Elk County Advocate.

HENRY A. PARSONS, JR., - - Editor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1872.

NATIONAL NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
Of Illinois.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
HENRY WILSON,
Of Massachusetts.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
Maj. Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Montgomery County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE:
Hon. ULYSSES MERCUR,
Bradford County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
Brig. Gen. HARRISON ALLEN,
Warren County.

CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
General LEMUEL TODD,
Cumberland County.
Gen. CHARLES ALBRIGHT,
Carbon County.
GLENNI W. SCOFIELD,
Warren County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.
Col. C. B. CURTIS,
Erie County.

Greeley and Secession.

It is well settled that a man may be convicted of crime by circumstantial evidence provided the circumstances and their connection are of such character as to leave his innocence wholly inconsistent with their existence and connection.

Was Horace Greeley a secessionist during our late rebellion, or was he loyal but cowardly? are questions that now unbidden present themselves for the consideration and discussion of all alike, the ex-rebel and the continuously loyal.

Mr. Greeley is to some extent a historic character in our late struggle, as much so in his sphere, and according to his capacity as Jeff Davis. Much that he has said has passed into history, and hower much he and his friends may desire that what he has said were blotted out and no more remembered, yet they are of record, and must so stand whether honor or dishonor shall come upon the author.

As a journalist it becomes us, indeed it is our duty, to state facts and leave the public to draw conclusions. If from the facts in the case it should appear that Mr. Greeley was loyal but cowardly, then it is evident that he was entirely too dictatorial to those in posts of danger and peril, where he dare not go himself. What right had Mr. Greeley or any other coward to dictate offensively to those who had periled life itself, to say nothing of the sacrifice of all that made hte dear, and the world desirable, when he had not the courage to come within the sound of the clash of arms, or for a single day endure the privations of the camp and field. And yet every soldier, and every citizen knows that Horace Greeley was the most inexorable grumbler and fault-finder that lived north of Mason's and Dixon's line. He found fault with the soldiers of all grades, from the private to the general commanding, because they refused to adopt visionary tactics and lines of operation existing nowhere else but in the cowardly brain of "H. G." He found fault with the Congress, and the President because they did not see fit to follow his political prescriptions, which so far as followed proved disastrous, and if continued must have proved fatally so to the life of the nation.

But was he a secessionist? If so, then he was the Jannes of the nation, having a face for both sides of the line that determined the boundary between loyalty and treason to the government.

If he was a secessionist, then we can account for the readiness of his left handed dagger to strike covertly the fatal blow that should hasten the doom of the best human government the sun ever shone upon.

As to whether Mr. Greeley was, or was not a secessionist we will simply state the facts with but little argument, and leave the great national public North and South to render its verdict according to the law and the evidence, that judgment may be entered accordingly. The facts in the case will consist chiefly in what Mr. Greeley has said and done, said and done too, at a time when from the memory of the living it cannot be effaced, and under circumstances that make his utterances and doings as abiding as time.

On the 9th of November, 1860, when treason was arming against the government, Mr. Greeley, as he supposed very wisely and very much like a philosopher published in the columns of his *Tribune* the following paragraph:

"If the Cotton States shall decide that they can do better out of the Union than in it, we insist on letting them go in peace. The right to secede may be a revolutionary one, but it exists, nevertheless; and we do not see how one party can have a right to do what another party has a right to prevent. We must ever resist the asserted right of any state to remain in the Union and nullify or defy the laws thereof. To withdraw from the Union is quite another matter. And, whenever a considerable section of our Union shall deliberately resolve to go out we shall resist all coercive measures designed to keep it in."

This paragraph was repeated again in the *Tribune* on the 17th and 24th of December, 1860; again February 23d, 1861, and again affirmed by Mr. Greeley in his letter to Mr. H. McChesney of Troy, N. Y., dated Sept. 23d, 1862, and published in his *Tribune* Sept. 26th, 1862.

