Farm, Garden and Household,

Chieken Cholera.

As this disease has proved a terrible scourge and one hard to arrest, I think it may be interesting, perhaps, to many to know of a remedy which I tried with perfect success. My long experience has satisfied me that the best practice where diseases prevail among fowls is to use disinfectants. I had some chickens so badly affected as to be partially blind, and in attempting to pick up corn would fail to reach it where it lay upon the ground before them. They lost their appetites and wasted away till they became so weak as to lie upon the ground as if they were dead. I never saw any fowls before that recovered from such deep 'prostration. Some of them evacuated a dark, watery and excessively foctid matter; and as some of them were common dung-hill fowls, I let the disease take its course with them, and these all died. Such as I took in hand in time I managed to save. I placed the ailing birds in boxes, on clean straw, and cut away such feathers as had become soiled by their evacua-tions, and as a means of sustaining life fed them twice a day with oatmeal gruel, into which was put some finelychopped rue; this of course had to be poured down the throats of the sick In addition to this I sprinkled birds. carbolic powder upon the straw in the with a power as irresistible as one of boxes where the fowls were placed, dusted some into their feathers, and gave them a teaspoonful or two of water To this end he has trained his mental slightly impregnated with carbolicacid, and physical resources with the greatwhich can be had of almost any druggist. The ailing fowls were kept apart from those that were in health, and after the administration of the remedy referred to, recovered rapidly. I treat-ed some two or three dozen altogether, of different breeds, and believe I should have lost all if I had failed to the failed to failed to the failed to failed to failed to the failed to failed to failed to the failed to the failed to failed to the apply remedies.—H. Hales, in Poultry Bulletin,

Household Notes.

LAMB.-Lamb should be roasted until the gravy that drops is white: the be seen driving on the road, with the fore-quarters are the best for a roast; stump of a cigar between his teeth, and the leg is good broiled or roasted; two until within a year past he has had hours will roast the fore-quarters well. every evening some of his cronies in

RYE BREAD,-Into two quarts of flour a subject of which he never tires. Latstir half a coffee cupful of yeast, a tea-terly, however, his evenings have been spoonful of salt and enough warm water to moisten the flour, making a thick batter. Let it rise over night; in the morning stir it again; then put into pans without kneading, making it quite soft. Let it rise till very light, then bake an hour in a moderately heated oven. This bread makes a pleasant change from wheat; and when the slices are toasted and spread with but. ter they are really as delicious as health-

"One who has tried it," writes as follows: "If any farmer wants a cheap and convenient cushion to ride on, let him it is well known that the machine so take a sheepskin as soon as it is off the admirably built and which has lasted sheep, and scrape the flesh off, then so long is slowly but surely wearing lay it on a smooth place. Pulverize out. His mental faculties remain un-one pound of alum and one of salt, and impaired, but his gait is less steady cover the flesh side of the skin, and let than it was, and he no longer trusts it lie for a week or two, and it will be himself with the duties he used to perwell tanned. They make the best seat for the reaper, raker, cors planter, and to throw on the horse to ride from the field to the barn; and if one should be fast. He is getting ready to lay his caught in a sudden shower, they would harness aside, and has, doubtless, made answer for a protection."

now sold in immense quantities, and are positively stated to be perfectly harmless to animal life of a higher or-dar theory integration of the perfect of t

VANDERBILT'S WEALTH. An Estimate of Over One Hundred Millions.

XLIIII CONGRESS.

SEXATE. The Senate Chaplain, m an open ng prayer, alluded to the death of Senator Summer, say-ing : "O Lord, we come to Thee this morning under the dark shadow of a heavy grief. A vacant chair is before us. A noble presence has been horne hence to be committed 'earth to each, dust to dust, ashes to ashes.' He shall not come to us again, but we shall go to him." The wealth of the Vanderbilt family has been variously estimated, and the reticence of the Commodore himself has admitted of little else than mere conjecture on this point. There is a him." Petitions were presented from the West general opinion, however, among those

against an increase in the volume of paper who are in a position to judge most correctly that the wealth vested in Commo-dore Vanderbilt exceeds one hundred

