speedy remedy for recovery of their debts in | first session of Congress, and solicits the countethose branches of buliness by linstituting suits in the federal courts, which was read and laid on

Also a petition from Joshua Barney, late a capt. in the navy of the United States, praying to be reimbursed his expences, while a prisoner with the enemy; and that he may be put on the fame footing with the other officers in the late American navy.

Also a petition of fundry officers of the late American navy, praying compensations for services, &c. the two last petitions were read, and referred to a felect committee of five members.

Mr. Cadwallader prefented a petition fromthe public creditors of Monmouth county, state of New-Jersey, praying an alteration in the funding fyttem, which was read and laid on the table.

Mr. Williamson moved that the rule of the house in these words "that no bill amended by the Senate shall be committed" may be expunged, which was agreed to by the house.

A message was received from the Senate, informing that they have passed a bill for erecting that part of the state of Virginia, called the diftrict of Kentucky, into a separate state, and for admitting the same as a member of the union to which they defire the concurrence of the house.

In committee of the whole on the bill repealing after the last day of next, the duties heretofore laid on distilled and other spirits imported from abroad, and laying others in their

The committee proceeded in the discussion as far as the 45th section. Adjourned.

THURSDAY, Jan. 13.

The bill for the admission of the district of Kentucky into the union, was read the fecond time, and made the order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Sedgwick laid the following motions on the table :- That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill, to authorise the President of the United States to cause the principal of the debt, due to foreign officers, the interest whereof is now payable in Paris, at the rate of fix per cent. per annum, to be discharged.

That as it will be impracticable, during the present season, to consider and decide on the report of the Attorney-General respecting the judiciary fystem with that deliberation which the importance of the subject demands, the consideration of the faid report be postponed.

Also that the Attorney-General be directed to report to this honse a bill, making a temporary provision for the clerks, jurors, and other officers of the federal courts-and that he alforeport to the next fession, a bill, making a general provision for the officers, and jurors of faid

In committee of the whole on the bill repealing after the last day of next, the duties heretofore laid on distilled spirits-and laying others in their stead.

The discussion of the remaining sections was finished-and the bill, with the several amendments, reported by the chairman to the house.

On motion of Mr. Carroll, it was voted, that the confideration of the bill with the amendments be postponed, and made the order of the day for Monday next.

In committee of the whole, on the bill declaring the officer, who, in case of vacancy in the office of Prefident, and Vice-Prefident, shall exercife the office of President of the United States.

Mr. Boudinot in the chair. Mr. Smith's (S. C.) motion for filling up the blank with "the Secretary of state for the time being," was read-which occasioned a renewal of the debate on the subject .- The committee appeared to be much divided, as before-and a motion being made for their rifing, it was carried in the affirmative.-The committee therefore rose and reported progress.

Mr. Livermore gave notice, that he should move for leave to bring in a bill to alter the time of the annual meeting of Congress.

The house then went into committee on the bill declaring the time when the electors of prefident and Vice-President of the United States shall be chosen; also when they shall meet and give in their votes.

Mr. Boudinot in the chair.

Some time was spent in discussing the first section of this bill; but the committee rose without coming to any decision.

Mr. Ames' motion respecting further compenfation to the commissioners of loans, for extra fervices, was referred, on motion of that gentleman, to the Secretary of the Treasury.

On motion of Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Bourne was added to the committee on the navigation act. Adjourned.

FRIDAY, Jan. 14.

Sundry petitions were read and referred. A memorial of Andrew Brown was read, pur porting that he intends publishing a correct edition of the Laws and Resolutions of the Legislature of the United States, beginning with the of Messis. Brown and Francis.

nance of Congress to the publication.

Mr. White, of the committee appointed for the purpose, reported a bill for establishing a landoffice for the fale of the unappropriated lands in the Western Territory-read the first and second time, and referred to a committee of the whole house on Thursday next.

Ordered, That 100 copies be printed.

Mr. Fitzsimons, of the committee to which was referred the petition of fundry officers of the navy, brought in a report, which was-That the prayer of faid petition cannot be granted, and that the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition. This report was accepted by the house.

Mr. Sedgwick's motion for appointing a com-

mittee to bring in a bill providing for the payment of the debt due to foreign officers, was taken up, and referred to a committee, confisting of Messrs. Sedgwick, Benson and Seney.

Mr. Madison laid before the house a memorial and three resolutions of the legislature of the State of Virginia, on the subject of the funding law, which were read and laid in the table.

In committee of the whole on the bill determining the time when the Electors of Prefident and Vice-Prefident shall be chosen-and when they shall meet and give in their votes.

The committee finished the discussion of this bill and agreed to fundry amendments, which were reported to the house—the house took the fame into confideration, and adopted them with fome additional amendments; it was then ordered that the bill should lie on the table till Adjourned till Monday. Monday.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

A motion lately made in the National Affembly, that the French flag should display the national colours, occasioned a warm debate; in which M. Mirabeau distinguished himself, by his usual eloquence and address—so that the motion was carried, notwithstanding the opposition, from the aristocracy, was more open and bold than usual.

M. Mirabeau concluded his speech with adding to the original motion, for displaying the national colours on the French flag, a further clause directing that instead of the usual shout of Vive le Roi, on board the ships every morning and even-ing, and on all important occasions, it shall henceforward be "VIVE LA NATION, LA LOI ET LE ROI."—This motion, as thus enlarged, was adopted, after a clamorous and diforderly debate.

The three colours of liberty having been ordered to decorate the naval flag of France, a motion for the like change in the colours of the army, was agreed to without debate. The national colours are to be made of French manufactures.