It will be seen that Mr. Greeley makes a ludicrous effort at playing the role of the statesman, philosopher, and philanthropist. He evidently intends handing his name down to posterity as the later Jefferson, as well as the "Later Franklin." It will be seen that Mr. Greeley perverts the Declaration of Independence when he holds secession to be revolutionary, and revolution to be a right, against which no coercive measure should be brought to bear. and if coercive measures were employed he should oppose them. Now what was, and is the difference between Horace Greeley and Jeff Davis. Davis claimed the right to secede, and was sorely annoyed at the coercive measures employed by the government to prevent secession, and only desired to be "let alone," that they might "go in peace," and in peace tear up the government of the United States, and out of the ruins thereof, build up a confederacy whose chief corner stone should be slavery.

Greeley places this right to secede on the famous declaration that governments derive "their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute new governments, etc., etc." Now this was precisely the position taken by Jeff Davis, and his coadjutors in rebellion, but neither Davis nor Greeley, nor any other secessionist tells us when or in what particular the government of the United States withheld any right guaranteed to the governed by the constitution and laws of the country. When and by whom was any right either state or individual, withheld by the Federal Government from any state or citizen before the rebellion? Neither Greeley, nor his coadjutor Jeff Davis, have informed us when the government of the United States, deprived or attempted to deprive the people of a Republican form of government, or a proper representation in the legislative branch of the government according to legal forms before the rebellion, thereby making secession and revolution a *duty* as well as a right.

Again Greeley shouts "On to Richmond" and so far as was possible for one man to do so, precipitated the first battle of Bull Run, before anything was in readiness for such a conflict, and then counseled a cessation of hostilities.

Again in 1861 when President Lincoln called out an army of 300,000 men, Greeley was loud in regrets at what he regarded as a *very* unfortunate course, but inasmuch as there could be no recession, he counseled the President to make but one effort with that army and if unsuccessful make overtures of peace on any terms. Hostilities must cease, no cost of national honor is too great in his and the estimation of his compatriot Colorado Jewett compared with what they called by the high sounding title of fratracidal war.

Greeley made appeals in his *Tribune* to the people over his own signature urging the neccessity by attempts at argument, but especially by his old time honored system so natural to him, viz: denunciatory sequids against the President, against the army, the navy, in fine one and all in any way connected with the work of putting down the rebellion, except in his way, and according to his suggestions.

Horace Greeley sat in counsel with George Saunders and others, pretended representatives of of the Rebel Confederacy, and promised the influence of his paper to effect a peace at any cost of national honor He put himself in correspondence with the French minister when that magnate offered the mediatory service of his master Napoleon III on pretence of humanity. When Blair Sr. set about a self-constructed peace commission to the disgust of the loyal people of the United States, Horace Greeley was his fugleman heralding his praise as a benefactor to mankind.

From the hour that Sumpter was fired upon, to the taking of Richmond, Greeley had no encouraging word to offer to the noble President whose firmness and patriotism brought us in triumph to the end, with no sacrifice of national honor and making ours in very deed the "Land of the *free* and the land of the brave."

During all the years of that fearful struggle, Greeley was not the man to utter a word in behalf of the 4,000,000 of human beings then in the very worst form of servitude the sun shone upon, so intent was he on his peace business according to the notions of secessionists and armed rebels.

That Greeley was in sympathy with secession is further confirmed by his speech at Vicksburg (not long ago either), when he expressed the hope that the time was not far distant when the soldier who fought with Lee, and Johnson, would occupy as proud a position in the hearts of the American people as the soldier who fought with Grant and Sherman, and Thomas. Is it to be wondered at that Jeff Davis, Wade Hampton, N. B. Forest, and others whose bitterness toward the government is notoriously unrelenting should favor their old friend Horace, who stands committed to the proposition of pensioning disabled rebel soldiers, should he be elected President. Now, from the facts we have offered to our mind it is evident that Greeley was either a coward, or in sympathy with secession, during the rebellion. If he was a coward then he was and is simply contemptible and as such was and is the enemy of his race. If he was in sympathy with the rebel movement, then should loyal men and especially every soldier hold him in execration, and remember him in this the day of his impudence in asking the suffrage of good men and true, for the Chief Magistracy of a great and free people. On the 4th of November, 1872, Horace Greeley and his peers in the work of overturning our National Government, will be taught a lesson that they will remember to their life's latest hour, when ninety-nine out of every hundred of the surviving "boys in blue," will announce through the ballot box that this is a loyal man's government, made by and for loyal men, to be maintained, sustained, and carried on by loyal men without regard to nationality, religion, or creed.