Petitions were presented from the West against an increase in the volume of paper currency. Mr. Freiinghuysen, of N. J., said the Civil Rights Bill was ready to be reported to the Senate, having received the approval of the majority of the committee. The late Senator summer was the anthor of the bill. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill to equalize the distribution of national bank currency, and Mr. Logan, of Rit, being entitled to the floor, addressed the Senate in favor of the bill. He said as Eng-land and France, according to wealth and popu-lation, have a larger amount of money than we have, then whatever prevents panics there, the same cause ought to produce the same effect here. He added that speculation in rail-roads was the cause of the panic, and that this speculation was induced by an abundance of money. The railroads sold their bonds in Europe. Why do we go to Europe to sell our railroad bonds and pay interest to foreigners? Simply because we had not the money here. Mr. Spencer, of Ala., from the Committee on Commerce, reported favorably on the House bill to improve the mouth of the Missi-sippi river, appropriation to be svailable from the passage of the act, and asked its im-mediate consideration. The bill amendatory of the act to prevent the esterministion of fur-bearing animals, and the bill to authorize the employment of certain alien as engineers and pilots were passed. Mr. Jones, of Nev., submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of directing a survey to be made of the Colorado desert, with a view of submerging it with water, and also the effect of such submersion upon the climate in the locality, & Agreed to. Mr. Brokingham, of Conn., submitted a millions of dollars, and a prominent member of the family recently said that the "old man" was worth more than that sum. This vast fortune was acquired by Cornelius Vanderbilt through his own efforts, starting early in life without capital or influence. His parents were poor, and his first money was earned in conveying peeple to and fro in a row-boat between New York and Staten Island. He made a large amount of money in steamboating, but the great bulk of his wealth has been acquired in railroad combinations and in the manipulation of railroad stocks. He is and has been all his life a very remarkable man. His self-reliance and pluck are as natural with him as drawing breath, and his will and purpose are indomitable, Λ man of such tremendous mental force

has he been that he has moved forward to the accomplishment of his objects his steamboats. His one purpose in

est care. He has made of himself a machine that has always obeyed the requirements of his intellect, and

wherever he has struck it has been ercise always. Smoking and whist-

a view of submerging it with water, and also the effect of such submersion upon the elimate in that locality, &c. Agreed to. Mr. Buckinghaw, of Conn., submitted a resolution instructing the Socretary of the Interior to communicate to the Senate the number of Indians captured or killed by the United States troops, including women and children, during the year 1873, together with the number of citizens and soldiers killed by the Indians during the same period. The Committee on Appropriations have re-ported in favor of striking out the last section of the army bill as it passed the House, which provided : That all claims of all citizens who remained loyal during the war for stores or supplies taken or furnished during the re-bellion for the use of the army of the United States and for the use or loss of vessels or boats while employed in the militry service of the United States, including any such claims playing are the only indulgences which he has permitted himself to any considerable degree. Every day he is to boats while employed in the military service of the United States, including any such claims now pending and undetermined in any depart-ment of the Government, shall be presented to the Southern Cläims Commission before November 11, 1875, who shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine the same. Mr. Stovenson, of Ky., offered an amend-ment conferring upon the Court of Claims jurisdiction to determine all claims growing out of the war of persons who remained loyai or who took the oath of allegiance under the President's proclamation of December, 1863. passed very quietly. He has always been a strict man of business, kept his own counsel, and admitted or known no partners. He never allows the plea of affection or charity to interfere with his business matters. He has been well, active, and in the harness all his 'resident's proclamation of December, 1863, nd abolishing the Southean Claims Comlife, and has never tired or weakend. Mr. Frelinghuyson, of N. J., denied the

and his sixty odd years of constant hard work show that he has had one of the bligation of the Government to reimburse mizeus for property destroyed in the enemy's strongest physical constitutions ever given to a man. Some people look at mntry. Mr. Stevenson argued that the Government him and say that he will never die, but as bound to make full compensation for roperty taken or used by its troops, or de-

oved otherwise than in actual battle stroyed otherwise that in actual battle. Mr. Hager, of Cal., presented a resolution of the California Legislature instructing the Sen-ators and Representatives from the State in Congress to use their influence to have articles 5 and 6 of our treaty with China modified, so as to discourage the further immigration of Chinese to our shores. Mr. H. said there were now 80,000 Chinese in California, and not one in a thousand came there in accordance with the treaty. The food of the Chinese was inex-pensive, and it was impossible for other labor impaired, but his gait is less steady form. He frequently complains of ex-in a sudden shower, they would inswer for a protection."
Poisonous Fly Papers.
Fly papers, of different sorts, are was his sonin-law, D. B. Allen, was his right hand man, but of late years his son William H has represented and the sonin-law but of late years his sonin-law.