A plan of national education has been reported to the National Assembly, by three eminent

M1. Barnave, on the 25th Oct. was elected Prefident of the National Asiembly.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.

Capt. Higginson arrived at Boston the 4th inst. from Milford-Haven, (England,) which he left the 21 st November: He saw a London paper of 13th Nov. which contained the articles of the Convention, for a reconciliation between Spain and England, signed by Count Florida Blanca, and Mr. Fitzherbert.

The legislature of the state of Georgia have passed fundry resolves on the Treaty formed by the United States with the Creek-Indians :

The first resolve recognizes the legality of the treaty-and fays it ought to be preserved inviolate, and the house engages to support the faith of the United States pledged thereby.

The fecond resolve censures the treaty, as making too great concessions to the Indians.

The third refolve fays, the third article of the treaty is particularly liable to censure, as it renders the restoration of the property, carried off by the Indians, precarious, and subjects the prifoners in their hands to a ten months longer continuance of their captivity.

The fourth refolve censures the treaty, as relinquishing to the Indians, certain districts, sold and ceded by them to the inhabitants of Georgia.

The fifth resolve censures the fifth article, as liable to a construction unfavorable to the fovereignty of Georgia over, and pre-emption to, the lands allotted to the Indians.

The fixth resolve, censures the seventh article as not being founded on a principle of reciprocity, and equality-admitting the Indians to hunt on the lands of the white people, while it restrains the latter from hunting on the Creek lands!

The governor of Georgia, in confequence of fome murders and depredations recently committed by the Creek Indians, has issued a proclamation forbidding the Indians to come armed within the territories of that state, until the pleasure of the President of the United States is known, respecting those ravages.

THE PRESIDENT-a new Ship, of 1000 tons, was lately launched at Providence; the property

The tranquility of the United States-the equal rights of the several states-the apportioning of the public burthens-and protecting the agricultural states from the unjust impositions of the commercial, are inseparably connected with the exercise on the part of the general government of the power of laying and collecting an excise, in some such form as that proposed by the bill now pending before the House of Representatives of the United States.

It is to be remarked, that the objections generally urged against an excise, do not apply to the above bill-nor have fuch been offered by its oppofers. A peal has however been rung upon the word-and it is very humorous to observe what a climax may be founded upon a string of terms, without any meaning, in respect to the subject under debate.

Six per cents were at 17/. at Boston the 6th instant, pr. price current.

Amount of TONNAGE employed in the Trade of the United States, from 1st October 1789, to 30th September 1790.

		1 ons.	
	New-Hampshire,	13,519	
	Massachusetts,	177,022	
	Rhode-Island,*	9,525	54-25
	Connecticut,	30,616	79-95
	New-York,	48,274	1-4
	New-Jerfey,	5,514	1-2
	Pennsylvania,	56,997	5-12
	Delaware,	4,141	3-4
	Maryland,		78-95
	Virginia,	43,528	65-95
	North Carolina, + -	29,942	45-95
*	South Carolina, ‡	17,379	69-95
	Georgia,	10,634	33-95
		,034	03 95
	American,	502,526	40-95
	Foreign Tonnage,	262,913	57-95
		312	1-2
	United States and other Foreign,	312	
	and other loreign,	330	2-3

Total,
DOLLARS, 165,465 932 CENTS. 766,091 16-95

The returns from this State commenced 21 June, 1790

+ From North Carolina, 11th March, 1790. ‡ Returns from S. Carolina for three quarters only received.

ON the first Friday of this month, the AMERICAN PHILO-SOPHICAL Society met, and agreeable to the fundamental regula-tions respecting the election of their officers, chosethe following: President. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, L. L. D.

Hon. Thomas Jefferson,*
Rev. Dr. John Ewing,
Rev. Dr. William Smith. Vice-Presidents, Dr. James Hutchinfon, Mr. Robert Patterson, Secretaries. Mr. Jonathan Williams, Dr. Samuel Magaw. Dr. Benjamin S. Barton, Dr. Samuel Duffield, Curators. Mr. Charles W. Peale. Treasurer. Mr. John Vaughan. Dr. Adam Kuhn, Counsellors to hold their office for three years. Mr. Jared Ingerfoll, Mr. Andrew Ellicott, Dr. Samuel P. Griffiths.

Dr. Nicholas Collin, in the place of the Rev. Dr. Duffield, deceafed. The Counsellors, whose period of office hath not yet expired, are the following, Hon. Thomas McKean, Dr. Blackwell, Mestra William Barton, Isaac Gray, Charles Petitt, Dr. Benjamin Rush, and Dr. John Jones.

Extract from the Minutes.

SAMUEL MAGAW, Secretary.

* Secretary of State.

BANK OF NORTH-AMERICA.

PHILADELPHIA, January 1, 1791. BANK Accounts are now kept in DOLLARS and CENTS.
All perfons transacting business at BANK, are requested to
draw their CHECKS in the following way.

1-16 of DOLLAR 6 1-2 1 - 8 Do. 12 1-2 Do. 25 Do. 1 - 2 PISTAREEN PISTAREEN 20

PRICE CURRENT .- PUBLIC SECURITIES.

16/6. 17/f. pr. £. 8/6.—8/9. 6 pr. Cents 3 pr. Cents 8/6.
Defered 6 pr. Cents 8/9. do. UNFUNDED DEBT

Final Settl. and other Certificates 15f. 15f6. 763 Indents 856.—859. N. and S. Carolina, debts, 115. 8/6.-8/9.