THE TICKET COMPLETE.

The State Central Committee met yesterday and, as will be seen by the proceedings published in another part of to-day's *Telegraph*, completed the State ticket by the nomination of an additional Elector at large and two candidates for Congress at large.

Gen. Chas. Albright, the nominee for Congress at large, from the eastern part of the State, is well known to every loyal man in the Commonwealth. During the dark hours of the rebellion he left his peaceful pursuits and friends at home to share the horrors of war with our noble standard bearer for Governor, General Hartranft, and General Allen, the candidate for Auditor General.

It was especially through his exertion and influence that the stronghold of Democracy in which he resided, and which is so well known—Carbon, Lehigh, Northampton and Luzerne—turned out so many soldiers to fight on the Union side. He raised a regiment in a very short time, at the head of which he was placed as Colonel. He was afterwards promoted to a Brigadier Generalship for gallant services on the battlefield.

The General is a ready speaker, able to address his fellow citizens in German and English, and we hope to hear him in this country before the present campaign closes.

Hon. Glenni W. Scofield is one of the ablest and truest men in the State; he has represented the largest Congressional district in the State, composed of the counties of Erie, Warren, M'Kean, Forest, Elk, Cameron, Jefferson and Clearfield, for the past ten years, and his record in Congress will bear the scrutiny of all honest and upright men. On the floor of Congress he stands in the first ranks; he is a ready debater, and our citizens will be able to hear him, no doubt, before the campaign closes.

Philadelphia being the largest Republican city in the State, was awarded an additional Elector at large, and we are glad that the selection has fallen on such an able gentleman as Wm. D. Forten, Esq. Mr. F. is an educated gentleman of the highest order, and one of the best stump speakers in the State.

The ticket is now complete, and the selections made yesterday give great satisfaction and will add five thousand to the large majority now predicted for the whole State ticket. The sections of the State which heretofore imagined that they were badly treated have received all they asked for at the hands of the committee, and express themselves satisfied.

From all the reports we received yesterday the election of the whole State ticket is placed beyond a doubt. Active work has already commenced in nearly all the counties of the State, and all of them promise better results and larger majorities than they gave us last year.

Buckalew and his Fishing Creek confederacy are doomed to an ignominious defeat on the second Tuesday of October next. The question now is only as to what majority we shall give. Not less than twenty thousand in October will satisfy the loyal hearts of the country, and that will be increased to fifty thousand in November!—[Harrisburg Telegraph 26 inst.

W. S. SERVICE.

GO AND SEE!

IT WILL PAY!

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OF THE BEST—NO OTHER IN STOCK—

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Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope, Price six cents, A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of spermatorrhœa, induced by self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

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WE have recently brought our Oroide Gold metal to such perfection that it is difficult for the best judges to distinguish it from gold. The $9 watches are with patent escapement movements; in appearance and for time equaling a gold one costing $100. The $12 are full jeweled patent lever, equal to $150 gold watch. The $15 are the same as the last but a finer finish, nickle movements, equal to one costing $175. And the $18 watches are of a fine finish with full jeweled American lever movement, equaling a gold one costing $200.

They are all in hunting cases, gent's and ladies sizes, and guaranteed for time and wear by special certificate. Also elegant designs of gent's and ladies chains from $1 to $4, and jewelry of all kinds.

Goods sent C. O. D.—Customers permitted to examine what they order before paying bill, on payment of express charges.

When six watches are ordered at one time we will send an extra watch of the same quality free.

For further particulars send for circular.
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Nov. 30, 1872—v1n37m6.