last Congress for mileage, while the actual traveling expenses for this session, with 49 additional members, was only \$45,000. He had shown, therefore, that \$200,000 was given away in this manner, and he submitted that the sum was worth saving. Mr. Tremain, of N. Y., argued that as the present Congress had de-liberately declared that the componsation of members should be \$5,000 and mileage, the House was bound to legislate in conformity with that. ith that.

lause was struck out.

clause was struck out. The carrency bill was passed by the House fixing the circulation at \$400,000,000. A num-ber of amondments were offered to the bill but rejected by large majorities. The bill was passed by a vote of yeas, 163; mays, 77. The following is the text of the bill: A bill to fix the amount of legal tonder notes at \$400,000, 000. Whereas, The available uncertainty action the amount of legal tender notes at \$400,000, 1000, Whereas, The existing uncertainty ask whether the amount of legal tender notes at authorized by law to be kept in general circula-tion is \$356,000,000, or \$400,000,000, is calcula-ted to derange the business of the country and unsettle values. Itherefore be it enacted, &c., That the provisions of law existing prior to the passage of the act approved April 12, 1866, entitled, "An act to amend an act to provide ways and means to support the Government," approved March 3, 1865, be and the same are hereby declared to be in forces on sto authorize legal tender notes of the United States to the amount of \$400,000,000 to be kept in general circulation, and the total amount of United States notes issued or to be issued shall never itates notes issued or to be issued shall never d \$400,000,000.

exceed \$400,000,000. Mr. Smith, of Penn., moved to suspend the rules, and make in order to the Legislative Appropriation bill an amendment that mileage shall not be paid to members of Congress, but in lieu thereof actual traveling expenses. The a lieu thereof actual traveling expenses. The notion to suspend the rules was not seconded,

Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, offered a resolution

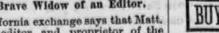
Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of repealing stamps on matches and bank checks, and re-viving in lieu thereof the internal revenue tax on lotteries, theatres, and places of public amusement. Adopted. After three hours' discussion of the Georgia contested election case, the minority resolution that Rawls, the sitting member, was entitled to the sent, was rejected. 77 to 133, and the majority resolutions declaring Sloan, the con-testant, entitled to the seat, were adopted, 135 to 74. It was a purely party vote.

the bill to regulate inter-State railroad com-merce, and Mr. Willard, of Vi., made an argu-ment against the bill. He declared that every impulse of his nature was on the side of the people in any controversy with the railroad companies, and if he could be shown a safe, a wise, and a constitutional means to put restric-tions upon them, he would be in favor of adopting it. The powers, rights, and duties of these corporations were wholly created by State laws, and it was just as much an impairment of vested rights for Congress to say that any railroad shall carry freights at any particular price, as it would be to pass a law that they should carry freight for nothing.

How Race Horses are Fed.

Mr. Russell of Leicester, has lately

bought, in Connecticut, a fine herd of twelve Ayrshire cows and the bull Bonnie Scotland, to be sent to one of his great racing stables in New Jersey for the use of weaning thoroughbred foals. The great object with breeders of race horses is to mature them early, and to have them in racing form at two years of age. In order to do this the colt must eat, in his first year, all the milk



dren, Mrs. Lynch has decided to assume A bill appropriating \$259,000 for an iron and masonry bridge across the eastern branch of the Potomac, near the present Anncostia bridge, was reported from the District Con-mittee, and after discussion the enacting Mendocino County. The Dispatch for February 28 contains the following salu-

