand 7 41 South wales 7 51 East Aurora 8 03 Jamisons 8 09 Elma 8 13 Springbrook 8 19 Ebenezer 2 27 arriving in Buffalo at 8 50 A. M.

SUNDAYS ONLY.

Train leaves Buffalo for Arcade at 10 00 a m stopping at all stations arriving at Arcade 11 45 a m. Returning leaves Arcade 5 54 p m, arriving in Buffalo at 8 50 p m.

J. D. YEOMANS, Gen'l Sup't. H. L. LYMAN. Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

The "oldest inhabitant" in Bellefo Pa., is a single lady, aged 102, now siding in the Cooper Settlement, S n Shoe township.