RAILROADS.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 3d, 1872, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Philadelphia	11.30 p. m.
" " " Ridgway	2.05 p. m.
" " arrive at Erie	7.30 p. m.
Erie Exp leaves Philadelphia	12.30 p. m
" " " Ridgway	2.25 a. m.
" " arrive at Erie	7.40 a. m.
Accomodation, leaves Renova	2.00 p. m.
" " Ridgway	6.14 p. m.
" arr at Kane	7.30 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Erie	11.25 a. m.
" " " Ridgway	4.50 p. m.
" " arrive at Philad'a	6.40 a. m.
Erie Express leaves Erie	7.50 p. m.
" " " Ridgway	12.38 a. m.
" " arr at Philadelphia	1.20 p. m.
Accomodation, leaves Kane	7.30 a. m.
" " Ridgway	8.40 a. m.
" arr at St. Marys	9.12 a m.
" arr at Renovo	12.10 p. m.

Mail East connects east and wett at Erie with L S & M S R W and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

Mail West at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R R W.

Warren Accommodation east and west with trains on L S and M S R east and west and at Corry with O C and A R R W.

Erie Accommodation East at Corry and Irvineton with O C and A R R W.

WM. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Sup't.

NEWTIME TABLE.

Commencing November 20th, 1871.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

THE BEST ROUTE BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND POINTS ON THE PHIL'A. & ERIE R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

Day Express leaves Oil City at	2 25 p m
Arrives at Pittsburgh	8 55 p m
Night Express leaves Oil City	9 30 p m
Arrives at Pittsburgh	6 40 a m
Mail leaves Oil City	9 45 a m
Arrives at Pittsburgh	6 00 p m
Parker's Accom. leaves Oil City	7 15 a m
Arrives at Parker's	10 15 a m
Kittanning Accom. leaves Oil City	4 00 p m
Arrives at Kittanning	9 10 p m

GOING NORTH.

Day Express leaves Pittsburg at	7 50 a m
Arrives at Oil City at	2 25 p m
Night Express leaves Pittsburgh	8 20 p m
Arrives at Oil City	5 45 a m
Way Passenger leaves Pittsburgh	11 50 a m
Aarrives at Oil City	7 25 p m
Parker's Accom. leaves Parker	6 00 p m
Arrives at Oil City	9 15 p m
Kittaning Accom. leaves Kittn'g	7 05 a m
Arrives at Oil City	12 20 p m

Close Connections made at Corry for Pittsburgh with trains East and West on P. & E. R. R.

Pullman Pallace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains between Corry and Pittsburgh.

Ask for Tickets via Allegheny Valley R. R.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Supt.

DAGUSCAHONDA RAILROAD.

From and after Monday. Feb. 5th 1871.

Trains will run on this Road as follows:

Leaves Earley 7.30 a. m., arrives at Daguscahonda Junction 8.10 a. m., connecting with Accom. east 8.14 a. m., and with Mail west at 9.15 a. m.

Leaves Daguscahonda at 9.20 a. m., arrives at Earley 10.00 a. m. Leaves Earley 3.30 p. m., and arrives at Daguscahonda at 5.00 p. m., connecting with Mail east at 5.09 p. m., and Accommodation west at 5.40 p. m.

In case P. & E. trains are late, Daguscahonda train holds twenty minutes beyond the above time.

Tickets should always be procured before leaving stations.

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In short everything wanted in the Country by

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Also a full stock of

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Ridgway, Pa., March 28, 1871 v2?y

BUSINESS CARDS.

G. A. RATHBUN, Attorney-at-Law, Ridgway, Pa. 2 2 tf.

JOHN G. HALL, Attorney at law, Ridgway, Elk county Pa. [mar·22'66

A. S. HILL, Physician and Surgeon Kersey, Elk Co. Pa.

J. O. W. BAILEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
v1n2oy1. Ridgway, Elk County, Pa.
Agent for the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

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REYNOLDSVILLE, JEFFERSON CO, PA.
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Office at thh Drug Store of Harley & Whipple, Walker's new building, Main street, Ridgway, Pa. Will visit Kane, Wilcox, and St. Mary's.
v1n2y1.

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Oct 30 1869.

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Earley P. O.
v1n47tf.

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v27y WILCOX PA.