> tatory: "One of the last wishes of my late husband was that after his death I should become the editor and proprietor of his paper. Full well knowing the inability of women to compete with men of brains, I take my new position with fear and trembling, trusting to the kindness and the generosity of the many friends and patrons of the Dispatch, and that the right will always succeed. I shall gain courage as I ad-vance, hoping, if not to improve, at least to retain the position of the paper that it has already obtained --- making of it really the best newspaper in the county. The great responsibility of county. The great responsibility of three little pair of eyes looking up to me for protection, three little mouths to feed, three little hearts to love and cherish, knowing that their natural

protector has been called to an carly grave, may cause my position to be one of doubts and misgivings; but such things have been done by women; not again ? My watchword shall be "There's no such word as fail !" and I feel that success will surely follow. Hoping that I shall deserve your patronage, I remain, most respectfully, BELLE LYNCH. yours,

WHEN ANY ANTIDOTE or remedy for any particular class of disease obtains a wide-spreading notoriety, it is but reasonable to suppose that it must merit to 74. It was a purely party vote. Mr. W. R. Roberts, of N. Y.-I am re-quested by the Workingmen's Committee of New York to present a memorial to the House New York to present a memorial to the House of Representatives in favor of the Eighi-Hour law and for the removal of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury. The memorial is signed by 20,000 persons, representing the Typographical Union and the various trades and laboring societies in New York city. In presenting it I desire to express my entire and full approval of the objects of the memorialists. Ordered printed. The House proceeded to the discussion of the bill to regulate inter-State railroad com-

to notice it in our columns. It is well to mention that this medicine is compounded of roots, herbs, and flowers of California, and has no fiery material or alcohol used in its preparation. We can add no better eulogium than the fact that we use it constantly in our own family, and each member thereof partakes of it, when necessary, according to directions.-New York Paper.

> A Pennsylvania boy cut his throat, but that din't kill him. He couldn't eat anything, and that did.

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world of flowers, and containing much valual normation gleaned from foreign as well as ho experience. TERMS-ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

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der than insect pests. That the claim of harmlessness thus made is not, how-ever, trustworthy, appears from a state-scarcely, if ever, seen in public, and ment in one of the London technical can nearly always be found during busijournals, in which the writer says that he took four sheets of such paper at random, and digested them with dilute hydrochloric acid, until a pulpy mass was obtained: the pulpy mass was obtained; the pulp was then placed on a filter and washed with diluted water until the filtered fluid amounted to about four pints, and this was evaporated until only eight ounces remained. and sulphide of hydrogen was passed into it for two hours. During this time a copious precipitate of sulphide of arsenic was thrown down, and the beaker containing the fluid was therefore set aside in a warm place, to insure its complete separation. The precipitate was collected on a filter, washed, and dissolved in dilute solution of ammonia, from which it was reprecipitated by hydrochloric acid. The pure sulphide of arsenic was finally collected upon a filter, dried, and weighed; the average quantity of arsenious acid found in each of the sheets was 2.55 -quite enough to destroy a hugrains man life.

A Few Words About Ducks.

A domestic duck is one of the most valuable fowls of the farmer, but it has one great objection which is, that it is an unmerciful gormandizer, and it is difficult to raise. Where there are ponds or streams, it is as profitable as any fowl; it is very prolific, and its eggs are perferred by many to those of Where they have free access the hen. to ponds, they feed on various reptiles, and several species of aquatic grass, which they find beneath the surface, and which is a very excellent substitute for animal food. When insects are abundant, they require no supply of meat, as they obtain a sufficiency of animal food themselves, but when this is not the case, they must be be furnished liberally, or they will speedily die. Potatoes boiled, mashed and mixed with meal make an excellent article of food for the ducks. They become very fat on it, and when in preparation for the market, it is perhaps the best food that can be given except meat. Young ducks require great attention-their voracious habits often induce them to eat to repletion, and many die while quite young, from no other cause.

Your Daughters.

Look not only to the material com-forts of your daughters. Be generous to them in a truer sense than that of heaping trinkets on their necks. Train them for independence first, and then labor to give it to them. Let them, as soon as they are grown up, have some little money, or means of making money, to be their own, and teach them how to deal with it, without needing every moment somebody to help them. Help them to help themselves. Fit them to be able to add to their own means, rather than to be forever pinching and economizing till their minds are narrowed and their hearts are sick. Give all the culture you can to every power which they may possess. If they should marry they will be the happier and the better for it. If they should remain among the million of the unmarried, they will bless you in your grave, and say of you what cannot be said of many a doting parent, by his surviving child: "My father cared that I should be happy after his death.

ness hours at his desk in the Grand also born on Staten Island. Their parents came over from Holland. The house in which he was born is still standing, and is owned by him. At the age of nineteen he married Sophia Johnson, his second consin, who was then eighteen. She died five years ago last August. She was as remarkable a woman as he was a man, possessed great firmness, a very shrewd manager, strong principle, and it is said she earned every dollar that she spent after her marriage. Thirteen children in all were born to them, nine girls and four boys, of whom are now living eight

daughters and two sons.

A family of five persons, who lived near Centreville, St. Clair county, Ill., were brutally murdered The second to be a second were brutally murdered. The names of the victims are Fritz Steizenriede, aged 80 years, his son and daughter-inlaw, and two small children, one an infant. The throats of the two men were

cut, and the skulls of the woman and children erushed in. Sheriff Hughes of St. Clair county went to the scene of the tragedy, but obtained no clue to the assassins. The nouse is some distance from any other dwelling. It is believed that the murders were committed the night before the discovery, as the bodies of Mrs. Steizenriede and her children were in the bed when found, and that of her husband on the floor beside a lounge on which he slept. The heads of the men were nearly severed from their oodies, while those of the mother and children were crushed with some blunt instrument. The County Court has of-

fered a reward of \$1,000 for the capture of the murderers. At the inquest held several witnesses were examined, and facts elicited which lead to the belief that Frederick Boeltz, ausband of a sister of Mrs. Steizenriede committed the horrible deed. He was present, but refused to testify until forced, and then his answers and general conduct were such as to excite the strongest suspicion of his guilt.

He acknowledged that he had been on bad terms with the murdered family some months, that he entertained feelings of enmity toward them, and was in the old man's debt several hundred dollars. The fact that the house was the old man's money was untouched, established beyond a doubt that the murder was not committed for plunder, and tends more strongly to fasten the suspicion upon Boeltz.

A VETERAN.-The Bishop elect of Athabasca, in the northwest territory of the Dominion, has well earned his promotion. For more than eight years he has lived in the Arctic regions, seeing no white men except the Hudson Bay Company officials, and preaching in eight different dialects, three of which are, in fact, distinct languages. There are very few fires used in the region. The people live in snow houses warmed with oil lamps, and eat nothing but animal food.

An Englishman witnessed an execution in Gloucester, recently, and was as well as while I was his pet and his so enchanted by the spectacle, that toy."

liam H. is as assiduous in his attention ter any remedy, and they appeal to the Conough. After discussion, the Army bill, ra-ding the army to 25,000 men, was read a hird time and passed.

the New Orleans Grange for an increase of the duty on sugars, and said that the present nethod of valuing sugars enables the refiners to impose upon the Government to the preju-dice of the home producer. Mr. Mortou, of Ind., presented a petition, of

the citizens of Texas, alleging that the late Gov. Davis of that State had been deprived of his office four months before the expiration of his term, and that the election there in November last was in violation of law. Mr. Sherman said from the beginning of the session the new Finance Committee had been hard at work to perfect a bill. Over sixty dif-

ferent propositions in the shape of bills and petitions were before them, and it was a diffi-

Resolutions were presented reciting the al-legation that bills for advertising have been presented to the Treasury Department, which advertising had been done in violation of the law of the 15th of July, 1870, requiring written orders for all advertising, and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish copies of all bills and of correspondence relating thereto.

The Legislative expenditures being under The Legislative expenditures being under discussion, an amusing delate followed, in which Cox, of New York, took part, and said: Members would go home to their State Con-ventions and their County Conventions, and would present resolutions that it is the duty of all men to practice economy, and yet they would vote down all propositions to reduce expenses; but when the yeas and nays were called they would not be there. He himself did not belong to any side of the House. He was not parti-enlarly in affiliation with any; one side or the other. He was an electic philosopher. He other. He was an eclectic philosopher, picked out gentlemen like the Chairman r many other distinguished members on b He both sides, and made his party with them. He un-derstood from distinguished Western men that hardly a member on either side of the House

Marking a member on entrary deformed to the House would ever come back. Mr. Coburn, of Ind., Chairman of the Mili-tary Committee, reported a bill to provide for the gradual reduction of the army, which was made a special order for the first Tuesday in April. The bill contemplates the reduction of the army by the ordinary causes of depletion to give regiments of cavalry four of artillery, and

nine regiments of cavalry, four of artillery, and The Chair laid before the Senate the me-morial of Mrs. D. R. Lawrence, of New York, announcing that the tidal wave of temperance would soon reach the city of Washington, and asking that the band of praying women be exceived at the bar of the Senate and that the ceived at the bar of the Senate, and that the essent occupant of the chair, with Senators andler and Sprague, be appointed a comuttee to receive them. Referred to the Comttee on Finance. When the bill to restore the rights of Louisi

not ransacked nor pillaged, and that aua was reached it was laid over, on motion of

aux was reached it was laid over, on motion of Mr. West. Mr. West explained the provisions of the army bill, saying that the total amount appro-priated for the support of the army for the present fiscal year was \$31,796,000. The origi-nal estimates for the next fiscal year were \$34,543,000, but under the new revised esti-mates they were reduced to \$34,218,000. The House had voted for \$28,301,916. The Senate Committee on Appropriations had reduced this amount to \$27,733,500 ests than the amount appropriated for the present fiscal

the amount appropriated for the present fiscal year. The reduction was mainly due to the surtailment of the army from 30,000 to 25,000 year.

ier any remedy, and they appeal to the Con-gress of the United States to take some action. The Senate resumed the consideration of the Army Appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Stevenson conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear all claims arising from the late rebuillon and abolishing the Southern Claims Claims to hear all claims arrang from the late rebellion, and abolishing the Southern Claims Commission. This was tabled. Mr. West, of La., said over \$4,000,000 were saved by this bill, and an army of 25,000 men was large Among the cows in this herd are Highland Mary, second daughter of the bull that took the first and sweepstakes pre-Mr. West, of La., presented a memorial of minm at the New England Fair in 1864; her daughter, Highland Lady; Ruth, a noble cow, bred by Mr. C. M. Pond, of Hartford, Conn., and a fine daughter of tage.-Com. the celebrated cow Jessie Pond.

A Mississippi Break,

There has been a break in the Misissippi levees between Vicksburg and Memphis, and the Herald of the former city predicts the most disastrous re-It says that not one planter in sults. ten in the two levee districts between Vicksburg and Memphis has saved enough money from the crop of 1873 to supply him with provisions for the first six months of the present season ; that thousands of negroes have been brought from Georgia and Alabama by men who have expended their last dollar to procure labor, and must rely on credit to get food for their hands until they can raise a crop ; and that with all hope of a crop destroyed, it is impos-sible to estimate the amount of misery which will fall upon the sufferers by the break. The first flood finds the most important points in the chain of defense so poorly fortified that it sweeps through the flimsy barriers, laying waste the most prolific territory in

the State. Not only the planters, but the helpless negroes dependent on them, will be severe sufferers from this state of things.

Trouble Among Miners.

A number of the coal miners in Minonk, Woodford county, Illinois, re-cently formed a Miners' Union, and the proprietors of the mines discharged all the members of the union and filled their places with Norwegian miners. Afterwards the discharged miners gathered at the shafts and endeavored by threats and persuasion to prevent the new hands going to work, but were unsuccessful, and were sent off the

premises. The wives of the discharged miners assailed the new men and the President of the mining company with eggs and other missiles. The trouble reached the dimensions of a riot, which the town authorities were unable to sup-press, and Gov. Beveridge was telegraphed for military aid. The Governor dispatched Adjutant-General Higgins with a quantity of arms to the scene of trouble, and telegraphed the Sheriff to aid in suppressing the disturbance. A number of the ricters were arrested and were tried before a Justice of the Peace.

THE ORGAN as a household instrument has been rapidly growing in favor men. Mr. Mellish, of N. Y., moved to strike out of the appropriation bill the item for mileage, and said that it was time that this great American swindle was abolished. Mr. Clymer, of Pa, sustained the amendment, and reviewed the action of Congress on the repeal of the Saiary bill, saying that when the Scante substitute was agreed to in the House it was stated publicly and privately that when the proper time came the mileage portion of that substitute would be struck out. The mileage feature of their pay had been always deemed edious by the American people. His colleague (Mr. Smith) had show that \$196,000 had been paid to members of the and the yearly sales are now enormous

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